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2315th MEETING: 15 DECEMBER 1981

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2315th MEETING

Held in New York on Tuesday, 15 December 1981, at 6.00 p.m.

President: Mr. Olara A. OTUNNU (Uganda).

Present: The representatives of the following States: China, France, German Democratic Republic, Ireland, Japan, Mexico, Niger, Panama, Philippines, Spain, Tunisia, Uganda, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America.

Provisional agenda (S/Agenda/2315)

1. Adoption of the agenda
2. The question of South Africa:
Letter dated 7 December 1981 from the Permanent Representative of Botswana to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/14787)

The meeting was called to order at 6.05 p.m.

Adoption of the agenda

The agenda was adopted.

The question of South Africa:

Letter dated 7 December 1981 from the Permanent Representative of Botswana to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/14787)

1. The PRESIDENT: As a result of consultations held among members of the Council, I have been authorized to make the following statement on behalf of the Council:

"The Security Council notes that on 4 December 1981, the South African régime proclaimed the Ciskei, an integral part of South African territory,

a so-called 'independent' State, in pursuance of its *apartheid* and bantustanization policy.

"The Council recalls its resolution 417 (1977), in which it demanded that the racist régime of South Africa should abolish the policy of bantustanization. It also recalls its resolutions 402 (1976) and 407 (1977), in which it endorsed General Assembly resolution 31/6 A of 26 October 1976 on this matter. The Council further takes note of General Assembly resolution 32/105 N of 14 December 1977 on the question of bantustans.

"The Council does not recognize the so-called 'independent homelands' in South Africa: it condemns the purported proclamation of the 'independence' of the Ciskei and declares it totally invalid. This action by the South African régime, following similar proclamations in the case of the Transkei, Bophuthatswana and Venda, denounced by the international community, is designed to divide and dispossess the African people and establish client States under its domination in order to perpetuate *apartheid*. It seeks to create a class of foreign people in their own country. It further aggravates the situation in the region and hinders international efforts for just and lasting solutions.

"The Council calls upon all Governments to deny any form of recognition to the so-called 'independent' bantustans, to refrain from any dealings with them, to reject travel documents issued by them, and urges Governments of Member States to take effective measures within their constitutional framework to discourage all individuals, corporations and other institutions under their jurisdiction from having any dealings with the so-called 'independent' bantustans."

The meeting rose at 6.10 p.m.

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