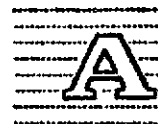


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REQUEST FOR THE INCLUSION OF AN ADDITIONAL ITEM
IN THE AGENDA OF THE NINTH REGULAR SESSION: ITEM
PROPOSED BY THE UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS

CONCLUSION OF AN INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION (TREATY)
ON THE REDUCTION OF ARMAMENTS AND THE PROHIBITION
OF ATOMIC, HYDROGEN AND OTHER WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION

Letter dated 30 September 1954 from the Chairman of the
delegation of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics,
addressed to the President of the General Assembly

New York, 30 September 1954

I have the honour hereby to request you to include in the agenda of the ninth session of the General Assembly as an important and urgent question the following item: "Conclusion of an international convention (treaty) on the reduction of armaments and the prohibition of atomic, hydrogen and other weapons of mass destruction".

I would ask you to arrange for the distribution of the attached draft resolution on this question as an official General Assembly document.

(Signed) A. VYSHINSKY
Chairman of USSR Delegation
to the ninth session of the
General Assembly

54-26527

CONCLUSION OF AN INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION (TREATY)
ON THE REDUCTION OF ARMAMENTS AND THE PROHIBITION OF
ATOMIC, HYDROGEN AND OTHER WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION

Union of Soviet Socialist Republics: draft resolution

I. The General Assembly instructs the United Nations Disarmament Commission to prepare and submit for confirmation by the Security Council a draft international convention (treaty) designed to strengthen peace and increase international security and providing for the prohibition of atomic, hydrogen and other weapons of mass destruction and their elimination from the armaments of States, a substantial reduction in armaments and the establishment of international control over the implementation of these decisions on the basis of the French and United Kingdom proposals of 11 June 1954.

Accordingly, the convention (treaty) should contain the following basic provisions:

- (1) The following measures shall be taken simultaneously:
 - (a) In the course of six months (or one year), States shall reduce their armaments, armed forces and budgetary appropriations for military requirements to the extent of 50 per cent of the agreed levels. Armaments and armed forces shall be reduced from the strength of armaments and armed forces existing on 31 December 1953, and appropriations shall be reduced from the amount of actual expenditure on military requirements during the year ending 31 December 1953.
 - (b) For the purposes of supervising the fulfilment by States of the obligations in connexion with the reduction of armaments and armed forces provided for in sub-paragraph (a), a temporary international control commission shall be established under the Security Council with the right to require States to provide the necessary information on the measures taken by them to reduce armaments and armed forces. The commission shall take the

necessary steps to supervise the fulfilment by States of the obligations assumed by them in connexion with the reduction of armaments, armed forces and appropriations for military requirements. States shall periodically supply the commission at established intervals with information concerning the implementation of the measures provided for in the convention.

(2) On completion of the measures referred to in paragraph (1), the following measures shall be taken simultaneously:

(a) In the course of six months (or one year), States shall reduce their armaments, armed forces and budgetary appropriations for military requirements by the remaining 50 per cent of the agreed levels from the strength of armaments and armed forces existing on 31 December 1953, and shall reduce their appropriations from the amount of actual expenditure on military requirements during the year ^(England) 31 December 1953.

(b) A complete prohibition of atomic, hydrogen and other weapons of mass destruction shall be carried into effect, the production of such weapons shall be discontinued and they shall be entirely eliminated from the armaments of States; all existing atomic materials shall be used only for peaceful purposes.

The carrying out of these measures must be completed not later than the carrying out of the measures taken for the reduction of armaments and armed forces referred to in paragraph (2) (a), and the production of atomic and hydrogen weapons shall cease immediately, as soon as a start is made with the reduction of armaments, armed forces and appropriations for military requirements in respect of the remaining 50 per cent of the agreed standards.

(c) States shall institute a standing international organ for the supervision of the implementation of the convention (treaty) on the prohibition of atomic, hydrogen and other weapons of mass destruction, the discontinuance of the production of these weapons and their elimination from the armaments of States and the reduction of armaments, armed forces and appropriations for military requirements.

This international organ shall have full powers of supervision, including the power of inspection on a continuing basis to the extent necessary to ensure implementation of the convention by all States.

II. In connexion with the proposal concerning the prohibition of the "use of nuclear weapons except in defence against aggression" in the Franco-British memorandum of 11 June 1954, the General Assembly instructs the United Nations Disarmament Commission to study and clarify this question and submit its recommendations.
