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### Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice

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Item 9 (b) of the provisional agenda\*

#### **Strategic management and programme questions: programme questions**

### **Proposed programme budget for the biennium 2006-2007**

#### **Note by the Secretary-General**

1. Programme 13, International drug control, crime prevention and criminal justice, of the biennial programme plan and priorities for the period 2006-2007<sup>1</sup> falls under the responsibility of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC).

2. The biennial programme plan and priorities for programme 13 for the period 2006-2007, containing the strategy, objectives, expected accomplishments and indicators of achievement of the programme, was adopted by the General Assembly in its resolution 59/275 of 23 December 2004 and forms the basis for the preparation of the programme of work of the proposed programme budget for the biennium 2006-2007. The plan as adopted by the Assembly incorporates recommendations of the Committee for Programme and Coordination made subsequent to submission of the plan to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs at its forty-seventh session in a note by the Secretary-General of 10 March 2005 (E/CN.7/2004/12-E/CN.15/2004/13).

3. The draft programme of work of programme 13 contained in the annex to the present document has taken into account the mandate provided by:

(a) The international drug control conventions, namely, the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1954 as amended by the 1972 Protocol,<sup>2</sup> the Convention on Psychotropic Substances of 1971,<sup>3</sup> and the United Nations Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances of 1988;<sup>4</sup> the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime

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\* E/CN.15/2005/1.



(General Assembly resolution 55/25, annex I) and the Protocols thereto; the United Nations Convention against Corruption (resolution 58/4, annex); and the universal legal instruments against terrorism in all its forms and manifestations;

(b) The United Nations Millennium Declaration (resolution 55/2);

(c) Key resolutions of legislative organs, in particular General Assembly resolution 46/152 of 18 December 1991, on the creation of an effective United Nations crime prevention and criminal justice programme, resolution 45/179 of 21 December 1990, on enhancement of the United Nations structure for drug abuse control, and section XVI, "Section 22. International drug control", of resolution 46/185 C of 20 December 1991, and resolution 57/173 of 18 December 2002, on strengthening the United Nations Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice Programme, in particular its technical cooperation capacity;

(d) The twentieth special session of the General Assembly, devoted to countering the world drug problem;

(e) The Vienna Declaration on Crime and Justice: Meeting the Challenges of the Twenty-first Century, adopted by the Tenth United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders (resolution 55/59, annex) and the related plans of action for the implementation of the Vienna Declaration (resolution 56/261, annex);

(f) Security Council resolutions 1373 (2001) of 28 September 2001, 1377 (2001) of 12 November 2001 and 1456 (2003) of 20 January 2003, on measures to combat terrorism and declarations on global efforts to do so.

4. The main objective of the programme budget for the biennium 2006-2007 is to rationalize and streamline the work of UNODC and to ensure that resources and activities are in line with the goals articulated in the United Nations Millennium Declaration and in the biennial programme plan and priorities for the period 2006-2007. Throughout the biennium 2004-2005, UNODC has repositioned itself to conform to that strategic vision, building on an action plan conceived during the previous biennium to improve: (a) governance; (b) funding; (c) operations; (d) staff-management relations; and (e) communication. The restructuring process, begun in 2002, has concentrated on integrating issues of illicit drugs, crime and terrorism into the global agenda for peace, security and development: (a) by advocating a United Nations system-wide response to organized crime and corruption; (b) by addressing the issue of HIV/AIDS in the contexts of drug abuse, trafficking in persons and prison populations; (c) by integrating issues of illicit drugs and crime into technical assistance programmes; and (d) by working more closely with the private sector. The restructuring of UNODC, formally concluded in March 2004, as reflected in the Secretary-General's bulletin of 15 March 2004, "Organization of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime" (ST/SGB/2004/6), fully integrated the former Centre for International Crime Prevention and the United Nations International Drug Control Programme into a single organizational entity and constituted a milestone in the process to align the management structure of the new Office with strategic vision. It is in this context that programme 13 of the biennial programme plan and priorities for the period 2006-2007 has consolidated the previously separate crime prevention and criminal justice programme and the international drug control programme into a single programme. The programme budget proposal for the

biennium 2006-2007 has aligned programme of work and resource requirements to reflecting those changes.

5. The three pillars of the UNODC work programme are: (a) research, analysis and advocacy to increase knowledge and understanding of issues of illicit drugs, crime and terrorism and to expand the evidence base for making policy and operational decisions; (b) normative work to assist States in the ratification and implementation of international treaties, the development of domestic legislation on drugs, crime and terrorism in all its forms and manifestations and the provision of secretariat and substantive services to the relevant treaty-based and governing bodies; and (c) field-based technical cooperation projects to enhance the capacity of Member States to counteract illicit drugs, crime and terrorism by provision of technical assistance and advice.

6. The draft programme of work before the Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice at its fourteenth session will be incorporated into the proposed programme budget for the biennium 2006-2007 to be submitted to the General Assembly for approval at its sixtieth session (see annex).

#### *Notes*

<sup>1</sup> *Official Records of the General Assembly, Fifty-ninth Session, Supplement No. 6 (A/59/6/Rev.1).*

<sup>2</sup> United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 976, No. 14152.

<sup>3</sup> United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 1019, No. 14956.

<sup>4</sup> United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 1582, No. 27627.

## Annex

### Draft programme of work for the biennium 2006-2007

Further to the biennial programme plan and priorities for programme 13, International drug control, crime prevention and criminal justice, for the period 2006-2007, adopted by the General Assembly in its resolution 59/275 of 23 December 2004, the following would be included in the proposed programme budget for the biennium 2006-2007 (see A/60/6 (Sect. 16), paras. 16.35, 16.40 and 16.45):

#### Subprogramme 1 Research, analysis and advocacy

##### Outputs

- 16.35 During the biennium, the following outputs will be delivered:
- (a) Servicing of intergovernmental and expert bodies (regular budget): ad hoc expert groups: annual meetings of the standing panel on the international quality assurance programme to analyse and evaluate the outcome of the two rounds per year of the international collaborative exercises (2); expert group meeting for the revision of the questionnaire of the United Nations survey on crime trends and the operations of criminal justice systems (1); expert group meeting related to drug/precursor analysis and scientific support in drug control (1);
  - (b) Other substantive activities (regular budget and extrabudgetary):
    - (i) Recurrent publications: *Bulletin on Narcotics* (biannual) (4); *Forum on Crime and Society* (biannual) (4); manuals/guidelines on procedural approaches and analytical methods for identification and analysis of controlled substances and practical laboratory procedures and best practices (5); catalogue of promotional videos (1); updated directory of non-governmental organizations active in drug control (1); revised manuals/guidelines on methods for the identification and analysis of controlled drugs (2); revised Multilingual Dictionary/Addendum to cover newly scheduled substances (1); *UNODC Newsletter* (quarterly) (8); *World Crime Report*, based on the analytical results of the periodic United Nations surveys of crime trends and operations of criminal justice systems and other data and information (1); *World Drug Report* (2);
    - (ii) Booklets, fact sheets, wall charts, information kits: booklets, public awareness television and radio spots and other promotional material; implementation of national monitoring systems and publication of illicit crop monitoring surveys; photographs;
    - (iii) Special events: annual United Nations Vienna Civil Society Award (2); observance of the International Day against Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking (2); development of new resource mobilization initiatives and

- fund-raising through servicing of meetings with donors; two conferences for parliamentarians on major drug control issues (2);
- (iv) Technical material: design, maintenance and improvement of the UNODC website; provision of reference samples to national drug testing laboratories; provision of drug and precursor testing kits to national competent authorities; scientific and technical notes; selected bibliographies and articles on the identification and analysis of controlled drugs, chemicals and precursors; summary reports of the results of the international collaborative exercises (including individual laboratory evaluations); training modules on drug/precursor analysis and scientific support in drug control;
  - (v) Audio-visual resources: issuance of promotional videos; maintenance and enhancement of photographic, slide and film/video lending library;
  - (vi) Substantive servicing of inter-agency meetings: inter-agency coordination and liaison through participation in meetings of the CEB, the High-Level Committee on Programmes, inter-agency meetings within the United Nations system and the coordination of inter-agency network on drugs and crime;
- (c) Technical cooperation (regular budget and extrabudgetary):
- (i) Advisory services: provision of high-quality scientific support, information and advice to governments, national and international organizations and institutions on a wide range of scientific and technical issues related to drug matters;
  - (ii) Training courses, seminars and workshops: regional and subregional workshops or meetings of heads of drug testing laboratories, law enforcement officers and judicial authorities to promote collaboration between laboratory services and agencies involved in drug control;
  - (iii) Fellowships and grants: training of 30 scientists and heads of national drug testing laboratories;
  - (iv) Field projects: national and regional projects related to strengthening and/or establishing national drug testing laboratories.

## **Subprogramme 2**

### **Services for policymaking and treaty adherence**

#### **Outputs**

- 16.40 During the biennium, the following outputs will be delivered:
- (a) Servicing of intergovernmental and expert bodies (regular budget):
    - (i) General Assembly:
      - a. Substantive servicing of meetings: the Third Committee (12); the Second Committee for matters relating to corruption (2); the Sixth Committee for matters relating to terrorism (2);

- b. Parliamentary documentation: contribution to the annual report on measures to eliminate international terrorism (2); contribution to the annual report on the implementation of the recommendations of the Policy Working Group on terrorism (2); reports on international cooperation against the world drug problem (2); quinquennial evaluation of the implementation of the outcome of the twentieth special session of the General Assembly devoted to countering the world drug problem together (1); preventing and combating corrupt practices and transfer of funds of illicit origin and returning such funds to the countries of origin (2); the African Institute for Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice (2); specific issues pertaining to technical assistance for combating terrorism (2); the work of the Conference of the States Parties to the United Nations Convention against Corruption (2); the work of the Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime (1); strengthening the United Nations Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice Programme, in particular its technical cooperation capacity (2);
- (ii) Economic and Social Council:
    - a. Substantive servicing of meetings of the Economic and Social Council (12);
    - b. Parliamentary documentation: annual report of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs (2); annual report of the International Narcotics Control Board (2); annual report on the work of the Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice (2);
- (iii) Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice:
    - a. Substantive servicing of meetings: meetings of the Commission (32); parallel meetings of the Committee of the Whole (24); intersessional meetings of the Bureau and consultations with permanent missions (10);
    - b. Parliamentary documentation: reports on: information-gathering instruments on selected categories of standards and norms in crime prevention and criminal justice (8); combating the spread of HIV/AIDS in criminal justice pre-trial and correctional facilities (1); the results of the study on fraud and the criminal misuse and falsification of identity (1); the activities of the institutes comprising the United Nations Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice Programme network (1); the results of the meeting of the intergovernmental expert group to develop guidelines on justice for child victims and witnesses to crime (1); specific issues pertaining to technical assistance for combating terrorism (2); the use and application of United Nations standards and norms in crime prevention and criminal justice (2); the rule of law and development: strengthening the rule of law and the reform of criminal justice institutions, with emphasis on technical assistance, including in post-conflict reconstruction (1); strengthening

international cooperation and technical assistance in preventing and combating terrorism (2);

- (iv) Commission on Narcotic Drugs:
- a. Substantive servicing of meetings: meetings of the Committee of the Whole (16); plenary meetings (32); plenary meetings and working group sessions of subsidiary bodies of the Commission (80); plenary meetings in the reconvened session of the Commission (4); intersessional meetings of the Bureau of the Commission and consultations with permanent missions (10);
  - b. Parliamentary documentation: annual report of the Executive Director on the activities of the Office (2); annual reports on the meetings of the five subsidiary bodies of the Commission (2); biennial report on progress achieved by governments in meeting the goals and targets for the year 2008 set out in the Political Declaration adopted by the General Assembly at its twentieth special session (1); final report on the implementation of the action plans and measures adopted by the General Assembly at its twentieth special session (1); report on each action plan and set of measures adopted by Governments on the follow-up to the special session (6); annual report on changes in the scope of control of substances (2); report on the International Narcotics Control Board elections to be held in 2006 (1); report on precursors and chemicals frequently used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances (2);
- (v) International Narcotics Control Board:
- a. Substantive servicing of meetings: International Narcotics Control Board and its Standing Committee on Estimates (120);
  - b. Parliamentary documentation: reports and documentation on the functioning of the international control over the licit supply of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances and on the monitoring of precursors, including the estimates system for narcotic drugs and the assessment system (12); reports on intersessional developments, Board missions and special studies (4); technical reports on narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances and precursors and supplements, such as estimates of narcotic drugs, as well as any other reports the Board may decide to publish (6); reports on analysis of data to identify new developments in illicit drug manufacture and evaluation of chemicals (precursors) (2); reports on articles 14, 19 and 22 of the 1961, 1971 and 1988 Conventions, respectively (2); reports on evaluation of follow-up actions by Governments to Board missions (2); reports on progress made by Governments to reduce drug abuse and illicit drug trafficking (2); reports on whether to initiate amendments to tables I and II of the 1988 Convention (2);
  - c. Ad hoc expert groups: ad hoc expert group meetings to advise the Board on matters concerning implementation of article 12 of the

- 1988 Convention as it relates to precursor control (2); ad hoc expert group meetings to assist the Board in the examination of matters related to the implementation of international drug control treaties (2);
- (vi) Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime and the Protocols thereto:
- a. Substantive servicing of meetings: Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime (1 session of 2 weeks' duration) (20);
  - b. Parliamentary documentation: report transmitting the questionnaire to collect information on issues related to the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime and its three Protocols (4); report on the work of the Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime (1); reports on selected issues on the implementation of the Organized Crime Convention and its three Protocols for the Conference of the Parties (4);
- (vii) Ad Hoc Committee on the Negotiation of a Convention against Corruption:
- a. Substantive servicing of meetings: Ad Hoc Committee on the Negotiation of a Convention against Corruption (one session of three days) (6);
  - b. Parliamentary documentation: draft text of rules of procedure and other rules and mechanisms according to the Convention against Corruption (1); report of the Ad Hoc Committee on the Negotiation of a Convention against Corruption (1);
- (viii) Conference of the States Parties to the United Nations Convention against Corruption:
- a. Substantive servicing of meetings: Conference of the States Parties to the United Nations Convention against Corruption (two sessions of two weeks) (40);
  - b. Parliamentary documentation: draft rules of procedure of the Conference of the States Parties to the Convention against Corruption (1); reports to the Conference of the States Parties to the Convention against Corruption on selected issues of implementation of the Convention against Corruption (4); report on the work of the Conference of the States Parties to the Convention against Corruption (annual) (2);
- (ix) Other services provided:
- a. Substantive services to intergovernmental organizations and other regional or international organizations with a drug control mandate, such as Interpol, the Council of Europe (Pompidou Group), the Organization of American States (Inter-American Drug Abuse Control Commission) or the European Police Office (6); providing



- substantive services to the Steering Committee of Operation Purple, Operation Topaz and the Project Prism Task Force, all of which are intensive international tracking programmes for chemicals used in the manufacture of illicit drugs (10);
- b. Quarterly update on Operation Purple (an international initiative aimed at preventing the diversion of potassium permanganate, the key chemical used in the illicit manufacture of cocaine) (8); quarterly updates on Operation Topaz, an international tracking initiative aimed at preventing the diversion of acetic anhydride, the key chemical used in the illicit manufacture of heroin (8); questionnaire to collect information on issues related to the Convention against Corruption (4); reports for Project Prism Task Force, an international initiative to prevent the diversion of chemicals used for the illicit manufacture of amphetamine-type stimulants (8);
  - c. Ad hoc expert groups: on revision of the biennial report questionnaire (1); on best practices in implementing specific provisions of the universal legal instruments against terrorism (1); on criminal justice reform (1); on improving judicial cooperation in the implementation of the international drug control and crime conventions (1); on technical issues of common concern regarding international judicial cooperation in combating terrorism (1); on the legal aspects of special investigative techniques in the implementation of the international drug control conventions (1); intergovernmental expert group meeting to design information-gathering systems on certain categories of United Nations standards and norms in crime prevention and criminal justice (2); intergovernmental expert group meeting to develop guidelines on justice in matters involving child victims and witnesses of crime (1); intergovernmental expert group to prepare a study on fraud and the criminal misuse and falsification of identity (1); regional expert group meetings on technical issues of common regional concern on the implementation of the United Nations Convention against Corruption (3); regional expert group meetings on technical issues of common regional concern on the implementation of the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime and its three Protocols (2); regional expert group for the computer and telecommunication system for national and international drug control (4);
- (b) Other substantive activities (regular budget):
- (i) Recurrent publications: ad hoc publications prepared pursuant to requests by the International Narcotics Control Board (1); laws and regulations adopted by States parties to the drug control conventions to implement those conventions (120); *Narcotic Drugs: Estimated World Requirements and Statistics* (2); quarterly update of assessments of medical and scientific requirements for substances included in schedules II, III and IV (8); report of the International Narcotics Control Board on the implementation of article 12 of the 1988 Convention (2); supplement to

*Narcotic Drugs: Estimated World Requirements and Statistics* (8); reports of the International Narcotics Control Board in accordance with article 15 of the 1961 Convention and article 18 of the 1971 Convention (2); quarterly issues of the directory of competent national authorities under articles 6, 7 and 17 of the 1988 Convention (8); directories of competent national authorities under the international drug control treaties (2); directories on manufacturers of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances and their precursors under the international drug control treaties (2); legislative index of national laws and regulations promulgated to give effect to international drug control treaties (2); psychotropic substances statistics (assessments of medical and scientific requirements for substances in schedule II, requirements for import authorizations for substances in schedules III and IV) (2);

- (ii) Non-recurrent publications: booklet containing the text of the United Nations Convention against Corruption (1); brochure on combating corruption (1); brochure on combating illegal trafficking in firearms (1); brochure on combating trafficking in human beings and smuggling of migrants (1); brochure on combating transnational organized crime (1); brochure on crime prevention and criminal justice (1); brochure on the Commission on Narcotic Drugs (1); brochures on action against international terrorism (1); curriculum on the training of judges and prosecutors in countering terrorism (1); legislative guide for the implementation of the United Nations Convention against Corruption (1); legislative guide for the implementation of the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime and its three Protocols (1); official records of the elaboration of the United Nations Convention against Corruption (*travaux préparatoires*) (1); revised guide on the legislative incorporation and implementation of the provisions of the universal instruments against terrorism (1); rules of procedure of the Conference of the States Parties to the United Nations Convention against Corruption (1); rules of procedure of the Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime and its three Protocols (1); training manual for capacity-building in countering terrorism (1); two technical manuals on specific provisions of the United Nations Convention against Corruption (2); two technical manuals on specific provisions of the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime and its three Protocols (2); official records of the elaboration of the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime and the Protocols thereto (*travaux préparatoires*) (1);
- (iii) Press releases, press conferences: liaison maintained with United Nations information centres, participation in press conferences, responses to requests from the media, contribution to speeches and interventions of members of the Board at international meetings, including those of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs and the Economic and Social Council; wide dissemination of the findings and reports of the International Narcotics Control Board to decision makers and the general public;
- (iv) Technical materials:

- a. Annual update of the list of narcotic drugs under international control (“yellow list”);
- b. Annual update of the list of psychotropic substances under international control (“green list”);
- c. Annual updates of the list of substances frequently used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances under international control (“red list”);
- d. Annual update of training materials on the control of narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances and precursors;
- e. Biannual updates of the table reflecting countries’ requirements of import authorizations for psychotropic substances in schedules III and IV of the 1971 Convention;
- f. Annual updates of form D used by Governments to furnish data required under article 12 of the 1988 Convention and related resolutions of the Economic and Social Council;
- g. Annual updates of forms A, B and C for use by Governments to furnish the Board with the statistical data and estimates required under the 1961 Convention;
- h. Annual updates of forms P, A/P and B/P for use by Governments to furnish the data required under the 1971 Convention and related resolution of the Economic and Social Council;
- i. Four updates of the information package relevant to the control of precursors and chemicals frequently used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances;
- j. Update of two limited international special surveillance lists of chemicals frequently used in illicit drug manufacture;
- k. Development and maintenance of databases on national legislation pertaining to counter-terrorism;
- l. Development and maintenance of databases on national legislation pertaining to drug control and crime;
- m. Development of an assessment tool for criminal justice reform, including in the framework of peacekeeping and post-conflict reconstruction;
- n. Handbook for use by competent authorities on proven and promising practices in the fight against kidnapping;
- o. Maintenance and development of two comprehensive databases on licit activities related to narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances and precursors;
- p. Setting up and maintaining a secure website for competent authorities for judicial cooperation, under the international drug and crime treaties, to access information on other competent authorities;
- q. Study on trafficking in human organs;

- (v) Promotion of legal instruments:
  - a. Issuance of approximately 35 notes verbales as notifications under the drug control treaties;
  - b. Provision of legal and other related advisory services for the ratification and implementation of international legal instruments relating to the prevention and suppression of international terrorism;
  - c. Proposals on additional or alternative measures relating to treaty compliance to governments, the Board and the Commission;
  - d. Provision of legal information and advice to States on becoming parties to the conventions and towards their full implementation;
  - e. Data and analyses of information to establish and maintain a special international surveillance list of non-scheduled chemicals to prevent their use by traffickers;
  - f. Data and analyses of information on the licit manufacture, trade and use patterns of precursors to facilitate identification of suspicious transactions and development and maintenance database;
  - g. Data and analyses of information on relevant indicators to assist Governments to better evaluate their needs for narcotic drugs;
  - h. Studies and analyses of data to identify new developments in and comparative analyses on the licit supply of and demand for narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances, such as amphetamine-type stimulants;
  - i. Studies on the availability of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances for medical needs;
- (vi) Substantive servicing of inter-agency meetings: inter-agency coordination and liaison through participation in relevant coordination meetings of the specialized agencies of the United Nations system, the World Bank and the network of crime prevention and criminal justice institutes; participation in the governance structure of the United Nations Global Compact and in the inter-agency meetings of the Global Compact; participation in meetings on improving judicial cooperation with the Commonwealth Secretariat, the International Maritime Organization, Eurojust, the European Judicial Network, the Council of Europe and the International Criminal Court;
- (c) Technical cooperation (regular budget and extrabudgetary):
  - (i) Advisory services: legal advice and services relating to memorandums of understanding, contracts and working arrangements with the partners of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime inside and outside the United Nations system; provision of advisory services to countries on accession to and implementation of the United Nations Convention against Corruption; provision of advisory services to countries on accession to and implementation of the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime and its three Protocols; provision

of advisory services to countries on combating trafficking in human beings, organized crime and corruption and on promoting criminal justice reform, including juvenile justice and prison reform; provision of advisory services to countries on ratification and implementation of the international legal instruments relating to the prevention and suppression of international terrorism; provision of advisory services, in cooperation with the Department of Peacekeeping Operations of the Secretariat, to peacekeeping missions on practical strategies to assist in promoting the rule of law, especially in countries emerging from conflict; provision of legal advice and services to the Office for the conclusion of subregional cooperation agreements, the financing of activities, the establishment of field offices, the modalities of project execution and the review of contracts;

- (ii) Training courses, seminars and workshops: an estimated 20 national, subregional or regional training courses, seminars and workshops on the implementation of the international drug control conventions; national and subregional training workshops on selected technical issues in combating terrorism; organization and participation in international training activities, workshops and consultations for national drug control administrators; training courses, seminars and workshops on selected topics in crime prevention and criminal justice, especially transnational organized crime, trafficking in human beings and smuggling of migrants, corruption, international terrorism and criminal justice reform;
- (iii) Field projects: national projects to support combating terrorism through building expertise, reinforcing institutional capacities and training of personnel; provision of legal advice and training on the implementation of the drug control conventions by legal advisers in the field (global project); rolling project on the ratification and implementation of the universal legal instruments against terrorism; projects at the national, regional and/or international levels to support the ratification of the United Nations Convention against Corruption.

### **Subprogramme 3**

#### **Technical assistance and advice**

#### **Outputs**

16.45 During the biennium, the following outputs will be delivered:

- (a) Servicing of intergovernmental and expert bodies (regular budget and extrabudgetary):
  - (i) Commission on Narcotic Drugs: parliamentary documentation: annual report on the follow-up of the Action Plan on International Cooperation on the Eradication of Illicit Drug Crops and on Alternative Development (2); annual report on the world situation with regard to drug abuse, based on responses to annual reports questionnaire and supplemental information provided by Governments (2); official report on world drug supply and trafficking situation (2); report on the Action Plan for the

- Implementation of the Declaration on the Guiding Principles of Drug Demand Reduction based on responses to the biennial questionnaire (1); report on regional trafficking trends in the Near and Middle East/South-West and Central Asia (2); report on regional drug trafficking trends in the American region (2); report on regional drug trafficking trends in Europe (1); report on regional drug trafficking trends in Asia and the Pacific (2); report on regional drug trafficking trends in Africa (2);
- (ii) Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice: parliamentary documentation: report on action to promote effective crime prevention (1); study on the extent of the phenomenon of trafficking in human organs (1); report on protection against trafficking in cultural property, including ways of making more effective the model treaty for the prevention of crimes that infringe on the cultural heritage of peoples in the form of movable property (1);
  - (iii) Ad hoc expert groups: to review the latest developments in alternative development as supply reduction strategy and to update the concept (1); to update and upgrade model legislation on money-laundering and include elements of counter-terrorist financing (1); drug abuse among young people: improving data collection (1); expert group meeting to submit relevant recommendations to the Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice on protection against trafficking in cultural property (1); effectiveness of treatment and rehabilitation for drug abusers (1); implementation of transnational organized crime special investigative techniques (1); expert group meeting on witness protection to draft guidelines for national competent authorities in witness protection (1); expert group meeting on best practices to combat trafficking in human beings and smuggling of migrants, with attention given to gender dimensions (1); expert group meeting on implementation of the Protocol against the Illicit Manufacturing of and Trafficking in Firearms, Their Parts and Components and Ammunition, supplementing the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime (1); lessons learned for criminal justice reform in transitional and post-conflict societies (1); preventing drug abuse and HIV/AIDS in prison-like settings: a review of the evidence (1); proceeds of crime in cash-based economies (1); sending the right message: using media for drug abuse prevention (1); strengthening judicial integrity 2006 (1); strengthening judicial integrity 2007 (1); sustainable livelihoods: a review of the experiences in regions of illicit cultivation (1);
- (b) Other substantive activities (regular budget and extrabudgetary):
- (i) Recurrent publications: newsletter on prevention among youth (4); biannual seizure reports (4);
  - (ii) Non-recurrent publications: *Anti-Corruption Toolkit*, 3rd edition (1); assessment and programme development tools for the rule of law (4); code of conduct for law enforcement officials (1); drug abuse among young people: improving data collection (1); effectiveness of treatment and rehabilitation for drug abusers (1); guide on strengthening judicial integrity and capacity (1); guide to best practices for criminal justice

reform in transitional and post-conflict societies (1); manual on combating illegal trafficking in firearms (1); manual on combating transnational organized crime (1); manual on the implementation of the Bangalore Principles of Judicial Cooperation (1); minimum standards for the treatment of offenders (1); preventing drug abuse and HIV/AIDS in prison-like settings: a review of the evidence (1); proceeds of crime in cash-based economies: manual on best practices for investigators and prosecutors (1); sending the right message: using media for drug abuse prevention (1); sustainable livelihoods: a review of the experiences in regions of illicit cultivation (1); *United Nations Compendium of International Legal Instruments against Corruption*, 2nd edition (1); *United Nations Handbook on Practical Anti-Corruption Measures for Prosecutors and Investigators* (1);

(iii) Technical material (regular budget and extrabudgetary):

- a. Best practices in countering kidnapping;
- b. Publication of studies and research on money-laundering;
- c. Maintenance and further enhancement of the international drug abuse assessment system database for analysis and dissemination on drug abuse and demand reduction to Governments, research organizations, other international agencies and the general public;
- d. Processing of annual reports questionnaires on illicit drug supply (part III) (220);

(iv) Substantive servicing of inter-agency meetings: four United Nations inter-agency anti-corruption coordination meetings;

(c) Technical cooperation:

- (i) Advisory services: provision of advisory services to Member States, on request, concerning the implementation of the Declaration on the Guiding Principles of Drug Demand Reduction; advisory services to Member States, on request, for the development of enhanced data-collection capacity in accordance with the 1998 Political Declaration; eight missions to assist Member States with technical advice on law enforcement; missions to assist Member States with technical advice on alternative development; missions to assist Member States with technical advice on drafting and implementing anti-money-laundering legislation; provision of advisory services to countries on combating trafficking in human beings, organized crime and corruption and on promoting criminal justice reform, including juvenile justice and prison reform; provision of advisory services to countries on the ratification and implementation of the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime and its three Protocols;
- (ii) Training courses, seminars and workshops: regional or subregional workshops or meetings of law enforcement, legal and/or financial sector personnel to promote best practices in anti-money-laundering; training courses, seminars and workshops on selected topics in crime prevention and criminal justice, especially transnational organized crime, trafficking

in human beings and smuggling of migrants, corruption, international terrorism and criminal justice reform;

- (iii) Field projects: projects at the national, regional and/or international levels to support combating corruption through building knowledge and expertise, reinforcing institutional capacities and training of personnel; projects at the national, regional and/or international levels to support combating trafficking in human beings and smuggling of migrants through building knowledge and expertise, reinforcing institutional capacities and training of personnel; projects at the national, regional and/or international levels to support drug control through building knowledge and expertise, reinforcing institutional capacities and training of personnel; projects at the national, regional and/or international levels to support the ratification and implementation of the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime and its three Protocols and combating transnational organized crime through building knowledge and expertise, reinforcing institutional capacities and training of personnel; and projects at the national, regional and/or international levels to address other specific issues in crime prevention and criminal justice.

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