



General Assembly

Distr.: Limited
3 July 2024

Original: English

Human Rights Council

Fifty-sixth session

18 June–12 July 2024

Agenda item 3

Promotion and protection of all human rights, civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights, including the right to development

Albania, Armenia,* Belgium, Bolivia (Plurinational State of),* Bulgaria, Chile, Colombia,* Croatia,* Cyprus,* Denmark,* Ecuador,* Estonia,* Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece,* Ireland,* Israel,* Italy,* Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia,* Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta,* Marshall Islands,* Mexico,* Monaco,* Montenegro, Morocco, Poland,* Portugal,* Romania, San Marino,* Slovakia,* Slovenia,* Sweden,* Switzerland,* Thailand* and United States of America: draft resolution

56/... Technology-facilitated gender-based violence

The Human Rights Council,

Guided by the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations and the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,

Reaffirming the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women, the Convention on the Rights of the Child, the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination and other relevant international and regional human rights instruments,

Reaffirming also the Declaration on the Elimination of Violence against Women, the Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action, the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action, the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the outcome documents of their review conferences,

Recalling all relevant Human Rights Council and General Assembly resolutions on accelerating efforts to eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls, and relevant agreed conclusions of the Commission on the Status of Women, in which, inter alia, the Commission affirmed that, to achieve gender equality, all forms of violence against all women and girls must be prevented, condemned and eliminated and that equal access to justice for women and girls and accountability for violations of their human rights must be ensured,

Recalling also all other relevant Human Rights Council resolutions, including resolutions 38/5 of 5 July 2018 on preventing and responding to violence against women and girls in digital contexts, 44/15 of 17 July 2020 on business and human rights, 50/15 of 8 July 2022 on freedom of opinion and expression, 51/10 of 6 October 2022 on countering

* State not a member of the Human Rights Council.



cyberbullying, 53/29 of 14 July 2023 on new and emerging digital technologies and human rights, 54/21 of 12 October 2023 on the right to privacy in the digital age and 55/10 of 3 April 2024 on the role of States in countering the negative impact of disinformation on the enjoyment and realization of human rights,

Recalling further the commitment to eliminate all forms of violence and discrimination against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, occurring online and offline through or amplified by the use of digital technologies, including artificial intelligence, including but not limited to sexual and gender-based violence, abuse and sexual harassment, cyberbullying and cyberstalking, the non-consensual sharing or dissemination of intimate content, whether real or simulated, harmful practices, and all forms of trafficking in persons and sexual and other types of exploitation, the commitment to reduce inequalities and the commitment to leave no one behind, as contained in the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and the Sustainable Development Goals,

1. *Requests* the Human Rights Council Advisory Committee to prepare a study on technology-facilitated gender-based violence and its impact on women and girls, including by developing a better understanding of the issue, highlighting good practices around the globe in tackling gender-based violence that occurs through or is amplified by the use of technology, and making recommendations on how to address the issue, and to present the study to the Human Rights Council at its sixty-third session;

2. *Also requests* the Advisory Committee to work in close collaboration with relevant stakeholders, to seek the views of and inputs from and to take into account relevant work already done by stakeholders, including States, United Nations agencies, entities, funds and programmes within their respective mandates, international and regional organizations, the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights, the special procedures of the Human Rights Council, the treaty bodies, national human rights institutions, survivors and survivor-centred organizations, civil society, including women's rights and youth organizations, the private sector, academic institutions, multi-stakeholder initiatives and other relevant stakeholders, when preparing the above-mentioned study.
