

China	Mongolia
Congo	Morocco
Dahomey	Nepal
Democratic Yemen	Niger
Egypt	Nigeria
Equatorial Guinea	Oman
Ethiopia	Pakistan
Fiji	Philippines
Gabon	Qatar
Gambia	Republic of Korea
Ghana	Republic of Viet-Nam
Guinea	Rwanda
Guinea-Bissau	Saudi Arabia
India	Senegal
Indonesia	Sierra Leone
Iran	Singapore
Iraq	Somalia
Israel	South Africa
Ivory Coast	Sri Lanka
Jordan	Sudan
Kenya	Swaziland
Khmer Republic	Syrian Arab Republic
Kuwait	Thailand
Laos	Togo
Lebanon	Tunisia
Lesotho	Uganda
Liberia	United Arab Emirates
Libyan Arab Republic	United Republic of Cameroon
Madagascar	United Republic of Tanzania
Malawi	Upper Volta
Malaysia	Western Samoa
Maldives	Yemen
Mali	Yugoslavia
Mauritania	Zaire
Mauritius	Zambia

B. LIST OF STATES INDICATED IN SECTION II, PARAGRAPH 4 (b)

Australia	Luxembourg
Austria	Malta
Belgium	Monaco
Canada	Netherlands
Cyprus	New Zealand
Denmark	Norway
Finland	Portugal
France	San Marino
Germany, Federal Republic of	Spain
Greece	Sweden
Holy See	Switzerland
Iceland	Turkey
Ireland	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
Italy	Ireland
Japan	United States of America
Liechtenstein	

C. LIST OF STATES INDICATED IN SECTION II, PARAGRAPH 4 (c)

Argentina	Guatemala
Bahamas	Guyana
Barbados	Haiti
Bolivia	Honduras
Brazil	Jamaica
Chile	Mexico
Colombia	Nicaragua
Costa Rica	Panama
Cuba	Paraguay
Dominican Republic	Peru
Ecuador	Trinidad and Tobago
El Salvador	Uruguay
Grenada	Venezuela

D. LIST OF STATES INDICATED IN SECTION II, PARAGRAPH 4 (d)

Albania	Poland
Bulgaria	Romania
Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic	Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic
Czechoslovakia	Union of Soviet Socialist Republics
German Democratic Republic	
Hungary	

3306 (XXIX). Second General Conference of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 2152 (XXI) of 17 November 1966 on the United Nations Industrial Development Organization,

Recalling also its resolution 2952 (XXVII) of 11 December 1972 on the Second General Conference of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization,

Recalling further its resolution 3087 B (XXVIII) of 6 December 1973, in which it recommended that the Second General Conference should examine co-operation of developed and developing countries, as well as co-operation among the developing countries themselves, in the process of industrialization, with a view towards establishing the basic principles for an international declaration on industrial development and co-operation and with the aim of defining a comprehensive plan of action for assisting the developing countries, in particular the least developed among them, in their efforts to accelerate their industrialization and achieve a more equitable share of industrial activity in the context of a new international division of labour related to industry,

Bearing in mind its resolution 3201 (S-VI) of 1 May 1974, in which it solemnly proclaimed the united determination of the Members of the United Nations to work urgently for the establishment of a new international economic order,

Bearing in mind also that in the Programme of Action on the Establishment of a New International Economic Order, set forth in its resolution 3202 (S-VI) of 1 May 1974, the General Assembly recommended that all efforts should be made by the international community to take measures to encourage the industrialization of the developing countries with a view to increasing their share in world industrial production, as envisaged in the International Development Strategy for the Second United Nations Development Decade,³⁷

Considering the important role of the Second General Conference, which will be held at Lima from 12 to 26 March 1975,³⁸ as the highest forum for defining policies for international co-operation in the field of industrial development,

1. *Takes note with appreciation* of the report of the Industrial Development Board on the work of its eighth session³⁹ as well as of the report of the Intergovernmental Preparatory Committee for the Second General Conference of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization;⁴⁰

2. *Urges* Member States to make maximum efforts, both in their preparatory work for the Second General Conference and during its proceedings, to ensure the success of the Conference and to outline specific measures for the implementation of the Programme of Action on the Establishment of a New International Economic Order in respect of international co-operation

³⁷ Resolution 2626 (XXV).

³⁸ See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Twenty-eighth Session, Supplement No. 16 (A/9016)*, paras. 45-55.

³⁹ *Ibid.*, *Twenty-ninth Session, Supplement No. 16 (A/9616)*.

⁴⁰ ID/B/145.

for the industrial development of the developing countries;

3. *Agrees* that a fundamental objective of the Second General Conference is to contribute to the establishment of a new international economic order through the adoption of an international declaration and the definition of a plan of action to promote and lay down guidelines for renewed and strengthened co-operation for the promotion of the industrial development of the developing countries, while respecting their independence, sovereignty, national objectives and their right to take full advantage of and to use freely their natural resources, and that the process of industrialization shall ensure social justice, through patterns of consumption which satisfy the genuine and fundamental needs of the whole population, making them full participants in the process and benefits of development;

4. *Agrees further* that the plan of action to be defined at the Second General Conference should, *inter alia*, establish measures in support of industrial co-operation between developed and developing countries and between the developing countries themselves, including schemes of concerted action among Member States, define quantitative targets to achieve the goal of substantially higher participation of the developing countries in world industrial production and establish appropriate machinery for their implementation, and that, in this context, special attention should be paid to the least developed among the developing countries;

5. *Considers* that the plan of action for industrial development to be adopted by the Second General Conference should include concrete measures to assist developing countries in increasing significantly their industrial development, including their installed capacity, as a means of expanding their trade in manufactures and semi-manufactures, processing their basic commodities and raw materials and contributing, *inter alia*, to the development of their agro-industrial capacity, bearing in mind that the industrialization of the developing countries should be based on the most advanced technologies appropriate to their particular conditions and needs in accordance with the most efficient utilization of the natural and human resources available to each country or group of countries, as defined in their own development plans and priorities;

6. *Urges* the Second General Conference, on the basis of the plan of action, to decide on measures necessary to strengthen the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, within the United Nations system, to enable it to develop into an effective institutional framework in order to expand its activities in a manner consistent with the requirements of the developing countries and the role of their industrialization within a new international economic order;

7. *Invites* Member States to ensure that their participation in the Second General Conference is at the highest possible level of governmental representation;

8. *Requests* the Secretary-General, in consultation with the Executive Director of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, to submit to the Second General Conference a comprehensive report on the role of the United Nations system in establishing a new international economic order in the field of industrialization.

2319th plenary meeting
14 December 1974

3307 (XXIX). Establishment of a United Nations industrial development fund

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 2152 (XVI) of 17 November 1966 on the establishment of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization to assist the developing countries in accelerating their industrialization,

Recalling also its resolution 3086 (XXVIII) of 6 December 1973, in which it requested the Secretary-General to prepare a report on the question of the establishment of a United Nations industrial development fund,

Recalling further Economic and Social Council resolution 1909 (LVII) of 2 August 1974, particularly its paragraph 3,

Bearing in mind that in the Programme of Action on the Establishment of a New International Economic Order, set forth in its resolution 3202 (S-VI) of 1 May 1974, it recommended that all efforts should be made by the international community to take measures to encourage the industrialization of the developing countries,

Convinced that, in order to achieve effective international co-operation in the field of industrial development, additional financial resources are required,

1. *Takes note with appreciation* of the report of the Secretary-General on the establishment of a United Nations industrial development fund;⁴¹

2. *Requests* the Second General Conference of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization to consider the establishment of an industrial development fund to be financed on the basis of voluntary contributions, including the basic guidelines for its functioning.

2319th plenary meeting
14 December 1974

3308 (XXIX). Report of the Trade and Development Board

The General Assembly,

Bearing in mind its resolution 3201 (S-VI) of 1 May 1974, containing the Declaration on the Establishment of a New International Economic Order, and its resolution 3202 (S-VI) of 1 May 1974, containing the Programme of Action on the Establishment of a New International Economic Order,

Expressing concern at the adverse effect on developing countries and on their economic development prospects of continuing world-wide inflationary pressures and at the widespread detrimental effects on developing countries of recent declines in the level of prices of most commodities,

Considering that these trends, if unchecked, can be damaging to the cause of international economic co-operation,

1. *Expresses the view* that co-ordinated action to achieve satisfactory levels of global economic activity should be pursued and that, when anti-inflationary measures are applied in the developed countries, particular care should be taken that such measures do not work to the detriment of developing countries;

⁴¹ A/9792.