

**1995 Review and Extension Conference  
of the Parties to the Treaty on the  
Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons**

NPT/CONF.1995/28  
9 May 1995

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

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New York, 17 April-12 May 1995

RULES OF PROCEDURE

I. REPRESENTATION AND CREDENTIALS

Delegations of Parties to the Treaty

Rule 1

1. Each State Party to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (hereinafter "the Treaty") may be represented at the 1995 Review and Extension Conference of the Parties to the Treaty (hereinafter the "Conference"), the objectives of which are to review the operation of the Treaty and to decide on its extension, by a head of delegation and such other representatives, alternate representatives and advisers as may be required.

2. The head of delegation may designate an alternate representative or an adviser to act as a representative.

Credentials

Rule 2

The credentials of representatives and the names of alternate representatives and advisers shall be submitted to the Secretary-General of the Conference, if possible not less than one week before the date fixed for the opening of the Conference. Credentials shall be issued either by the head of the State or Government or by the Minister for Foreign Affairs.

Credentials Committee

Rule 3

The Conference shall establish a Credentials Committee composed of the Chairman and two Vice-Chairmen elected in accordance with rule 5, and six members appointed by the Conference on the proposal of the President. The Committee shall examine the credentials of representatives and report to the Conference without delay.

Provisional participation

Rule 4

Pending a decision of the Conference upon their credentials, representatives shall be entitled to participate provisionally in the Conference.

II. OFFICERS

Election

Rule 5

The Conference shall elect the following officers: a President and thirty-four Vice-Presidents, as well as a Chairman and two Vice-Chairmen for each of the three Main Committees, the Drafting Committee and the Credentials Committee. The officers shall be elected so as to ensure a representative distribution of posts.

Acting President

Rule 6

1. If the President is absent from a meeting or any part thereof, he shall designate a Vice-President to take his place.
2. A Vice-President acting as President shall have the same powers and duties as the President.

Voting rights of the President

Rule 7

The President, or a Vice-President acting as President, shall not vote, but shall appoint another member of his delegation to vote in his place.

III. GENERAL COMMITTEE

Composition

Rule 8

1. The General Committee shall be composed of the President of the Conference, who shall preside, the thirty-four Vice-Presidents, the Chairmen of the three Main Committees, the Chairman of the Drafting Committee and the Chairman of the Credentials Committee. No two members of the General Committee shall be members

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of the same delegation and it shall be so constituted as to ensure its representative character.

2. If the President is unable to attend a meeting of the General Committee, he may designate a Vice-President to preside at such meeting and a member of his delegation to take his place. If a Vice-President is unable to attend, he may designate a member of his delegation to take his place. If the Chairman of a Main Committee, the Drafting Committee or the Credentials Committee is unable to attend, he may designate one of the Vice-Chairmen to take his place, with the right to vote unless he is of the same delegation as another member of the General Committee.

#### Functions

##### Rule 9

The General Committee shall assist the President in the general conduct of the business of the Conference and, subject to the decisions of the Conference, shall ensure the coordination of its work.

#### IV. CONFERENCE SECRETARIAT

##### Duties of the Secretary-General of the Conference

##### Rule 10

1. There shall be a Secretary-General of the Conference. He shall act in that capacity in all meetings of the Conference, its committees and working groups, and may designate a member of the secretariat to act in his place at these meetings.

2. The Secretary-General of the Conference shall direct the staff required by the Conference.

##### Duties of the secretariat

##### Rule 11

The secretariat of the Conference shall, in accordance with these rules:

- (a) Interpret speeches made at meetings;
- (b) Receive, translate and circulate the documents of the Conference;
- (c) Publish and circulate any report of the Conference;
- (d) Make and arrange for the keeping of sound recordings and summary records of meetings;

(e) Arrange for the custody of documents of the Conference in the archives of the United Nations and provide authentic copies of these documents to each of the depository Governments; and

(f) Generally perform all other work that the Conference may require.

Costs

Rule 12\*

1. The costs of the Conference, including the sessions of the Preparatory Committee, will be met by the States Parties to the Treaty participating in the Conference in accordance with the schedule for the division of costs attached as appendix 1.

V. CONDUCT OF BUSINESS

Quorum

Rule 13

1. Except as provided in paragraph 2 below, a majority of the States Parties to the Treaty participating in the Conference shall constitute a quorum.
2. With respect to an article X.2 decision, a majority of the States Parties to the Treaty shall constitute a quorum.
3. To determine whether the Conference is quorate, any State Party may call for a roll call at any time.

General powers of the President

Rule 14

1. In addition to exercising the powers conferred upon him elsewhere by these rules, the President shall preside at the plenary meetings of the Conference; he shall declare the opening and closing of each meeting, direct the discussion, ensure observance of these rules, accord the right to speak, ascertain consensus, put questions to the vote and announce decisions. He shall rule on points of order. The President, subject to these rules, shall have complete control of the proceedings and over the maintenance of order thereat. The President may propose to the Conference the closure of the list of speakers, a limitation on the time to be allowed to speakers and on the number of times the representative of each State may speak on the question, the adjournment or the closure of the debate and the suspension or the adjournment of a meeting.

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\* It is understood that the financial arrangements provided by rule 12 do not constitute a precedent.

2. The President, in the exercise of his functions, remains under the authority of the Conference.

### Points of order

#### Rule 15

A representative may at any time raise a point of order, which shall be immediately decided by the President in accordance with these rules. A representative may appeal against the ruling of the President. The appeal shall be immediately put to the vote, and the President's ruling shall stand unless overruled by a majority of the representatives present and voting. A representative may not, in raising a point of order, speak on the substance of the matter under discussion.

### Speeches

#### Rule 16

1. No one may address the Conference without having previously obtained the permission of the President. Subject to rules 15, 17 and 19 to 22, the President shall call upon speakers in the order in which they signify their desire to speak.

2. Debate shall be confined to the subject under discussion and the President may call a speaker to order if his remarks are not relevant thereto.

3. The Conference may limit the time allowed to speakers and the number of times the representative of each State may speak on a question; permission to speak on a motion to set such limits shall be accorded only to two representatives in favour of and to two opposing such limits, after which the motion shall be immediately put to the vote. In any event, the President shall limit interventions on procedural questions to a maximum of five minutes. When the debate is limited and a speaker exceeds the allotted time, the President shall call him to order without delay.

### Precedence

#### Rule 17

The Chairman of a committee may be accorded precedence for the purpose of explaining the conclusion arrived at by his committee.

Closing of list of speakers

Rule 18

During the course of a debate the President may announce the list of speakers and, with the consent of the Conference, declare the list closed. When the debate on an item is concluded because there are no more speakers, the President shall declare the debate closed. Such closure shall have the same effect as closure pursuant to rule 22.

Right of reply

Rule 19

Notwithstanding rule 18, the President may accord the right of reply to a representative of any State participating in the Conference. Such statements shall be as brief as possible and shall, as a general rule, be delivered at the end of the last meeting of the day.

Suspension or adjournment of the meeting

Rule 20

A representative may at any time move the suspension or the adjournment of the meeting. No discussion on such motions shall be permitted and they shall, subject to rule 23, be immediately put to the vote.

Adjournment of debate

Rule 21

A representative may at any time move the adjournment of the debate on the question under discussion. Permission to speak on the motion shall be accorded only to two representatives in favour of and to two opposing the adjournment, after which the motion shall, subject to rule 23, be immediately put to the vote.

Closure of debate

Rule 22

A representative may at any time move the closure of the debate on the question under discussion, whether or not any other representative has signified his wish to speak. Permission to speak on the motion shall be accorded only to two representatives opposing the closure, after which the motion shall, subject to rule 23, be immediately put to the vote.

Order of motions

Rule 23

The motions indicated below shall have precedence in the following order over all proposals or other motions before the meeting:

- (a) To suspend the meeting;
- (b) To adjourn the meeting;
- (c) To adjourn the debate on the question under discussion;
- (d) To close the debate on the question under discussion.

Submission of proposals and substantive amendments

Rule 24

Proposals and substantive amendments shall normally be submitted in writing to the Secretary-General of the Conference, who shall circulate copies to all delegations. Unless the Conference decides otherwise, proposals and substantive amendments shall be discussed or decided on no earlier than twenty-four hours after copies have been circulated in all languages of the Conference to all delegations.

Withdrawal of proposals and motions

Rule 25

A proposal or a motion may be withdrawn by its sponsor at any time before a decision on it has been taken, provided that it has not been amended. A proposal or a motion thus withdrawn may be reintroduced by any representative.

Decision on competence

Rule 26

Any motion calling for a decision on the competence of the Conference to adopt a proposal submitted to it shall be decided upon before a decision is taken on the proposal in question.

Reconsideration of proposals

Rule 27

Proposals adopted by consensus and a decision taken in accordance with rule 28.3 may not be reconsidered unless the Conference reaches a consensus on

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such reconsideration. A proposal other than a proposal under rule 28.3 that has been adopted or rejected by a majority or two-thirds vote may be reconsidered if the Conference, by a two-thirds majority, so decides. Permission to speak on a motion to reconsider shall be accorded only to two speakers opposing the motion, after which it shall be immediately put to the vote.

## VI. VOTING AND ELECTIONS

### Adoption of decisions

#### Rule 28

The tasks of the Conference being to review, pursuant to paragraph 3 of article VIII of the Treaty, the operation of the Treaty with a view to ensuring that the purposes of the preamble and the provisions of the Treaty are being realized, and thus to strengthen its effectiveness, and to decide, in accordance with paragraph 2 of article X of the Treaty, whether the Treaty shall continue in force indefinitely, or shall be extended for an additional fixed period or periods, every effort should be made to reach agreement on substantive matters by means of consensus. There should be no voting on such matters until all efforts to achieve consensus have been exhausted.

#### 1. General

(a) Decisions on matters of procedure and in elections shall be taken by a majority of representatives present and voting.

(b) If the question arises whether a matter is one of procedure or of substance, the President of the Conference shall rule on the question. An appeal against this ruling shall immediately be put to the vote and the President's ruling shall stand unless the appeal is approved by a majority of the representatives present and voting.

(c) In cases where a vote is taken, the relevant rules of procedure relating to voting of the General Assembly of the United Nations shall apply, except as otherwise specifically provided herein.

#### 2. Review

(a) If, notwithstanding the best efforts of delegates to achieve a consensus, a matter of substance comes up for voting, the President shall defer the vote for forty-eight hours and during this period of deferment shall make every effort, with the assistance of the General Committee, to facilitate the achievement of general agreement, and shall report to the Conference prior to the end of the period.

(b) If by the end of the period of deferment the Conference has not reached agreement, voting shall take place and decisions shall be taken by a two-thirds majority of the representatives present and voting, providing that such majority shall include at least a majority of the States participating in the Conference.

3. The extension

(a) Proposals for a decision in accordance with paragraph 2 of Article X of the Treaty may be submitted by sponsor(s) in writing to the Secretary-General of the Conference until the end of the review process but no later than 1800 hours on Friday 5 May 1995.

(b) In order to achieve a consensus decision on the extension of the Treaty, the President may conduct informal consultations from the outset of the Conference and keep the General Committee informed in this regard.

(c) The requirements of paragraph 2 of Article X of the Treaty shall be considered met when there is a consensus in support of a proposal that is in accordance with that paragraph provided that the Conference is quorate as defined in Rule 13.

(d) If by Monday 8 May 1995 the Conference has not reached a decision by consensus on the extension, the President shall defer the vote for 48 hours and during this period of deferment shall make every effort to facilitate the achievement of general agreement, and shall report to the Conference after the end of the period.

(e) If by the end of the period of deferment the Conference has not reached a consensus decision on the extension, voting shall begin on Wednesday 10 May 1995 on all proposals that have been submitted.

(f) All proposals shall be voted on simultaneously by written ballot.\* Each State Party shall have one vote, to be cast in favour of one of the proposals.

(g) If none of the proposals obtains the required majority, the proposal receiving the lowest number of votes, in that and each subsequent round, shall be eliminated. Further rounds of voting shall take place on the remaining proposals in accordance with subparagraph (f).

(h) A proposal may not be amended in accordance with Rule 24, but may be revised or withdrawn by its sponsor(s) at any time except when a vote is in progress.

(i) No Parties may move that part of a proposal be voted on separately.

(j) After each round of voting, consultations may be undertaken by the Parties with a view to reaching a decision. To this end the Conference may decide, by a majority of Parties to the Treaty, to permit the submission of a new proposal which shall be included in subsequent rounds of voting conducted in accordance with subparagraph (f).

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\* This rule is without prejudice to rules which may be adopted for future conferences. The method of balloting shall be decided by the Conference in accordance with Rule 28.1. Examples of the ballot papers and procedures are attached to the Rules of Procedure.

(k) Voting shall continue until a proposal acquires the required majority.

(l) The Conference may be closed only when the decision required by paragraph 2 of Article X of the Treaty has been reached.

#### Voting rights

##### Rule 29

Every State Party to the Treaty shall have one vote.

#### Meaning of the phrases "representatives present and voting" and "majority of the Parties to the Treaty"

##### Rule 30

1. For the purposes of these rules, the phrase "representatives present and voting" means representatives casting an affirmative or negative vote. Representatives who abstain from voting are considered as not voting.

2. For the purposes of these rules, the term "majority of the Parties to the Treaty" means more than half of the total number of all States Parties to the Treaty.

#### Elections

##### Rule 31

All elections shall be held by secret ballot, unless the Conference decides otherwise in an election where the number of candidates does not exceed the number of elective places to be filled.

##### Rule 32

1. If, when only one elective place is to be filled, no candidate obtains in the first ballot the majority required, a second ballot shall be taken, confined to the two candidates having obtained the largest number of votes. If in the second ballot the votes are equally divided, the President shall decide between the candidates by drawing lots.

2. In the case of a tie in the first ballot among the candidates obtaining the second largest number of votes, a special ballot shall be held among such candidates for the purpose of reducing their number to two; similarly, in the case of a tie among three or more candidates obtaining the largest number of votes a special ballot shall be held; if a tie again results in this special ballot, the President shall eliminate one candidate by drawing lots and thereafter another ballot shall be held in accordance with paragraph 1.

Rule 33

1. When two or more elective places are to be filled at one time under the same conditions, those candidates, in a number not exceeding the number of such places, obtaining in the first ballot the majority required and the largest number of votes, shall be elected.
2. If the number of candidates obtaining such majority is less than the number of places to be filled, additional ballots shall be held to fill the remaining places, provided that if only one place remains to be filled the procedures in rule 32 shall be applied. The ballot shall be restricted to the unsuccessful candidates having obtained the largest number of votes in the previous ballot, but not exceeding twice the number of places remaining to be filled. However, in the case of a tie between a greater number of unsuccessful candidates a special ballot shall be held for the purpose of reducing the number of candidates to the required number; if a tie again results among more than the required number of candidates, the President shall reduce their number to that required by drawing lots.
3. If such a restricted ballot (not counting a special ballot held under the conditions specified in the last sentence of paragraph 2) is inconclusive, the President shall decide among the candidates by drawing lots.

VII. COMMITTEES

Main Committees and working groups

Rule 34

The Conference shall establish three Main Committees for the performance of its functions. Each such Committee may establish working groups. As a general rule each State Party to the Treaty participating in the Conference may be represented in the working groups unless otherwise decided by consensus.

Representation on the Main Committees

Rule 35

Each State Party to the Treaty participating in the Conference may be represented by one representative on each Main Committee. It may assign to these Committees such alternate representatives and advisers as may be required.

Drafting Committee

Rule 36

1. The Conference shall establish a Drafting Committee composed of representatives of the same States which are represented on the General Committee. It shall coordinate the drafting of and edit all texts referred to

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it by the Conference or by a Main Committee, without altering the substance of the texts, and report to the Conference or to the Main Committee as appropriate. It shall also, without reopening the substantive discussion on any matter, formulate drafts and give advice on drafting as requested by the Conference or a Main Committee.

2. Representatives of other delegations may also attend the meetings of the Drafting Committee and may participate in its deliberations when matters of particular concern to them are under discussion.

#### Officers and procedures

##### Rule 37

The rules relating to officers, the Conference secretariat, conduct of business and voting of the Conference (contained in chaps. II (rules 5-7), IV (rules 10-11), V (rules 13-27) and VI (rules 28-33) above) shall be applicable, mutatis mutandis, to the proceedings of committees and working groups, except that:

(a) Unless otherwise decided, any working group shall elect a chairman and such other officers as it may require;

(b) The Chairmen of the General, the Drafting and the Credentials Committees and the Chairmen of working groups may vote in their capacity as representatives of their States;

(c) A majority of the representatives on the General, Drafting and Credentials Committees or on any working group shall constitute a quorum; the Chairman of a Main Committee may declare a meeting open and permit the debate to proceed when at least one quarter of the representatives of the States participating in the Conference are present.

#### VIII. LANGUAGES AND RECORDS

##### Languages of the Conference

##### Rule 38

Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian and Spanish shall be the official languages of the Conference.

##### Interpretation

##### Rule 39

1. Speeches made in a language of the Conference shall be interpreted into the other languages.

2. A representative may make a speech in a language other than a language of the Conference if he provides for interpretation into one such language. Interpretation into the other languages of the Conference by interpreters of the secretariat may be based on the interpretation given in the first such language.

#### Language of official documents

##### Rule 40

Official documents shall be made available in the languages of the Conference.

#### Sound recordings of meetings

##### Rule 41

Sound recordings of meetings of the Conference and of all committees shall be made and kept in accordance with the practice of the United Nations. Unless otherwise decided by the Main Committee concerned, no such recordings shall be made of the meetings of a working group thereof.

#### Summary records

##### Rule 42

1. Summary records of the plenary meetings of the Conference and of the meetings of the Main Committees shall be prepared by the secretariat in the languages of the Conference. They shall be distributed in provisional form as soon as possible to all participants in the Conference. Participants in the debate may, within three working days of receipt of provisional summary records, submit corrections on summaries of their own interventions to the Secretariat; in special circumstances, the presiding officer may, in consultation with the Secretary-General of the Conference, extend the time for submitting corrections. Any disagreement concerning such corrections shall be decided by the presiding officer of the body to which the record relates, after consulting, where necessary, the sound recordings of the proceedings. Separate corrigenda to provisional records shall not normally be issued.

2. The summary records, with any corrections incorporated, shall be distributed promptly to participants in the Conference.

### IX. PUBLIC AND PRIVATE MEETINGS

##### Rule 43

1. The plenary meetings of the Conference and the meetings of the Main Committees shall be held in public unless the body concerned decides otherwise.

2. Meetings of other organs of the Conference shall be held in private.

## X. PARTICIPATION AND ATTENDANCE

### Rule 44

#### 1. Observers

(a) Any other State which, in accordance with article IX of the Treaty, has the right to become a Party thereto but which has neither acceded to nor ratified it may apply to the Secretary-General of the Conference for observer status, which will be accorded on the decision of the Conference.\* Such a State shall be entitled to appoint officials to attend meetings of the plenary and of the Main Committees other than those designated closed meetings and to receive documents of the Conference. An observer State shall also be entitled to submit documents to the participants in the Conference.

(b) Any national liberation organization entitled by the General Assembly of the United Nations\*\* to participate as an observer in the sessions and the work of the General Assembly, all international conferences convened under the auspices of the General Assembly and all international conferences convened under the auspices of other organs of the United Nations may apply to the Secretary-General of the Conference for observer status, which will be accorded on the decision of the Conference. Such a liberation organization shall be entitled to appoint officials to attend meetings of the plenary and of the Main Committees other than those designated closed meetings and to receive documents of the Conference. An observer organization shall also be entitled to submit documents to the participants in the Conference.

#### 2. The United Nations and the International Atomic Energy Agency

The Secretary-General of the United Nations and the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency, or their representatives, shall be entitled to attend meetings of the plenary and of the Main Committees and to receive the Conference documents. They shall also be entitled to submit material, both orally and in writing.

#### 3. Specialized agencies and regional intergovernmental organizations

The Agency for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean, the South Pacific Forum, other regional intergovernmental organizations and any specialized agency of the United Nations may apply to the Secretary-General of the Conference for observer agency status, which will be

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\* It is understood that any such decision will be in accordance with the practice of the General Assembly.

\*\* Pursuant to General Assembly resolutions 3237 (XXIX) of 22 November 1974, 3280 (XXIX) of 10 December 1974 and 152/31 of 20 December 1976.

accorded on the decision of the Conference. An observer agency shall be entitled to appoint officials to attend meetings of the plenary and of the Main Committees, other than those designated closed meetings and to receive the documents of the Conference. The Conference may also invite them to submit, in writing, their views and comments on questions within their competence, which may be circulated as conference documents.

4. Non-governmental organizations

Representatives of non-governmental organizations who attend meetings of the plenary or of the Main Committees will be entitled upon request to receive the documents of the Conference.

Appendix 1  
(to rule 12)

SCHEDULE FOR THE DIVISION OF COSTS

1. The attached schedule shows the allocation of costs between States based on participation of States in the first, second, third or fourth sessions of the Preparatory Committee.

2. The schedule for the actual division of costs will be subject to review in the light of participation of States in the Conference, except that the shares designated in the schedule with an asterisk will remain as shown in the schedule. The balance of costs will be divided among the other States Parties according to the ratio of their respective assessments under the United Nations scale. (The assigned contributions of States Parties not members of the United Nations will be based upon estimates.)\*

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\* Three States Parties have contested and continued to contest, under Article 2 (1) of the Charter of the United Nations, the assessment rates decided by the General Assembly in its decision 47/456 and in its resolution 49/19. However, they agree to assume the share apportioned to them as indicated in the present appendix.

## SCHEDULE

	<u>Per cent share of estimated total costs</u>
1. Afghanistan	0.01
2. Albania	0.01
3. Algeria	0.13
4. Antigua and Barbuda	0.01
5. Armenia	0.07
6. Australia	1.20
7. Austria	0.70
8. Azerbaijan	0.13
9. Bahamas	0.02
10. Bahrain	0.02
11. Bangladesh	0.01
12. Barbados	0.01
13. Belarus	0.31
14. Belgium	0.82
15. Belize	0.01
16. Benin	0.01
17. Bhutan	0.01
18. Bolivia	0.01
19. Bosnia and Herzegovina	0.02
20. Botswana	0.01
21. Brunei Darussalam	0.02
22. Bulgaria	0.08
23. Burkina Faso	0.01
24. Cambodia	0.01
25. Cameroon	0.01
26. Canada	2.53
27. Cape Verde	0.01
28. Central African Republic	0.01
29. China	0.91*
30. Colombia	0.09
31. Costa Rica	0.01
32. Côte d'Ivoire	0.01
33. Croatia	0.08
34. Cyprus	0.02
35. Czech Republic	0.26
36. Democratic People's Republic of Korea	0.03
37. Denmark	0.58
38. Dominica	0.01
39. Dominican Republic	0.01
40. Ecuador	0.02
41. Egypt	0.06
42. El Salvador	0.01
43. Equatorial Guinea	0.01
44. Estonia	0.04
45. Ethiopia	0.01
46. Fiji	0.01
47. Finland	0.50

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Per cent share of estimated  
total costs

48. France	7.14*
49. Gabon	0.01
50. Germany	7.37
51. Ghana	0.01
52. Greece	0.31
53. Grenada	0.01
54. Guatemala	0.02
55. Guinea	0.01
56. Guinea-Bissau	0.01
57. Guyana	0.01
58. Haiti	0.01
59. Holy See	0.01
60. Honduras	0.01
61. Hungary	0.12
62. Iceland	0.02
63. Indonesia	0.12
64. Iran (Islamic Republic of)	0.49
65. Iraq	0.12
66. Ireland	0.16
67. Italy	3.95
68. Jamaica	0.01
69. Japan	11.50
70. Jordan	0.01
71. Kazakhstan	0.21
72. Kenya	0.01
73. Kyrgyzstan	0.03
74. Kuwait	0.16
75. Lao People's Democratic Republic	0.01
76. Latvia	0.08
77. Lebanon	0.01
78. Lesotho	0.01
79. Liberia	0.01
80. Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	0.17
81. Liechtenstein	0.01
82. Lithuania	0.09
83. Luxembourg	0.06
84. Madagascar	0.01
85. Malawi	0.01
86. Malaysia	0.12
87. Maldives	0.01
88. Mali	0.01
89. Malta	0.01
90. Mauritania	0.01
91. Mauritius	0.01
92. Mexico	0.64
93. Mongolia	0.01
94. Morocco	0.02
95. Mozambique	0.01

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Per cent share of estimated  
total costs

96.	Myanmar	0.01
97.	Namibia	0.01
98.	Nepal	0.01
99.	Netherlands	1.30
100.	New Zealand	0.20
101.	Nicaragua	0.01
102.	Niger	0.01
103.	Nigeria	0.13
104.	Norway	0.45
105.	Panama	0.01
106.	Papua New Guinea	0.01
107.	Paraguay	0.01
108.	Peru	0.05
109.	Philippines	0.05
110.	Poland	0.31
111.	Portugal	0.20
112.	Qatar	0.03
113.	Republic of Korea	0.66
114.	Republic of Moldova	0.09
115.	Romania	0.12
116.	Russian Federation	8.00*
117.	Rwanda	0.01
118.	Saint Lucia	0.01
119.	Samoa	0.01
120.	San Marino	0.01
121.	Sao Tome and Principe	0.01
122.	Saudi Arabia	0.66
123.	Senegal	0.01
124.	Seychelles	0.01
125.	Sierra Leone	0.01
126.	Singapore	0.12
127.	Slovakia	0.08
128.	Slovenia	0.06
129.	Solomon Islands	0.01
130.	South Africa	0.28
131.	Spain	1.85
132.	Sri Lanka	0.01
133.	Sudan	0.01
134.	Suriname	0.01
135.	Sweden	1.01
136.	Switzerland	1.00
137.	Syrian Arab Republic	0.04
138.	Thailand	0.11
139.	Togo	0.01
140.	Trinidad and Tobago	0.03
141.	Tunisia	0.02
142.	Turkey	0.28
143.	Uganda	0.01

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	<u>Per cent share of estimated total costs</u>
144. Ukraine	1.22
145. United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	6.13*
146. United Republic of Tanzania	0.01
147. United States of America	32.82*
148. Uruguay	0.03
140. Uzbekistan	0.16
150. Venezuela	0.33
151. Viet Nam	0.01
152. Yemen	0.01
153. Zambia	0.01
154. Zimbabwe	0.01

Appendix 2  
(to rule 28.3 (f))

VOTING PROCEDURE A

Voting shall take place as follows:

Before each ballot takes place, the Secretariat shall issue, to each State Party participating in the Conference, copies of all the documents containing the proposals which have been submitted, and a duly authenticated ballot paper listing, by their document number and in an order to be determined by drawing lots, all the proposals submitted (model ballot paper attached).

The ballot paper shall be headed by the name of that State Party.

Each State Party shall have one vote, to be cast by placing an X opposite the proposal it favours on the ballot paper, and depositing its ballot paper in the ballot box. Any ballot paper not conforming to the above requirements shall be declared invalid.

The Conference shall elect three tellers (one from the Western Group delegations, one from the Eastern Group delegations and one from the Non-Aligned Movement delegations) who shall supervise the voting process and the counting of the votes by the Secretariat.

At the end of each ballot and before the next ballot, the Secretariat shall, under the supervision of the tellers, draw up and circulate lists indicating the result of the vote, which States Parties voted for which proposal, and which ballot papers (if any) were declared invalid.

NAME OF STATE PARTY

Document Number of Proposal

Place X in **one** of the boxes below

NPT/CONF.1995/L....	
NPT/CONF.1995/L....	
NPT/CONF.1995/L....	

VOTING PROCEDURE B

Voting shall take place as follows:

Before each ballot takes place, the Secretariat shall issue, to each State Party participating in the Conference, copies of all the documents containing the proposals which have been submitted, and a duly authenticated ballot paper listing, by their document number and in an order to be determined by drawing lots, all the proposals submitted (model ballot paper attached).

Each State Party shall have one vote, to be cast by placing an X opposite the proposal it favours on the ballot paper, and depositing its ballot paper in the ballot box. Any ballot paper not conforming to the above requirements shall be declared invalid.

The Conference shall elect three tellers (one from the Western Group delegations, one from the Eastern Group delegations and one from the Non-Aligned Movement delegations) who shall supervise the voting process and the counting of the votes by the Secretariat.

At the end of each ballot and before the next ballot, the Secretariat shall, under the supervision of the tellers, draw up and circulate lists indicating the result of the vote, how many States Parties voted for which proposal, and how many ballot papers (if any) were declared invalid.

Document Number of Proposal

Place X in **one** of the boxes below

NPT/CONF.1995/L....	
NPT/CONF.1995/L....	
NPT/CONF.1995/L....	

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