

before 7 February 1993 and the buffer zone between the forces would be considered as a neutral demilitarized zone used to monitor the implementation of the cease-fire by an international force,

*Welcoming with satisfaction* the joint communiqué issued at Dar-es-Salaam, United Republic of Tanzania, on 7 March 1993 by the Government of Rwanda and the Rwandese Patriotic Front, concerning in particular the modalities of the cease-fire to take effect on 9 March 1993 and the situation of displaced persons,<sup>6</sup>

*Welcoming also with satisfaction* the decision of the Secretary-General to send a goodwill mission to the region, and having heard a first oral report on the mission,

*Determined* that the United Nations, in consultation with the Organization of African Unity and in support of its ongoing efforts, should consider how a United Nations contribution might assist the process towards a political settlement in Rwanda, in particular by preventing the resumption of fighting and by monitoring the cease-fire,

1. *Calls upon* the Government of Rwanda and the Rwandese Patriotic Front to respect the cease-fire which took effect on 9 March 1993, to allow the delivery of humanitarian supplies and the return of displaced persons, to fulfil the obligations they have accepted in the agreements they have signed and to implement the commitments they have undertaken in their above-mentioned statements<sup>5</sup> and joint communiqué;<sup>6</sup>

2. *Invites* the Secretary-General to examine in consultation with the Organization of African Unity the contribution that the United Nations could bring to strengthen the peace process in Rwanda, in support of the efforts of the Organization of African Unity, in particular through the possible establishment, under the aegis of the Organization of African Unity and the United Nations, of an international force entrusted, *inter alia*, with humanitarian assistance and the protection of the civilian population and support of the Organization of African Unity force for the monitoring of the cease-fire, and to report to the Council most urgently on the matter;

3. *Also invites* the Secretary-General to examine the request by Rwanda<sup>3</sup> and Uganda<sup>4</sup> for the deployment of observers along the border between these two countries;

4. *Expresses its readiness* to examine without delay the recommendations that the Secretary-General might submit in this regard;

5. *Requests* the Secretary-General to coordinate closely his efforts with those of the Organization of African Unity;

6. *Calls upon* the Government of Rwanda and the Rwandese Patriotic Front to cooperate fully with the efforts of the United Nations and the Organization of African Unity;

7. *Urges* the Government of Rwanda and the Rwandese Patriotic Front to resume the negotiations on 15 March 1993 as agreed, in order to resolve the pending questions with a view to signing a peace agreement at the beginning of April 1993 at the latest;

8. *Urges* both parties strictly to respect the rules of international humanitarian law;

9. *Urges* all States to refrain from any action that could increase the tension in Rwanda and jeopardize respect for the cease-fire;

<sup>6</sup> Ibid., document S/25385.

10. *Decides* to remain actively seized of the matter.

*Adopted unanimously at the 3183rd meeting.*

## Decisions

In a letter dated 8 April 1993, addressed to the President of the Security Council,<sup>7</sup> the Secretary-General reported on recent events concerning the situation in Rwanda between the Government of Rwanda and the Rwandese Patriotic Front. The Secretary-General referred to resolution 812 (1993) in which the Council welcomed the goodwill mission which he had already sent to Rwanda and had invited him to examine the requests by Rwanda<sup>3</sup> and Uganda<sup>4</sup> for the deployment of observers. The Secretary-General reported that the goodwill mission had visited the countries concerned and was now observing the current peace talks in Arusha, United Republic of Tanzania, and that he would report to the Council on the mission's findings following these talks. However, he added that there were disturbing reports that the Arusha discussions were at an impasse, and as a result there were fears that fighting might resume. In these circumstances the Secretary-General had decided to strengthen the goodwill mission by the addition of three military advisers. He had also asked the goodwill mission to report promptly with their assistance and stated that he would advise the Council further accordingly.

By a letter dated 13 April 1993,<sup>8</sup> the President of the Security Council informed the Secretary-General as follows:

"I have the honour to inform you that your letter dated 8 April 1993 concerning the situation in Rwanda<sup>7</sup> has been brought to the attention of the members of the Security Council. They welcome your decision to strengthen the goodwill mission by the addition of three military advisers. They also note the urgency of the security situation in Rwanda and look forward to a prompt report."

At its 3244th meeting, on 22 June 1993, the Council decided to invite the representative of Rwanda to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the item entitled "The situation concerning Rwanda: interim report of the Secretary-General (S/25810 and Add.1)"<sup>9</sup>

## Resolution 846 (1993) of 22 June 1993

*The Security Council,*

*Reaffirming* its resolution 812 (1993) of 12 March 1993,

*Taking note* of the interim report of the Secretary-General of 20 May and 2 June 1993,<sup>10</sup>

<sup>7</sup> S/25561.

<sup>8</sup> S/25592.

<sup>9</sup> See *Official Records of the Security Council, Forty-eighth Year, Supplement for April, May and June 1993.*

<sup>10</sup> Ibid., documents S/25810 and Add.1.

*Also taking note* of the requests of the Governments of Rwanda<sup>3</sup> and Uganda<sup>4</sup> <sup>11</sup>for the deployment of United Nations observers along the common border of their countries as a temporary confidence-building measure,

*Emphasizing* the need to prevent the resumption of fighting, which could have adverse consequences on the situation in Rwanda and on international peace and security,

*Emphasizing also* the need for a negotiated political solution, in the framework of the agreements to be signed by the parties in Arusha, United Republic of Tanzania, in order to put an end to the conflict in Rwanda,

*Paying tribute* to the efforts of the Organization of African Unity and the Government of the United Republic of Tanzania to promote such a solution,

*Taking note* of the joint request to the Secretary-General by the Government of Rwanda and the Rwandese Patriotic Front concerning the establishment of a neutral international force in Rwanda,<sup>12</sup>

*Stressing* the importance of the ongoing negotiations in Arusha between the Government of Rwanda and the Rwandese Patriotic Front, and expressing its readiness to consider assistance to the Organization of African Unity in the implementation of the agreements as soon as they are signed,

1. *Welcomes with appreciation* the report of the Secretary-General;<sup>10</sup>

2. *Decides* to establish the United Nations Observer Mission Uganda-Rwanda to be deployed on the Ugandan side of the border for an initial period of six months, as set out in the report of the Secretary-General, and subject to review every six months;

3. *Decides* that the Mission shall monitor the Uganda-Rwanda border to verify that no military assistance reaches Rwanda, focus being put primarily in this regard on transit or transport, by roads or tracks which could accommodate vehicles, of lethal weapons and ammunition across the border, as well as any other material which could be of military use;

4. *Requests* the Secretary-General to conclude with the Government of Uganda, before the full deployment of the Observer Mission, a status-of-mission agreement including the safety, cooperation and support the Government of Uganda will provide to the Mission;

5. *Approves* the dispatching of an advance party within fifteen days of the adoption of the present resolution, or as soon as possible after the conclusion of the status-of-mission agreement, and the full deployment within thirty days of the arrival of the advance party;

6. *Urges* the Government of Rwanda and the Rwandese Patriotic Front strictly to respect the rules of international humanitarian law;

7. *Also urges* the Government of Rwanda and the Rwandese Patriotic Front to refrain from any action that could contribute to tension;

8. *Welcomes* the decision of the Secretary-General to support the peace efforts of the Organization of African Unity by putting two military experts at its disposal with a view to assisting the Neutral

Military Observer Group, in particular through logistic expertise to help expedite deployment of the enlarged Group to Rwanda;

9. *Further urges* the Government of Rwanda and the Rwandese Patriotic Front to conclude quickly a comprehensive peace agreement;

10. *Requests* the Secretary-General to report to the Security Council on the results of the Arusha peace talks;

11. *Also requests* the Secretary-General to report to the Council on the contribution the United Nations could make to assist the Organization of African Unity in the implementation of the above-mentioned agreement and to begin contingency planning in the event that the Council decides such a contribution is needed;

12. *Further requests* the Secretary-General to report to the Security Council on the implementation of the present resolution within sixty days of the deployment of the Observer Mission;

13. *Decides* to remain actively seized of the matter.

*Adopted unanimously at the 3244th meeting.*

### Decisions

In a letter dated 29 June 1993,<sup>13</sup> addressed to the President of the Security Council for the attention of the members of the Council, the Secretary-General referred to Council resolution 846 (1993) of 22 June 1993, in which the Council decided to establish a United Nations Observer Mission Uganda-Rwanda. Having completed the necessary consultations, it was the Secretary-General's intention to appoint Brigadier-General Roméo A. Dallaire (Canada) as Chief Military Observer of the Mission. The Secretary-General also proposed that the Observer Mission be composed of military observers from the following Member States, all of which had expressed their readiness in principle to make the necessary personnel available: Bangladesh, Botswana, Brazil, Canada, Fiji, Hungary, Netherlands, Senegal, Slovakia and Zimbabwe.

In a letter dated 30 June 1993,<sup>14</sup> the President of the Security Council informed the Secretary-General as follows:

"I have the honour to inform you that your letter dated 29 June 1993 concerning the appointment of the Chief Military Observer and the composition of the United Nations Observer Mission in Uganda-Rwanda<sup>13</sup> has been brought to the attention of the Council members, who agree with the proposals contained therein."

At its 3273rd meeting, on 10 September 1993, the Council discussed the item entitled "The situation concerning Rwanda".

At the same meeting, following consultations held earlier among members of the Security Council, the President made the following statement on behalf of the Council:<sup>15</sup>

"The Security Council welcomes the Peace Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Rwanda and the Rwandese Patriotic Front concluded on 4 August 1993 at Arusha, United

<sup>11</sup> Ibid., document S/25797.

<sup>12</sup> Ibid., document S/25951.

<sup>13</sup> S/26019.

<sup>14</sup> S/26020.

<sup>15</sup> S/26425.