

ORGANIZATIONAL SESSION FOR 1979

1979/1. Basic programme of work of the Council for 1979 and 1980

1. At its 2nd plenary meeting, on 9 February 1979, the Council, having examined the draft basic programme of work for 1979 and 1980 submitted by the Secretariat,¹ approved the following basic programme of work for 1979 and 1980.

A

ITEMS FOR CONSIDERATION AT THE FIRST REGULAR SESSION OF 1979

1. Decade for Action to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination
2. Non-governmental organizations
3. Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights
4. Human rights questions
5. Measures to improve the situation and ensure the human rights and dignity of all migrant workers
6. Social development questions
7. Activities for the advancement of women; United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace
8. Narcotic drugs
9. Statistical questions
10. Population questions
11. Transport of dangerous goods
12. Multilateral emergency assistance
13. Restructuring of the economic and social sectors of the United Nations system
14. Medium-term plan for the period 1980-1983
15. Establishment of an *Ad Hoc* Intergovernmental Working Group of Experts on International Standards of Accounting and Reporting

B

ITEMS FOR CONSIDERATION AT THE SECOND REGULAR SESSION OF 1979

1. General discussion of international economic and social policy, including regional and sectoral developments
2. Assistance to Botswana, Lesotho, Mozambique and Zambia
3. Assistance in emergency situations
4. Assistance to South African student refugees
5. Regional co-operation
6. International co-operation in the field of human settlements
7. Transnational corporations
8. Science and technology for development
9. Transport and Communications Decade in Africa
10. Operational activities

¹ E/1979/1 and Add.1.

11. Food problems
12. International co-operation on the environment
13. Natural resources
14. Restructuring of the economic and social sectors of the United Nations system
15. Industrial development co-operation
16. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations
17. Co-operation and co-ordination within the United Nations system
18. Draft programme budget for the biennium 1980-1981
19. Assistance to the oppressed people of South Africa and their national liberation movement by agencies and institutions within the United Nations system
20. Implementation of the medium-term and long-term recovery and rehabilitation programme in the Sudano-Sahelian region

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21. Report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Preparatory Committee for the World Conference of the United Nations Decade for Women²
22. Report of the Trade and Development Board²
23. International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights: report of the Human Rights Committee²
24. Report of the World Food Council²
25. United Nations University²

C

ITEMS FOR CONSIDERATION AT THE FIRST REGULAR SESSION OF 1980

1. Decade for Action to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination
2. Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights
3. Human rights questions
4. Narcotic drugs
5. Activities for the advancement of women; United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace
6. Social development questions
7. Science and technology
8. Public administration and finance
9. Tax treaties between developed and developing countries
10. Regional cartography conferences

D

ITEMS FOR CONSIDERATION AT THE SECOND REGULAR SESSION OF 1980

1. General discussion of international economic and social policy, including regional and sectoral developments
2. Regional co-operation
3. Land reform

² Item to be considered at the resumed second regular session of 1979.

4. International co-operation in the field of human settlements
5. Transport and Communications Decade in Africa
6. Food problems
7. International co-operation on the environment
8. Transnational corporations
9. Industrial development co-operation
10. International co-operation within the United Nations system
11. Marine affairs
12. Medium-term plan for the period 1982-1985
13. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations
14. Assistance to the oppressed people of South Africa and their national liberation movement by agencies and institutions within the United Nations system
15. Comprehensive policy review of operational activities for development

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16. Report of the Trade and Development Board³
17. International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights: report of the Human Rights Committee³
18. Report of the Council of the United Nations University³

2. The Council decided to discontinue the submission to it of the reports of the regional commissions. The reports would be transmitted directly to all Member States and the Secretary-General would revise the format and content of his annual report on the meetings of the executive secretaries in order that it should highlight development within each region and draw the Council's attention to specific issues requiring its consideration. The report would also bring to the Council's attention any decisions or recommendations of the commissions that statutorily required approval by the Council.

3. The Council, subject to any further arrangements which might be agreed upon for the organization of its sessions, also decided:

(a) At its first regular session of 1979, to consider items 1, 2, 12 and 13 in plenary meetings; item 3 in a sessional working group; items 4 to 8 in the Second (Social) Committee; items 9 to 11 in the First (Economic) Committee; and item 14 in a sessional *ad hoc* working group;

(b) At its second regular session of 1979, to consider items 1 to 4 in plenary meetings; items 5 to 9 and 11 to 15 in the First (Economic) Committee; and items 10 and 16 to 20 in the Third (Programme and Co-ordination) Committee;

(c) To review at the outset of each regular session of 1979, in the light of its annotated agenda, the documentation that would be submitted to the General Assembly through the Council, with a view to deciding which documents should be transmitted without debate, to dispense when appropriate with the practice of introducing them twice and to avoid a repetition of their discussion, thus enhancing the effectiveness of its work.

³ Item to be considered at the resumed second regular session of 1980.

4. The Council, in pursuance of the resolutions adopted by the General Assembly at its thirty-third session indicated below, decided to take the following action:

(a) To refer to the Commission on Human Settlements at its second session General Assembly resolution 33/111 of 18 December 1978 on international co-operation in the field of human settlements;

(b) To refer to the Commission for Social Development at its twenty-sixth session General Assembly resolutions 33/6 of 3 November 1978 on channels of communication with youth and youth organizations and 33/48 of 14 December 1978 on world social development;

(c) To refer to the Commission on Human Rights at its thirty-fifth session General Assembly resolutions 33/23 of 29 November 1978 on the adverse consequences for the enjoyment of human rights of political, military, economic and other forms of assistance given to colonial and racist régimes in southern Africa; 33/46 on national institutions for the promotion and protection of human rights, 33/53 on human rights and scientific and technological developments and 33/54 on review and co-ordination of human rights programmes of organizations in the United Nations system and co-operation with other international programmes in the field of human rights, of 14 December 1978; 33/104 on alternative approaches and ways and means within the United Nations system for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms, including the creation of a post of United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights, 33/105 on alternative approaches and ways and means within the United Nations system for promoting the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms, including the creation of a post of United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights and 33/106 on the elimination of all forms of religious intolerance, of 16 December 1978; and 33/163 on measures to improve the situation and ensure the human rights and dignity of all migrant workers, 33/166 on the question of a convention on the rights of the child, 33/171 on the United Nations Yearbook on Human Rights, 33/175 on the protection of human rights in Chile, 33/176 on the importance of the experience of the *Ad Hoc* Working Group on the Situation of Human Rights in Chile and 33/178 on torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment, of 20 December 1978;

(d) To refer to the Commission on Human Rights General Assembly resolution 33/173 of 20 December 1978 on disappeared persons;

(e) To refer to the Committee for Development Planning at its fifteenth session General Assembly resolutions 33/48 on world social development; and 33/193 on preparations for an international development strategy for the third United Nations development decade and 33/200 on the effective mobilization and integration of women in development, of 29 January 1979.

1979/2. Calendar of conferences and meetings for 1979

1. At its 2nd plenary meeting, on 9 February 1979, the Council decided that during its first regular session

of 1979 two of its meetings each day, one in the morning and one in the afternoon, would be allocated to some of the meetings listed in paragraph 2 below.

2. The Council further decided:

(a) That the third special session of the Committee on Natural Resources would be held at United Nations Headquarters from 26 to 30 March 1979;

(b) That the first substantive session of the Preparatory Committee for the New International Development Strategy would be held at United Nations Headquarters from 2 to 13 April 1979;

(c) That the fourth session of the Preparatory Committee for the United Nations Conference on Science and Technology for Development would be held at United Nations Headquarters from 23 April to 4 May 1979 (instead of from 7 to 18 May 1979);

(d) That the second substantive session of the Preparatory Committee for the New International Development Strategy would be held at United Nations Headquarters from 11 to 22 June 1979;

(e) To schedule a fifth session of the Preparatory Committee for the United Nations Conference on Science and Technology for Development at United Nations Headquarters from 25 June to 6 July 1979;

(f) That the Committee on an International Agreement on Illicit Payments would meet at United Nations Headquarters from 7 to 18 May 1979 (instead of from 26 March to 6 April 1979);

(g) That the fifth session of the Committee on Review and Appraisal, scheduled to be held from 14 May to 1 June 1979, would not take place.

3. The Council also decided that the week of 16 to 20 April 1979 should be devoted to the informal consultations envisaged in paragraph 2 of resolution 6 (III) of 5 February 1979 of the Preparatory Committee for the United Nations Conference on Science and Technology for Development.⁴

1979/3. Preparation of documents relating to General Assembly resolution 33/194 on multilateral development assistance for the exploration of natural resources

At its 2nd plenary meeting, on 9 February 1979, the Council, considering the need for documents relevant to General Assembly resolution 33/194 of 29 January 1979 on multilateral development assistance for the exploration of natural resources, decided:

(a) To request the Secretary-General to prepare a report that would facilitate compliance by the Economic and Social Council with the request in paragraph 4 of General Assembly resolution 33/194;

(b) To invite the World Bank to submit to the Council, at its second regular session of 1979, a study prepared in accordance with provisions of paragraph 5 of General Assembly resolution 33/194;

(c) To consider the reports mentioned in paragraphs (a) and (b) above at its second regular session of 1979.

⁴ Official Records of the General Assembly, Thirty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 43 (A/34/43), vol. I, annex I.

1979/4. World Conference of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace

At its 2nd plenary meeting, on 9 February 1979, the Council decided to hold the World Conference of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace at Copenhagen from 14 to 30 July 1980, as proposed by the Government of Denmark.

1979/5. Effects of the provisional agenda for the World Conference of the United Nations Decade for Women on the programme of work of the Council and of the Commission on the Status of Women

At its 2nd plenary meeting, on 9 February 1979, the Council decided that the note by the Secretariat on the effects of the provisional agenda for the World Conference of the United Nations Decade for Women on the programme of work of the Council and of the Commission on the Status of Women,⁵ revised to take account of the discussions at its organizational session for 1979 and the appointment by the Secretary-General of the Secretary-General of the Conference, should be transmitted to the Council at its first regular session of 1979 for consideration in the context of item 7 of the programme of work, entitled "Activities for the advancement of women; United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace".

1979/6. Documentation for the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination at its nineteenth session

At its 2nd plenary meeting, on 9 February 1979, the Council took note of the note by the Secretariat⁶ on documentation for the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination at its nineteenth session.

1979/7. Reinforcing the social development sector within the United Nations

At its 2nd plenary meeting, on 9 February 1979, the Council decided:

(a) To consider at its first regular session of 1979, in plenary meetings, the question of the establishment of an *ad hoc* working group pursuant to Council resolution 2079 (LXII) of 13 May 1977;

(b) To draw the present decision to the attention of the Commission for Social Development, for its information, with the request that the Commission should comment upon it in the light of recent developments, in particular those relating to the restructuring of the economic and social sectors of the United Nations system and the preparations for a new international development strategy.

⁵ E/1979/6.

⁶ E/1979/L.1.

1979/8. Membership of subsidiary bodies of the Council: elections and confirmations

1. At its 2nd plenary meeting, on 9 February 1979, the Council took the following action with respect to vacancies on subsidiary and related bodies of the Council:

COMMISSION FOR SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

In the absence of candidates, the Council decided to postpone until its first regular session of 1979 the election of one member from African States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1982.

COMMITTEE ON NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS

The Council elected PAKISTAN for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1982.

COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES

In the absence of candidates, the Council decided to postpone until its first regular session of 1979 the election of two members from Asian States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1982.

COMMITTEE ON SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY FOR DEVELOPMENT

In the absence of candidates, the Council decided to postpone until its first regular session of 1979 the election of one member from Asian States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1982.

COMMISSION ON TRANSNATIONAL CORPORATIONS

In the absence of candidates, the Council decided to postpone the election of two members from Asian States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1980.

INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL BOARD

The candidature of Mr. V. V. Olguín (Argentina) having been withdrawn, the Council elected Mr. Sami Assaad Farag (Egypt) to fill the vacancy created by the death of Mr. Ahmed Wagdi Sadek (Egypt) for the remainder of his term, expiring on 1 March 1980.⁷

2. The Council confirmed the appointment of the following representatives of members of functional commissions or sub-commissions of the Council nominated by their Governments:⁸

STATISTICAL COMMISSION

Peter Gilbert Kirkham (Canada);

Gamal Askar (Egypt);

⁷ See E/1979/5.

⁸ See E/1979/3 and Add.1.

Arthur John Boreham (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland).

POPULATION COMMISSION

Nelson Ramírez-Madera (Dominican Republic);

Gustavo Cabrera Acevedo (Mexico);

Vira Osatanonda (Thailand);

P. K. Kayiso (Uganda);

R. M. Dmitrieva (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics);

Kalupala Lukangu (Zaire).

COMMISSION FOR SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

Tormod Hermansen (Norway);

Ioan Voicu (Romania);

Maïmouna Kane (Senegal);

Takouda Bouili (Togo).

COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS

Ivan Garvalov (Bulgaria);

Térence Nsanze (Burundi);

Joseph Charles Léonard Beaulne (Canada);

Hector Charry Samper (Colombia);

Gerhard Jahn (Germany, Federal Republic of);

Mohammed Redha Al-Jabiri (Iraq);

Essy Amara (Ivory Coast);

Waleed M. Sadi (Jordan);

Tseliso Thamae (Lesotho);

Dídimo Ríos (Panama);

Luis Chávez Godoy (Peru);

Angelo Vidal d'Almeida Ribeiro (Portugal);

Ivan Toševski (Yugoslavia).

SUB-COMMISSION ON ILLICIT DRUG TRAFFIC AND RELATED MATTERS IN THE NEAR AND MIDDLE EAST

Lars Hulstrand (Sweden).

1979/9. Provisional agenda for the first regular session of 1979

At its 2nd plenary meeting, on 9 February 1979, the Council approved the draft provisional agenda for its first regular session of 1979,⁹ with the addition of an item entitled "Establishment of an *Ad Hoc* Intergovernmental Working Group of Experts on International Standards of Accounting and Reporting" (agenda item 17).

⁹ E/1979/L.5.

FIRST REGULAR SESSION OF 1979

1979/10. Participation of an intergovernmental organization in the work of the Council

At its 3rd plenary meeting, on 10 April 1979, the Council, having received an application from the Intergovernmental Committee for European Migration¹⁰ for designation in accordance with rule 79 of the rules of procedure, decided, on the recommendation of its Bureau,¹¹ that that organization might participate, without the right to vote, on an *ad hoc* basis in the deliberations of the Council within the scope of the activities of that organization.

1979/11. Changes in the calendar of conferences and meetings for 1979

At its 3rd, 5th and 11th plenary meetings, on 10 and 17 April and 4 May 1979, the Council approved the following changes in the calendar of conferences and meetings for 1979:¹²

(a) The eighth session of the Working Group on International Statistical Programmes and Co-ordination of the Statistical Commission would be held at Geneva on 29 and 30 October 1979 (instead of from 2 to 4 July 1979);

(b) The sixth session of the Economic Commission for Western Asia would be convened at Baghdad from 28 April to 5 May 1979 (instead of from 16 to 20 April 1979);

(c) The sixth session of the Committee on Natural Resources would be convened at Istanbul from 5 to 15 June 1979 (instead of at Ankara);

(d) A resumed nineteenth session of the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination would be held at United Nations Headquarters, New York, from 4 to 7 September 1979.

1979/12. Non-governmental organizations

At its 4th plenary meeting, on 11 April 1979, the Council decided:

(a) To grant the following non-governmental organizations consultative status:

CATEGORY I

International Social Security Association;

CATEGORY II

Conference of European Churches;

Federation of Arab Scientific Research Councils;¹³

¹⁰ E/1979/25, annex.

¹¹ E/1979/25.

¹² For the calendar of conferences and meetings for 1979, see *Official Records of the General Assembly, Thirty-third Session, Supplement No. 3* (A/33/3), annex III, and *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1978, Supplement No. 1* (E/1978/78), decision 1978/80. See also decision 1979/2 above.

¹³ This organization was granted consultative status on condition that it did not seek such status, as an intergovernmental organization, with other organizations of the United Nations system.

International Centre for Industry and the Environment;

International Committee for European Security and Co-operation;

International Co-ordinating Committee of Financial Analysts' Associations;

International Fellowship of Reconciliation;

International Union of Young Christian Democrats;

ROSTER

American Foreign Law Association;

American Society for Engineering Education;

Association for World Education;

Bureau international de la récupération;

Caribbean Conservation Association;

Council on Religion and International Affairs;

Data for Development International Association;

European Federation for the Welfare of the Elderly;

European Union of Women;

Federation of National Committees in the International Christian Youth Exchange;

Friedrich Ebert Foundation;

International Association for Housing Science;

International Association for the Promotion of Democracy under God (Pro Deo);

International Council for Commercial Arbitration;

International Council for Game and Wildlife Conservation;

International Institute of Rural Reconstruction;

International League for the Rights and Liberation of Peoples;

La Leche League International;

Movement for a Better World;

Overseas Education Fund of the League of Women Voters;

Romani Union;

World Council of Indigenous Peoples;

World Environment and Resources Council;

(b) To reclassify two non-governmental organizations from category II to category I and two others from the Roster to category II, as follows:

CATEGORY I

Muslim World League;

World Muslim Congress;

CATEGORY II

International Electrotechnical Commission;

Pax Christi International;

(c) To take note of the report of the Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations¹⁴ and of the note by the Secretary-General,¹⁵ submitted in accordance with paragraph 19 of Council resolution 1296 (XLIV) of 23 May 1968, whereby he informed the Council of his intention to place on the Roster the Centre for Research on the New International Economic Order, as well as of the statements made during the debate.¹⁶

1979/13. Review of quadrennial reports submitted by non-governmental organizations in consultative status, categories I and II, with the Economic and Social Council

At its 4th plenary meeting, on 11 April 1979, the Council decided:

(a) That the following non-governmental organizations should be removed from category II and placed on the Roster, since they had failed to comply with the Council's request, contained in paragraph (g) of its decision 1978/16 of 5 May 1978, for the additional information necessary for a valid assessment:

Catholic International Union for Social Service,
International Abolitionist Federation,
International Institute of Public Finance,
Movement for Colonial Freedom,
Rotary International;

(b) That, since the International Association of Educators for World Peace had submitted a quadrennial report on its activities, its suspension should be lifted;

(c) That, since the International Union of Railways had not submitted a report, it should be suspended for one year, after which time its consultative status with the Council would be automatically withdrawn if it failed to submit a report on its activities.

1979/14. Appointment of members of the Sessional Working Group on the Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights

At its 5th plenary meeting, on 17 April 1979, the Council took note of the appointment by the President, in conformity with its decision 1978/10 of 3 May 1978, of the following fifteen members of the Council, which were also States parties to the Covenant, as members of the Sessional Working Group on the Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights: BARBADOS, COLOMBIA, CYPRUS, ECUADOR, FINLAND, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF, HUNGARY, PHILIPPINES, ROMANIA, RWANDA, SENEGAL, SPAIN, SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC, UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS and UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA.

¹⁴ E/1979/18 and Corr.1.

¹⁵ E/1979/26.

¹⁶ E/1979/SR.4.

1979/15. Assistance for the reconstruction and development of Lebanon

At its 11th plenary meeting, on 4 May 1979, the Council took note of the report of the Secretary-General on assistance for the reconstruction and development of Lebanon.¹⁷

1979/16. Report of the Statistical Commission

At its 13th plenary meeting, on 9 May 1979, the Council took note of the report of the Statistical Commission on its twentieth session¹⁸ and approved the objectives and the work programme recommended by the Commission in its report, it being understood that questions falling within the budgetary sphere would be reserved wholly for decision by the competent deliberative bodies.

1979/17. Launching of a programme of international drug abuse control strategy and policies

At its 13th plenary meeting, on 9 May 1979, the Council decided to bring to the attention of the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session the text of resolution 8 (XXVIII) of 23 February 1979 of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs,¹⁹ together with the principles annexed thereto and the comments made at the first regular session of 1979 of the Council.

1979/18. Report of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs

At its 13th plenary meeting, on 9 May 1979, the Council took note of the report of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs on its twenty-eighth session.²⁰

1979/19. Report of the International Narcotics Control Board for 1978

At its 13th plenary meeting, on 9 May 1979, the Council took note of the report of the International Narcotics Control Board for 1978.²¹

1979/20. Effects of the provisional agenda for the World Conference of the United Nations Decade for Women on the programme of work of the Council and of the Commission on the Status of Women

At its 14th plenary meeting, on 9 May 1979, the Council took note of the revised note by the Secretariat on the effects of the provisional agenda for the World Conference of the United Nations Decade for

¹⁷ E/1979/29.

¹⁸ *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1979, Supplement No. 3* (E/1979/23).

¹⁹ *Ibid.*, Supplement No. 5 (E/1979/35), chap. XIV.

²⁰ *Ibid.*, Supplement No. 5 (E/1979/35).

²¹ E/INCB/41 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.79.XI.2).

Women on the programme of work of the Council and of the Commission on the Status of Women.²²

1979/21. Report of the Preparatory Committee for the World Conference of the United Nations Decade for Women on its second session

At its 14th plenary meeting, on 9 May 1979, the Council decided to authorize the Secretary-General to transmit to the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session the report of the Preparatory Committee for the World Conference of the United Nations Decade for Women on its second session, which was to be held from 27 August to 7 September 1979.

1979/22. Transmittal of reports on social development questions for consideration by the General Assembly

At its 14th plenary meeting, on 9 May 1979, the Council decided to authorize the Secretary-General to transmit to the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session the following reports:

(a) *1978 Report on the World Social Situation*²³ and the annex thereto;²⁴

(b) *Patterns of Government Expenditure on Social Services: Supplement to the 1978 Report on the World Social Situation*;²⁵

(c) Progress report of the Secretary-General on the question of the elderly and the aged;²⁶

(d) Report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the Declaration on Social Progress and Development;²⁷

(e) Report of the Secretary-General on the application by Governments of a unified approach to development analysis and planning;²⁸

(f) Report of the Secretary-General on measures taken to implement the Declaration on the Promotion among Youth of the Ideals of Peace, Mutual Respect and Understanding between Peoples and the present and future role and the participation of youth in the development and nation-building process as well as in the promotion of international co-operation and understanding.²⁹

1979/23. Confirmation of six members of the Board of the United Nations Research Institute for Social Development

At its 14th plenary meeting, on 9 May 1979, the Council confirmed the nomination by the Commission for Social Development at its twenty-sixth session of the following five members of the Board of the United

Nations Research Institute for Social Development, for a four-year term beginning on 1 July 1979:

Paul-Marc Henry (France);

Vera Nyitrai (Hungary);

Achola Pala Okeyo (Kenya);

K. N. Raj (India);

Eugene B. Skolnikoff (United States of America).

The Council also confirmed the nomination of Rodolfo Stavenhagen (Mexico) for an additional term of two years beginning on 1 July 1979.

1979/24. Declaration on the Rights of Deaf-Blind Persons

At its 14th plenary meeting, on 9 May 1979, the Council took note of a Declaration on the Rights of Deaf-Blind Persons,³⁰ the text of which is annexed to the present decision, and decided to bring it to the attention of the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session as part of the documentation submitted under the question of the International Year for Disabled Persons.

ANNEX

Declaration on the Rights of Deaf-Blind Persons

ARTICLE 1

Every deaf-blind person is entitled to enjoy the universal rights that are guaranteed to all people by the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the rights provided for all disabled persons by the Declaration on the Rights of Disabled Persons.

ARTICLE 2

Deaf-blind persons have the right to expect that their capabilities and their aspirations to lead a normal life within the community and their ability to do so shall be recognized and respected by all Governments, administrators, educational and rehabilitation personnel and the general public.

ARTICLE 3

Deaf-blind persons have the right to receive the best possible medical treatment and care for the restoration of sight and hearing and the services required to utilize remaining sight and hearing, including the provision of the most effective optical and hearing aids, speech training, when appropriate, and other forms of rehabilitation intended to secure maximum independence.

ARTICLE 4

Deaf-blind persons have the right to economic security to ensure a satisfactory standard of living and the right to secure work commensurate with their capabilities and abilities or to engage in other meaningful tasks, for which the requisite education and training shall be provided.

ARTICLE 5

Deaf-blind persons shall have the right to lead independent lives as integrated members of the family and community, including the right to live on their own or to marry and raise a family. Where a deaf-blind person lives within a family, the greatest possible support shall be provided to the whole family unit by the appropriate authorities. If institutional care is advisable, it shall be provided in such surroundings and under such conditions that it resembles normal life as closely as possible.

³⁰ Adopted by the Helen Keller World Conference on Services to Deaf-Blind Youths and Adults on 16 September 1977.

²² E/1979/6/Rev.1.

²³ United Nations publication, Sales No. E.79.IV.1.

²⁴ E/CN.5/557/Add.2 and 3.

²⁵ United Nations publication, Sales No. E.79.IV.3.

²⁶ E/CN.5/562.

²⁷ E/CN.5/563.

²⁸ E/CN.5/566.

²⁹ E/CN.5/575.

ARTICLE 6

Deaf-blind persons shall have the right, and at no cost, to the services of an interpreter with whom they can communicate effectively to maintain contact with others and with the environment.

ARTICLE 7

Deaf-blind persons shall have the right to current news, information, reading matter and educational material in a medium and form which they can assimilate. Technical devices that could serve to this end shall be provided and research in this area shall be encouraged.

ARTICLE 8

Deaf-blind persons shall have the right to engage in leisure-time recreational activities, which shall be provided for their benefit, and the right and opportunity to organize their own clubs or associations for self-improvement and social betterment.

ARTICLE 9

Deaf-blind persons shall have the right to be consulted on all matters of direct concern to them and to legal advice and protection against improper abridgement of their rights due to their disabilities.

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For purposes of implementation of the Declaration on the Rights of Deaf-Blind Persons, the definition of deaf-blind persons is as follows:

"Persons who have substantial visual and hearing losses such that the combination of the two causes extreme difficulty in pursuit of educational, vocational, avocational, or social skills."

1979/25. Provisional rules of procedure for United Nations congresses on the prevention of crime and the treatment of offenders

At its 14th plenary meeting, on 9 May 1979, the Council approved the provisional rules of procedure for United Nations congresses on the prevention of crime and the treatment of offenders set forth below.

PROVISIONAL RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR UNITED NATIONS CONGRESSES ON THE PREVENTION OF CRIME AND THE TREATMENT OF OFFENDERS

Chapter I

REPRESENTATION AND CREDENTIALS

Composition of delegations

Rule 1

The delegation of each State participating in the Congress shall consist of a head of delegation and such other representatives, alternate representatives and advisers as may be required.

Designated representatives

Rule 2

An alternate representative or an adviser may act as a representative upon designation by the head of delegation.

Submission of credentials

Rule 3

1. The credentials of representatives shall be issued either by the Head of the State or Government or by the Minister for Foreign Affairs.

2. The credentials of representatives and the names of alternate representatives and advisers shall be submitted to

the Executive Secretary of the Congress, if possible not later than one week before the opening of the Congress. Any later change in the composition of delegations shall also be submitted to the Executive Secretary.

Credentials Committee

Rule 4

1. There shall be a Credentials Committee of nine members appointed by the Congress on the proposal of the President. Its membership shall, as far as possible, be the same as that of the Credentials Committee of the General Assembly of the United Nations at its preceding session.

2. The Credentials Committee shall itself elect from among the representatives of participating States a Chairman and such other officers as it considers necessary.

3. The Credentials Committee shall examine the credentials of representatives and report to the Congress.

Provisional participation in Congress

Rule 5

Pending a decision of the Congress upon their credentials, representatives shall be entitled to participate provisionally in the Congress.

Chapter II

OFFICERS

Elections

Rule 6

The Congress shall elect from among the representatives of participating States a President, and such a number of Vice-Presidents and a Rapporteur-General, as well as a Chairman for each of the sections provided for in rule 44, as shall bring the total number of officers to 25. These 25 officers shall constitute the General Committee and shall be elected on the basis of ensuring its representative character.

Acting President

Rule 7

1. If the President finds it necessary to be absent from a meeting or any part thereof, he shall designate one of the Vice-Presidents to take his place.

2. A Vice-President acting as President shall have the same powers and duties as the President.

Replacement of the President

Rule 8

If the President is unable to perform his functions, a new President shall be elected.

Voting rights of the President

Rule 9

The President, or a Vice-President acting as President, shall not vote, but shall designate another member of his delegation to vote in his place.

Chapter III

GENERAL COMMITTEE

Chairman

Rule 10

The President or, in his absence, one of the Vice-Presidents designated by him, shall serve as Chairman of the General Committee.

Substitute members

Rule 11

1. If the President or a Vice-President or the Rapporteur-General is absent from a meeting of the General Committee, he may designate a member of his delegation as his substitute.

2. In case of absence, the Chairman of a section shall designate another officer of the section or, if none is avail-

able, a member thereof. However, such a substitute shall not have the right to vote if he is of the same delegation as another member of the General Committee.

Functions

Rule 12

1. In addition to carrying out other functions provided in these rules, the General Committee shall assist the President in the general conduct of the business of the Congress and, subject to decisions of the Congress, shall ensure the coordination of its work.

2. At the request of the Chairman of a section, the General Committee may adjust the allocation of work to the sections.

Chapter IV

SECRETARIAT

Duties of the Secretary-General

Rule 13

1. The Secretary-General of the Congress shall be the Secretary-General of the United Nations. He, or his representative, shall act in that capacity in all meetings of the Congress and its subsidiary organs.

2. The Secretary-General shall appoint an Executive Secretary of the Congress and shall provide and direct the staff required by the Congress and its subsidiary organs.

Duties of the secretariat

Rule 14

The secretariat of the Congress shall, in accordance with these rules:

- (a) Interpret speeches made at meetings;
- (b) Receive, translate, reproduce and distribute the documents of the Congress;
- (c) Publish and circulate the report and the official documents of the Congress;
- (d) Make and arrange for the keeping of sound recordings of meetings;
- (e) Arrange for the custody and preservation of the records of the Congress in the archives of the United Nations;
- (f) Generally perform all other work that the congress may require.

Statements by the secretariat

Rule 15

The Secretary-General or any member of the secretariat designated for that purpose may at any time make either oral or written statements concerning any question under consideration.

Chapter V

CONDUCT OF BUSINESS

Quorum

Rule 16

The President may declare a meeting open and permit the debate to proceed when representatives of at least one third of the States participating in the Congress are present. The presence of representatives of a majority of the States so participating shall be required for any decision to be taken.

General powers of the President

Rule 17

1. In addition to exercising the powers conferred upon him elsewhere by these rules, the President shall preside at the plenary meetings of the Congress, declare the opening and closing of each such meeting, direct the discussions, accord the right to speak, put questions to the vote and announce decisions. He shall rule on points of order and, subject to

these rules, have complete control of the proceedings and over the maintenance of order thereat. The President may propose to the Congress the closure of the list of speakers, a limitation on the time to be allowed to speakers and on the number of times participants may speak on a question, the adjournment or closure of the debate, and the suspension or the adjournment of a meeting.

2. The President, in the exercise of his functions, remains under the authority of the Congress.

Points of order

Rule 18

Subject to rule 36, a representative may at any time raise a point of order, which shall be immediately decided by the President in accordance with these rules. A representative may appeal against the ruling of the President. The appeal shall be immediately put to the vote, and the President's ruling shall stand unless overruled by a majority of the representatives present and voting. A representative may not, in raising a point of order, speak on the substance of the matter under discussion.

Speeches

Rule 19

1. No one may address the Congress without having previously obtained the permission of the President, who shall, subject to rules 17, 19 and 22-25 call upon speakers in the order in which they signify their desire to speak. The Executive Secretary shall be in charge of drawing up a list of such speakers.

2. Debate shall be confined to the question before the Congress and the President may call a speaker to order if his remarks are not relevant to the subject under discussion.

3. The Congress may limit the time allowed to speakers and the number of times participants may speak on a question; a motion to set such limits shall be immediately put to the vote. In any event, the President shall limit interventions on procedural questions to a maximum of five minutes. When the debate is limited and a speaker exceeds the allotted time, the President shall call him to order without delay.

Precedence

Rule 20

The Chairman or another representative of a subsidiary organ may be accorded precedence for the purpose of explaining the conclusions arrived at by that organ.

Closing of the list of speakers

Rule 21

During the course of a debate the President may announce the list of speakers and, with the consent of the Congress, declare the list closed. When there are no more speakers on the list, the President shall declare the debate closed. Such closure shall have the same effect as closure pursuant to rule 25.

Right of reply

Rule 22

The right of reply shall be accorded by the President to a representative of a State participating in the Congress who requests it. Any other representative may be granted the opportunity to make a reply. Such replies should be as brief as possible.

Suspension or adjournment of the meeting

Rule 23

Subject to rule 36, a representative may at any time move the suspension or the adjournment of the meeting. Such motions shall not be debated, but shall be immediately put to the vote.

Adjournment of debate

Rule 24

A representative may at any time move the adjournment of the debate on the question under discussion. In addition to the

proposer of the motion, two representatives may speak in favour of and two against the motion, after which the motion shall be immediately put to the vote.

Closure of debate

Rule 25

A representative may at any time move the closure of the debate on the question under discussion, whether or not any other representative has signified his wish to speak. Permission to speak on the closure of the debate shall be accorded only to two speakers opposing the closure, after which the motion shall be immediately put to the vote.

Order of motions

Rule 26

Subject to rule 18, the following motions shall have precedence in the following order over all other proposals or motions before the meeting:

- (a) To suspend the meeting;
- (b) To adjourn the meeting;
- (c) To adjourn the debate;
- (d) To close the debate.

Items for consideration

Rule 27

The Congress shall consider the agenda items approved by the Economic and Social Council on the recommendation of the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control.

Proposals and amendments

Rule 28

Proposals shall normally be introduced in writing and handed to the Executive Secretary, who shall circulate copies to all delegations in all the official languages of the Congress. As a general rule, no proposal shall be discussed or put to the vote unless copies of it have been circulated to all delegations not later than the day preceding the meeting. The President may, however, permit the discussion and consideration of amendments, or motions as to procedure, even though these amendments and motions have not been circulated or have only been circulated the same day.

Withdrawal of proposals and motions

Rule 29

A proposal or motion may be withdrawn by its sponsor at any time before voting on it has commenced, provided that it has not been amended. A proposal or motion thus withdrawn may be reintroduced by any representative.

Decisions on competence

Rule 30

Subject to rule 18, any motion calling for a decision on the competence of the Congress to discuss any matter or to adopt a proposal submitted to it shall be put to the vote before the matter is discussed or a vote is taken on the proposal in question.

Reconsideration

Rule 31

When a proposal or motion has been adopted or rejected, it may not be reconsidered unless the Congress, by a two-thirds majority of the representatives present and voting, so decides. Permission to speak on a motion to reconsider shall be accorded only to two speakers opposing reconsideration, after which the matter shall be immediately put to the vote.

Chapter VI

VOTING

Voting rights

Rule 32

Each State represented at the Congress shall have one vote.

Majority required

Rule 33

1. Unless the Congress decides otherwise, decisions of the Congress on all matters of substance shall require a two-thirds majority of the representatives present and voting.

2. Unless the Congress decides otherwise and except as otherwise provided in these rules, decisions of the Congress on all other matters shall be taken by a simple majority of the representatives present and voting. If a vote is equally divided, the proposal or motion shall be regarded as rejected.

3. For the purpose of these rules, the phrase "representatives present and voting" means representatives present and casting an affirmative or negative vote. Representatives who abstain from voting shall be considered as not voting.

Method of voting

Rule 34

Except as provided in rule 41, the Congress shall normally vote by show of hands, but any representative may request a roll call, which shall then be taken in the English alphabetical order of the names of the States participating in the Congress, beginning with the one whose name is drawn by lot by the President. The name of each participating State shall be called in all roll calls, and its representative shall reply "yes", "no" or "abstention".

Explanation of vote

Rule 35

Representatives may make brief statements consisting solely of explanation of their votes, before the voting has commenced or after the voting has been completed. The representative of a State sponsoring a proposal or motion shall not speak in explanation of vote thereon except if it has been amended. The President may limit the time to be allowed for such explanations.

Conduct during voting

Rule 36

The President shall announce the commencement of voting, after which no representative shall be permitted to intervene until the result of the vote has been announced, except on a point of order in connexion with the process of voting.

Division of proposals

Rule 37

A representative may move that parts of a proposal shall be voted on separately. If objection is made to the request for division, the motion for division shall be voted upon. If the motion for division is adopted, those parts of the proposal that are approved shall be put to the vote as a whole. If all operative parts of the proposal have been rejected, the proposal shall be considered to have been rejected as a whole.

Amendments

Rule 38

An amendment is a proposal that does no more than add to, delete from or revise part of another proposal. Unless specified otherwise, the word "proposal" in these rules shall be considered as including amendments.

Order of voting on amendments

Rule 39

When an amendment is moved to a proposal, the amendment shall be voted on first. When two or more amendments are moved to a proposal, the Congress shall vote first on the amendment furthest removed in substance from the original proposal and then on the amendment next furthest removed therefrom, and so on until all the amendments have been put to the vote. Where, however, the adoption of one amendment necessarily implies the rejection of another amendment, the latter shall not be put to the vote. If one or more amendments are adopted, the amended proposal shall then be voted upon.

Order of voting on proposals

Rule 40

If two or more proposals, other than amendments, relate to the same question, they shall, unless the conference decides otherwise, be voted on in the order in which they were submitted. The Congress may, after each vote on a proposal, decide whether to vote on the next proposal.

Elections

Rule 41

All elections shall be held by secret ballot, unless the Congress decides otherwise in an election where the number of candidates does not exceed the number of elective places to be filled.

Rule 42

1. When one or more elective places are to be filled at one time under the same conditions, those candidates, in a number not exceeding the number of such places, obtaining in the first ballot a majority of the votes cast and the largest number of votes, shall be elected.

2. If the number of candidates obtaining such majority is less than the number of places to be filled, additional ballots shall be held to fill the remaining places.

Chapter VII

SUBSIDIARY ORGANS

Sections, subsections and working groups

Rule 43

There shall be as many sections of the whole as may be approved from time to time by the Economic and Social Council on the recommendation of the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control. Each section may set up subsections and working groups, to the extent permitted by available facilities.

Officers

Rule 44

1. In addition to a Chairman elected by the Congress pursuant to rule 5, each section shall itself elect two Vice-Chairmen and a Rapporteur from among the representatives of participating States.

2. Subsections and working groups shall each elect a Chairman and no more than two Vice-Chairmen from among the representatives of participating States.

Applicable rules

Rule 45

The rules contained in chapters II, IV, V and VI above shall be applicable, *mutatis mutandis*, to the proceedings of subsidiary organs, except that:

(a) The Chairmen of subsidiary organs other than the sections referred to in rule 43 may exercise the right to vote;

(b) A majority of the representatives on any subsidiary organs of limited membership shall constitute a quorum;

(c) Decisions of subsidiary organs shall be taken by a majority of the representatives present and voting except that reconsideration shall require the majority established by rule 31.

Chapter VIII

LANGUAGES AND DOCUMENTS

Official languages

Rule 46

Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian and Spanish shall be the official languages of the Congress.

Interpretation

Rule 47

1. Speeches made in an official language of the Congress shall be interpreted into the other such languages.

2. Statements may be made in a language other than an official language of the Congress if the speaker provides for interpretation into one of the official languages. Interpretation into the other official languages of the Congress by interpreters of the secretariat may be based on the interpretation given in the first such language.

Languages of official documents

Rule 48

Official documents shall be made available in the official languages of the Congress.

Sound recordings of meetings

Rule 49

The secretariat shall make sound recordings of meetings of the Congress and of the sections. Such recordings shall be made of meetings of other subsidiary organs when the body concerned so decides.

Chapter IX

REPORT OF THE CONGRESS

Rule 50

1. The Congress shall adopt a report, the draft of which shall be prepared by the Rapporteur-General.

2. The report shall be distributed as soon as practicable and not later than six months after the closing of the Congress to all States and to other participants in the Congress.

Chapter X

PUBLIC AND PRIVATE MEETINGS

General principles

Rule 51

1. The plenary meetings of the Congress and meetings of its subsidiary organs other than the General and Credentials Committees shall be held in public unless the body concerned decides otherwise.

2. Meetings of the General and Credentials Committees shall be held in private unless the body concerned decides otherwise.

Chapter XI

OTHER PARTICIPANTS AND OBSERVERS

Representatives of the United Nations Council for Namibia

Rule 52

Representatives designated by the United Nations Council for Namibia may participate in the deliberations of the Congress and its subsidiary organs.

Representatives of organizations that have received a standing invitation from the General Assembly to participate in the sessions and work of all international conferences convened under the auspices of the General Assembly in the capacity of observers

Rule 53

Representatives designated by organizations that have received a standing invitation from the General Assembly to participate in the sessions and work of all international conferences convened under the auspices of the General Assembly may participate as observers, without the right to vote, in the deliberations of the Congress, its sections, subsections and working groups and, as appropriate, in its other subsidiary organs.

Representatives of national liberation movements

Rule 54

Representatives designated by national liberation movements invited to the Congress may participate as observers, without the right to vote, in the deliberations of the Congress, its sections, subsections and working groups and, as appropriate, in its other subsidiary organs.

Representatives of United Nations organs and related agencies
Rule 55

Representatives designated by organs of the United Nations, the specialized agencies or the International Atomic Energy Agency may participate as observers, without the right to vote, in the deliberations of the Congress, its sections, subsections and working groups and, as appropriate, in its other subsidiary organs.

Observers for other intergovernmental organizations

Rule 56

Observers designated by other intergovernmental organizations invited to the Congress may participate, without the right to vote, in the deliberations of the Congress, its sections, subsections and working groups and, as appropriate, in its other subsidiary organs.

Observers for non-governmental organizations

Rule 57

Observers designated by non-governmental organizations invited to the Congress may participate, without the right to vote, in the deliberations of the Congress, its sections, subsections and working groups.

Individual experts and consultants

Rule 58

1. Individual experts in the field of crime prevention and the treatment of offenders may be invited to the Congress by the Secretary-General in their individual capacity and may participate, without the right to vote, in the deliberations of the Congress, its sections, subsections and working groups.

2. The Secretary-General may invite a small number of expert consultants to participate in the Congress at the expense of the United Nations. In inviting such expert consultants, the Secretary-General shall pay due regard to the principle of equitable geographical representation. Expert consultants thus invited may, as appropriate, initiate and assist in debates in the sections, subsections and working groups of the Congress.

Written statements

Rule 59

Written statements related to the work of the Congress submitted by the designated representatives, individual experts or observers referred to in rules 52-58 shall be distributed by the secretariat to all delegations in the quantities and in the languages in which the statements are made available to the secretariat for distribution, provided that a statement submitted on behalf of a non-governmental organization shall be on a subject in which it has a special competence.

Chapter XII

AMENDMENT OR SUSPENSION OF THE RULES OF PROCEDURE

Method of amendment

Rule 60

These rules may be amended by a decision of the Congress taken by a two-thirds majority of the representatives present and voting upon a recommendation of the General Committee.

Method of suspension

Rule 61

Any of these rules may be suspended by a decision of the Congress, provided that 24 hours' notice of the proposal for the suspension has been given, which may be waived if no representative objects; subsidiary organs may by unanimous consent waive rules pertaining to them. Any suspension shall be limited to a specific and stated purpose and to the period required to achieve it.

Period review of rules

Rule 62

After the completion of each Congress, the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control shall make appropriate recom-

mendations to the Economic and Social Council for such amendments to these rules as it may deem necessary.

1979/26. Report of the Commission for Social Development

At its 14th plenary meeting, on 9 May 1979, the Council took note of the report of the Commission for Social Development on its twenty-sixth session.⁸¹

1979/27. Report of the Population Commission

At its 14th plenary meeting, on 9 May 1979, the Council took note of the report of the Population Commission on its twentieth session,⁸² including the appendix thereto.

1979/28. Concise report on the world population situation in 1979

At its 14th plenary meeting, on 9 May 1979, the Council took note of the concise report on the world population situation in 1979⁸³ and decided to transmit it to the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session, taking into account the views and comments expressed in the Council during the consideration of the report.

1979/29. Study of the regional and national dimensions of the right to development as a human right

At its 15th plenary meeting, on 10 May 1979, the Council, noting resolution 4 (XXXV) of 2 March 1979 of the Commission on Human Rights,⁸⁴ decided to invite the Secretary-General, in co-operation with the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization and other competent specialized agencies, to follow up the study undertaken in pursuance of paragraph 4 of Commission resolution 4 (XXXIII) of 21 February 1977⁸⁵ with a study of the regional and national dimensions of the right to development as a human right, paying particular attention to the obstacles encountered by developing countries in their efforts to secure the enjoyment of that right, and to make the study available for consideration by the Commission on Human Rights at its thirty-seventh session.

1979/30. Seminar on the effects of the existing unjust international economic order on the economies of the developing countries

At its 15th plenary meeting, on 10 May 1979, the Council, noting resolution 5 (XXXV) of 2 March 1979 of the Commission on Human Rights,⁸⁴ decided to request the Secretary-General to organize in 1980,

⁸¹ *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1979, Supplement No. 4 (E/1979/24).*

⁸² *Ibid.*, Supplement No. 2 (E/1979/22).

⁸³ E/1979/16.

⁸⁴ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1979, Supplement No. 6 (E/1979/36)*, chap. XXIV.

⁸⁵ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Sixty-second Session, Supplement No. 6 (E/5927)*, chap. XXI.

within the framework of the advisory services programme, a seminar on the effects of the existing unjust international economic order on the economies of the developing countries, and the obstacle that this represents for the implementation of human rights and fundamental freedoms, particularly the right to enjoy adequate standards of living proclaimed in article 25 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

1979/31. Implementation of the Programme for the Decade for Action to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination

At its 15th plenary meeting, on 10 May 1979, the Council, noting resolution 8 (XXXV) of 5 March 1979 of the Commission on Human Rights,³⁴ decided to authorize the Chairman of the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities to appoint a working group of five of its members to meet for not more than three working days before the thirty-second session of the Sub-Commission to make specific proposals for a work programme to implement the goals and objectives of the Decade for Action to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination.

1979/32. Study of reported violations of human rights in Chile, with particular reference to torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment

At its 15th plenary meeting, on 10 May 1979, the Council endorsed the decision of the Commission on Human Rights in its resolution 11 (XXXV) of 6 March 1979,³⁴ taken in accordance with General Assembly resolution 33/175 of 20 December 1978, to authorize its Chairman to appoint Abdoulaye Diéye Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in Chile and to appoint, as experts in their individual capacity, Felix Ermacora and Waleed M. Sadi to study the question of the fate of missing and disappeared persons in Chile. The Council decided to request the Secretary-General to render to the Special Rapporteur and the experts all the assistance which they might require in their work and to request the General Assembly to make arrangements for the provision of adequate financial resources and staff for the implementation of Commission resolution 11 (XXXV).

1979/33. Violations of human rights in southern Africa: report of the *Ad Hoc* Working Group of Experts

1. At its 15th plenary meeting, on 10 May 1979, the Council, noting resolution 12 (XXXV) of 6 March 1979 of the Commission on Human Rights,³⁴ decided to recommend that:

(a) The appropriate United Nations bodies, acting in consultation with the competent specialized agencies, particularly the International Labour Organisation, should take the initiative of preparing an international convention on the rights of migrant workers;

(b) Special assistance should be granted to the countries neighbouring South Africa so as to enable

them to take effective action against the system of exploiting migrant workers which is in force in South Africa;

(c) Fresh efforts should be made to provide the *Ad Hoc* Working Group of Experts with the opportunity of making an on-the-spot study of living conditions in the prisons of South Africa and Namibia and of the treatment of prisoners in those countries;

(d) On the occasion of the International Year of the Child, the United Nations Children's Fund, acting in collaboration with the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, the World Health Organization and the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, should publish an investigation into the lot of black children in South Africa.

2. The Council also decided to request the General Assembly:

(a) To urge United Nations bodies to consider reserving, at each of their sessions, a special meeting which would be devoted to the struggle against *apartheid*, on which occasion the participants would censure the policy of *apartheid* and provide information concerning specific new measures which their respective countries or national institutions had taken or were planning to take to combat *apartheid*;

(b) To ensure that subsidiary bodies dealing with the problems of *apartheid* and racial discrimination should consider the possibility of a joint meeting each year for the purpose of discussing their respective experiences and co-ordinating their future activities;

(c) To arrange for the organization at least once a year, in some part of the world, of a symposium on *apartheid* and the various aspects of racial discrimination, in which the *Ad Hoc* Working Group of Experts would be invited to participate;

(d) To arrange for a study to be made of the South African Government's legitimacy, in view of its policy of *apartheid* and in particular its systematic refusal to apply the principles of the Charter of the United Nations, of international law and of the Declaration on Principles of International Law concerning Friendly Relations and Co-operation among States in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations,³⁶ and then to draw from that study all appropriate conclusions of law and of fact.

1979/34. Violations of human rights in southern Africa: mandate of the *Ad Hoc* Working Group of Experts

At its 15th plenary meeting, on 10 May 1979, the Council endorsed the decision of the Commission on Human Rights in its resolution 12 (XXXV) of 6 March 1979³⁴ to renew the mandate of the *Ad Hoc* Working Group of Experts.

1979/35. Situation of human rights in Equatorial Guinea

At its 15th plenary meeting, on 10 May 1979, the Council, noting resolution 15 (XXXV) of 13 March 1979 of the Commission on Human Rights,³⁴ decided to appeal to the Government of Equatorial Guinea to

³⁶ General Assembly resolution 2625 (XXV), annex.

extend its co-operation to the Commission on Human Rights in connexion with the implementation of that resolution and to approve the recommendation of the Commission that the material relating to the question, which was before the Commission under Council resolution 1503 (XLVIII) of 27 May 1970, should no longer be restricted.³⁷

1979/36. Question of international legal protection of the human rights of individuals who are not citizens of the country in which they live

At its 15th plenary meeting, on 10 May 1979, the Council, noting resolution 16 (XXXV) of 14 March 1979 of the Commission on Human Rights,³⁴ decided that the study³⁸ prepared by Baroness Elles, Special Rapporteur of the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities, on the question of international legal protection of the human rights of individuals who are not citizens of the country in which they live should be printed and given the widest possible dissemination; the Council also decided to transmit the draft declaration on the subject³⁹ to Member States for their comments and to the Commission on Human Rights at its thirty-sixth session so that it might consider it, in conjunction with the comments received, with a view to transmitting a report on the subject to the Council at its first regular session of 1980.

1979/37. Question of a convention on the rights of the child

At its 15th plenary meeting, on 10 May 1979, the Council, noting resolution 19 (XXXV) of 14 March 1979 of the Commission on Human Rights,³⁴ decided to bring to the attention of the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session Commission resolution 19 (XXXV) and chapter XI of the report of the Commission on Human Rights on its thirty-fifth session,⁴⁰ as well as the relevant portions of the summary records of the meetings held by the Second (Social) Committee during the first regular session of 1979 of the Council.⁴¹

1979/38. National institutions for the promotion and protection of human rights

At its 15th plenary meeting, on 10 May 1979, the Council, noting resolution 24 (XXXV) of 14 March 1979 of the Commission on Human Rights,³⁴ decided to recommend to the General Assembly:

(a) To include the subitem entitled "National institutions for the promotion and protection of human rights" in the agenda for its thirty-sixth session;

(b) To recommend to Member States that they should associate representatives of their national insti-

tutions with the contents of the debate on the above-mentioned subitem.

1979/39. The right of peoples to self-determination and its application to peoples under colonial or alien domination or foreign occupation

At its 15th plenary meeting, on 10 May 1979, the Council, noting decision 3 (XXXV) of 21 February 1979 of the Commission on Human Rights,³⁴ decided that the study⁴² prepared by Aureliu Cristescu, Special Rapporteur of the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities, on the historical and current development of the right to self-determination, and the study⁴³ prepared by Hector Gros Espiell, Special Rapporteur of the Sub-Commission, on the implementation of United Nations resolutions relating to the right of peoples under colonial and alien domination to self-determination, should be printed and given the widest possible distribution, including distribution in Arabic.

1979/40. Establishment of a working group of the Commission on Human Rights to examine situations referred to the Commission under Council resolution 1503 (XLVIII) and situations which the Commission has decided to keep under review

At its 15th plenary meeting, on 10 May 1979, the Council endorsed the decision of the Commission on Human Rights in its decision 13 (XXXV) of 9 March 1979³⁴ to set up a working group composed of five of its members to meet for one week prior to its thirty-sixth session, in order to examine such particular situations as might be referred to the Commission by the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities at its thirty-second session under Council resolution 1503 (XLVIII) of 27 May 1970 and those situations which the Commission had decided to keep under review.

1979/41. Report of the Commission on Human Rights

At its 15th plenary meeting, on 10 May 1979, the Council took note of the report of the Commission on Human Rights on its thirty-fifth session.⁴⁰

1979/42. Draft general principles on equality and non-discrimination in respect of persons born out of wedlock

At its 15th plenary meeting, on 10 May 1979, the Council took note of the note by the Secretary-General containing comments of Governments on the draft general principles on equality and non-discrimination in respect of persons born out of wedlock.⁴⁴

³⁷ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1979, Supplement No. 6 (E/1979/36)*, chap. X.

³⁸ E/CN.4/Sub.2/392 and Corr.1.

³⁹ E/CN.4/1336.

⁴⁰ *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1979, Supplement No. 6 (E/1979/36)*.

⁴¹ E/1979/C.2/SR.16 and 18-25.

⁴² E/CN.4/Sub.2/404.

⁴³ E/CN.4/Sub.2/405.

⁴⁴ E/1978/14 and Add.1-8.

1979/43. Transmittal of summary records to the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities

At its 15th plenary meeting, on 10 May 1979, the Council decided to transmit to the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities the summary records containing the Council's consideration of the item entitled "Human rights questions".⁴⁵

1979/44. Elections

1. At its 16th plenary meeting, on 10 May 1979, the Council held elections to fill the seats falling vacant on 31 December 1979 in its six functional commissions.

STATISTICAL COMMISSION

The following eight Member States were elected for a four-year term: AUSTRIA, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, ECUADOR, GHANA, HUNGARY, INDIA, IRAQ and KENYA.

Membership in 1980

	<i>Term expires on 31 December</i>
Austria	1983
Brazil	1980
Canada	1981
Czechoslovakia	1983
Ecuador	1983
Egypt	1981
Ethiopia	1981
France	1980
Ghana	1983
Hungary	1983
India	1983
Iraq	1983
Jamaica	1981
Japan	1980
Kenya	1983
Malaysia	1980
Panama	1980
Romania	1980
Spain	1981
Sweden	1980
Tunisia	1981
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	1981
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	1980
United States of America	1981

POPULATION COMMISSION

The following eight Member States were elected for a four-year term: ECUADOR, FINLAND, FRANCE, INDONESIA, MOROCCO, NIGERIA, SIERRA LEONE and UKRAINIAN SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLIC.

Membership in 1980⁴⁶

	<i>Term expires on 31 December</i>
Barbados	1981
Brazil	1980
Dominican Republic	1980
Ecuador	1983

⁴⁵ E/1979/C.2/SR.18-25, E/1979/SR.15.

⁴⁶ The Council postponed until a future session the election of one member from Asian States for a four-year term beginning on 1 January 1980.

*Term expires on
31 December*

Egypt	1981
Finland	1983
France	1983
Hungary	1980
India	1981
Indonesia	1983
Japan	1981
Malawi	1981
Morocco	1983
Netherlands	1980
Nigeria	1983
Norway	1980
Panama	1981
Rwanda	1980
Sierra Leone	1983
Spain	1980
Thailand	1980
Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic	1983
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	1981
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	1981
United States of America	1981
Zaire	1980

COMMISSION FOR SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

The following eleven Member States were elected for a four-year term: COSTA RICA, EL SALVADOR, FRANCE, INDONESIA, KENYA, MONGOLIA, MOROCCO, NETHERLANDS, UKRAINIAN SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLIC, UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS and UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

LESOTHO was elected for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1982.

Membership in 1980

	<i>Term expires on 31 December</i>
Bolivia	1982
Chad	1982
Chile	1980
Costa Rica	1983
Cyprus	1982
Denmark	1980
Ecuador	1980
El Salvador	1983
France	1983
Guinea	1980
India	1982
Indonesia	1983
Iraq	1980
Italy	1980
Kenya	1983
Lesotho	1982
Madagascar	1980
Mongolia	1983
Morocco	1983
Netherlands	1983
Nicaragua	1982
Norway	1982
Philippines	1980
Poland	1980
Romania	1982
Senegal	1982
Togo	1982
Turkey	1980
Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic	1983
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	1983
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	1982
United States of America	1983

COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS⁴⁷

The following twenty-one Member States were elected: ALGERIA, ARGENTINA, BYELORUSSIAN SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLIC, COSTA RICA, CYPRUS, DENMARK, ETHIOPIA, GHANA, GREECE, INDIA, JORDAN, MONGOLIA, NETHERLANDS, NIGERIA, PAKISTAN, PANAMA, PERU, SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC, UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS, UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND and ZAMBIA. The terms of the members elected, indicated below, were determined by lot.

Membership in 1980⁴⁸

	<i>Term expires on 31 December</i>
Algeria	1982
Argentina	1981
Australia	1980
Benin	1981
Brazil	1980
Bulgaria	1981
Burundi	1981
Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic	1982
Canada	1981
Colombia	1980
Costa Rica	1982
Cuba	1981
Cyprus	1982
Denmark	1982
Egypt	1980
Ethiopia	1982
France	1980
Germany, Federal Republic of	1981
Ghana	1980
Greece	1982
India	1982
Iran	1980
Iraq	1981
Ivory Coast	1980
Jordan	1980
Mongolia	1981
Morocco	1981
Netherlands	1982
Nigeria	1981
Pakistan	1981
Panama	1982
Peru	1982
Poland	1980
Portugal	1981
Senegal	1980
Syrian Arab Republic	1982
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	1982
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	1981
United States of America	1980
Uruguay	1981
Yugoslavia	1980
Zambia	1982

COMMISSION ON THE STATUS OF WOMEN

The following ten Member States were elected for a four-year term: CHINA, CUBA, FRANCE, GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC, GUATEMALA, HONDURAS, LESOTHO, NIGERIA, NORWAY and PAKISTAN.

⁴⁷ By paragraph 4 of its resolution 1979/36 of 10 May 1979, the Council increased the membership of the Commission from thirty-two to forty-three members, in accordance with the principles of equitable geographical distribution.

⁴⁸ The Council postponed until a future session the election of one member from Asian States for a one-year term beginning on 1 January 1980.

Membership in 1980

	<i>Term expires on 31 December</i>
Belgium	1980
Bulgaria	1980
China	1983
Cuba	1983
Czechoslovakia	1982
Finland	1982
France	1983
German Democratic Republic	1983
Germany, Federal Republic of	1980
Ghana	1982
Guatemala	1983
Honduras	1983
India	1980
Iraq	1982
Japan	1980
Lesotho	1983
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	1980
Madagascar	1980
Malaysia	1982
New Zealand	1980
Niger	1980
Nigeria	1983
Norway	1983
Pakistan	1983
Panama	1982
Peru	1980
Senegal	1982
Trinidad and Tobago	1980
Uganda	1982
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	1982
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	1982
United States of America	1982

COMMISSION ON NARCOTIC DRUGS

The following fifteen Member States were elected for a four-year term: ARGENTINA, COLOMBIA, FRANCE, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF, HUNGARY, INDIA, ITALY, MADAGASCAR, MALAWI, NORWAY, PAKISTAN, SPAIN, THAILAND, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA and YUGOSLAVIA.

Membership in 1980 and 1981

	<i>Term expires on 31 December</i>
Algeria	1981
Argentina	1983
Australia	1981
Belgium	1981
Brazil	1981
Colombia	1983
France	1983
German Democratic Republic	1981
Germany, Federal Republic of	1983
Hungary	1983
India	1983
Indonesia	1981
Iran	1981
Italy	1983
Japan	1981
Madagascar	1983
Malawi	1983
Mexico	1981
Norway	1983
Pakistan	1983
Panama	1981
Spain	1983
Thailand	1983
Togo	1981
Tunisia	1981
Turkey	1981

	<i>Term expires on 31 December</i>
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	1981
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	1981
United States of America	1983
Yugoslavia	1983

2. At its 16th and 17th plenary meetings, on 10 and 11 May 1979, the Council also held elections to fill vacancies in the following bodies: Commission on Human Settlements, Committee on Crime Prevention and Control and Commission on Transnational Corporations. At the 16th plenary meeting, it nominated Member States for election by the General Assembly to the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination. At the 17th plenary meeting, it took action in respect of the Committee on Natural Resources, the Committee on Science and Technology for Development and the Committee on Review and Appraisal.

COMMITTEE FOR PROGRAMME AND CO-ORDINATION

In accordance with the procedure instituted under its decision 139 (ORG-76), the Council nominated the following seven Member States for election by the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session for a term of three years beginning on 1 January 1980: ARGENTINA, COSTA RICA, FRANCE, SUDAN, UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS, UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA and UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

COMMISSION ON HUMAN SETTLEMENTS

The following nineteen Member States were elected for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1980: BELGIUM, CANADA, COLOMBIA, CUBA, EGYPT, FRANCE, GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC, HUNGARY, INDONESIA, IRAQ, LESOTHO, MALAYSIA, NETHERLANDS, NIGERIA, NORWAY, PAPUA NEW GUINEA, PERU, SIERRA LEONE and UGANDA.

Membership in 1980

	<i>Term expires on 31 December</i>
Argentina	1980
Australia	1981
Bangladesh	1981
Belgium	1982
Benin	1980
Burundi	1980
Canada	1982
Central African Empire	1980
Chile	1981
Colombia	1982
Cuba	1982
Czechoslovakia	1981
Ecuador	1980
Egypt	1982
France	1982
German Democratic Republic	1982
Germany, Federal Republic of	1981
Greece	1981
Guatemala	1981
Hungary	1982
India	1981
Indonesia	1982
Iran	1980
Iraq	1982
Italy	1981
Jamaica	1980
Japan	1980
Jordan	1981
Kenya	1981
Lesotho	1982
Malawi	1981
Malaysia	1982

	<i>Term expires on 31 December</i>
Mexico	1980
Netherlands	1982
Nigeria	1982
Norway	1982
Pakistan	1980
Papua New Guinea	1982
Peru	1982
Philippines	1980
Poland	1981
Portugal	1980
Rwanda	1980
Senegal	1981
Sierra Leone	1982
Sri Lanka	1981
Sudan	1980
Sweden	1980
Togo	1981
Uganda	1982
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	1980
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	1980
United Republic of Cameroon	1981
United Republic of Tanzania	1980
United States of America	1980
Venezuela	1981
Viet Nam	1981
Yugoslavia	1980

COMMITTEE ON CRIME PREVENTION AND CONTROL

In pursuance of General Assembly resolution 32/60 of 8 December 1977 and Council resolution 1979/30 of 9 May 1979, by which the Council increased the membership of the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control from fifteen to twenty-seven members, the Council elected fourteen members for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1982 and thirteen members for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1980. The terms were decided by lot.

Members⁴⁹

	<i>Term expires on 31 December</i>
Tolani Asuni (Nigeria)	1980
S. N. Badu (Ghana)	1980
Stanislav Vladimirovich Borodin (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics)	1982
Anthony John Edward Brennan (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland)	1980
Dhavec Choosup (Thailand)	1980
Dušan Cotić (Yugoslavia)	1982
Ronald L. Gainer (United States of America)	1980
Giuseppe di Gennaro (Italy)	1980
Aura Guerra de Villalaz (Panama)	1980
Ahmad M. Khalifa (Egypt)	1982
Manuel López-Rey y Arrojo (Bolivia) ...	1982
Francis Joseph Mahony (Australia)	1982
Mustafa Abdul Majid-Karah (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya)	1982
Albert Metzger (Sierra Leone)	1980
Jorge Arturo Montero (Costa Rica)	1982
Chadly Mohamed Ahmed Nefzaoui (Tunisia)	1982
John Olden (Ireland)	1982
P. R. Rajagopal (India)	1982
Simone Andrée Rozes (France)	1982
Saladh El-Din Salhadar (Syrian Arab Re- public)	1982
Miguel Schweitzer Speisky (Chile)	1980

⁴⁹ At its 17th plenary meeting, the Council postponed until a future session the election of one member from African States and one member from Eastern European States, to be nominated by Hungary, for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1980.

Ramananda Prasad Singh (Nepal)	1980
Silvino Julián Sorhegui Mato (Cuba)	1982
Yoshio Suzuki (Japan)	1982
Yip Yat-Hoong (Malaysia)	1980

COMMISSION ON TRANSNATIONAL CORPORATIONS

The following thirteen States were elected for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1980: BRAZIL, CUBA, KENYA, MEXICO, NETHERLANDS, PANAMA, SOMALIA, SWEDEN, UGANDA, UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS, UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA and ZAIRE.

Membership in 1980⁵⁰

	<i>Term expires on 31 December</i>
Algeria	1981
Argentina	1980
Benin	1980
Brazil	1982
Canada	1981
Colombia	1980
Cuba	1982
Fiji	1980
France	1980
German Democratic Republic	1980
Germany, Federal Republic of	1980
Ghana	1980
India	1981
Iran	1981
Iraq	1981
Italy	1981
Ivory Coast	1981
Jamaica	1981
Japan	1980
Kenya	1982
Mexico	1982
Netherlands	1982
Nigeria	1981
Pakistan	1981
Panama	1982
Peru	1981
Poland	1981
Romania	1980
Somalia	1982
Suriname	1980
Swaziland	1981
Sweden	1982
Switzerland	1980
Tunisia	1980
Turkey	1981
Uganda	1982
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	1982
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	1982
United States of America	1982
Venezuela	1981
Yugoslavia	1981
Zaire	1982
Zambia	1980

COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES

In the absence of candidates, the Council decided to postpone until a future session the election of two members from Asian States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1982.

⁵⁰ At its 16th plenary meeting, the Council postponed until a future session the election of three members from Asian States for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1980 and two members from Asian States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1980.

COMMITTEE ON SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY FOR DEVELOPMENT

The Council decided to postpone until the resumed second regular session of 1979 the election of eighteen members for a term of four years beginning on January 1980 and one member from Asian States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1982.

COMMITTEE ON REVIEW AND APPRAISAL

Since the Council, by its decision 1979/2, had decided that the fifth session of the Committee on Review and Appraisal, scheduled to be held from 14 May to 1 June 1979, would not take place, elections to that Committee were postponed until a future session.

3. At its 16th to 18th plenary meetings, on 10 and 11 May 1979, the Council held elections to the following bodies: Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund, Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme, Committee on Food Aid Policies and Programmes and International Narcotics Control Board. At the 17th plenary meeting, on 11 May 1979, it took action in respect of the Executive Committee of the Programme of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees.

EXECUTIVE BOARD OF THE UNITED NATIONS CHILDREN'S FUND

The following ten States were elected for a three-year term beginning on 1 August 1979: AUSTRALIA, BURUNDI, FRANCE, HUNGARY, JAPAN, LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA, MEXICO, SOMALIA, UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS and UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Membership from 1 August 1979

	<i>Term expires on 31 July</i>
Afghanistan	1980
Australia	1982
Barbados	1980
Burundi	1982
Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic	1981
Canada	1980
Chile	1980
France	1982
Germany, Federal Republic of	1980
Ghana	1981
Hungary	1982
India	1981
Japan	1982
Jordan	1980
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	1982
Mexico	1982
Netherlands	1981
Norway	1980
Pakistan	1980
Philippines	1981
Senegal	1981
Somalia	1982
Sweden	1981
Switzerland	1981
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	1982
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	1981
United States of America	1982
Venezuela	1981
Yugoslavia	1980
Zambia	1980

GOVERNING COUNCIL OF THE UNITED NATIONS
DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME

The following sixteen States were elected for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1980: BELGIUM, BRAZIL, CANADA, DENMARK, FRANCE, GABON, KUWAIT, LIBERIA, MALAWI, MALAYSIA, NEW ZEALAND, NORWAY, ROMANIA, RWANDA, SRI LANKA and UGANDA.

Membership in 1980

	<i>Term expires on 31 December</i>
Argentina	1980
Austria	1981
Bangladesh	1981
Belgium	1982
Brazil	1982
Canada	1982
China	1981
Colombia	1981
Cuba	1981
Czechoslovakia	1980
Democratic Yemen	1980
Denmark	1982
Ecuador	1980
Egypt	1981
Fiji	1981
Finland	1980
France	1982
Gabon	1982
Gambia	1981
Germany, Federal Republic of	1980
Greece	1981
Indonesia	1980
Italy	1981
Ivory Coast	1980
Japan	1981
Jordan	1980
Kenya	1980
Kuwait	1982
Liberia	1982
Malawi	1982
Malaysia	1982
Mexico	1981
Netherlands	1980
New Zealand	1982
Norway	1982
Poland	1980
Romania	1982
Rwanda	1982
Senegal	1980
Sierra Leone	1981
Spain	1980
Sri Lanka	1982
Switzerland	1980
Trinidad and Tobago	1980
Uganda	1982
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	1981
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	1981
United States of America	1981

COMMITTEE ON FOOD AID POLICIES AND PROGRAMMES

The following five States were elected for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1980: ARGENTINA, IRELAND, LESOTHO, MEXICO and UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND.

Membership in 1980

*Term expires on
31 December*

Members elected by the

Economic and Social Council

Argentina	1982
Bangladesh	1980
Greece	1980
Hungary	1980
Ireland	1982
Japan	1981
Lesotho	1982
Mexico	1982
New Zealand	1981
Niger	1981
Norway	1980
Pakistan	1981
Sweden	1981
Tunisia	1980
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	1982

Members elected by the FAO Council⁵¹

Angola	1981
Australia	1980
Brazil	1981
Canada	1980
India	1980
Kenya	1981
Netherlands	1981
Saudi Arabia	1980
Thailand	1981
United States of America	1980

INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL BOARD

The Council elected six members of the International Narcotics Control Board for a five-year term beginning on 2 March 1980.

Membership from 2 March 1980

*Term expires on
1 March*

*Members elected by the Economic and Social
Council to serve on the Board as constituted
under the 1972 Protocol Amending the
Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961*

Nikolai K. Barkov (Union of Soviet So- cialist Republics)	1982
Bela Bölc (Hungary)	1985
Daniel Bovet (Italy)	1982
Tadeusz L. Chrusciel (Poland)	1982
Babakar S. M. Diop (Senegal)	1985
Diego Garcès-Giraldo (Colombia)	1985
Betty C. Gough (United States of America)	1982
Sükrü Kaymakçalan (Turkey)	1982
Mohsen Kchouk (Tunisia)	1985
Victorio V. Olguín (Argentina)	1985
Paul Reuter (France)	1982
Jehan S. Saleh (Iran)	1982
Jasjit Singh (India)	1985

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE PROGRAMME OF THE
UNITED NATIONS HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR REFUGEES

The Council decided to postpone until the second regular session of 1979 the election of up to nine additional members of the Executive Committee of the Programme of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, which was to have been held in accordance with General Assembly resolution 33/25 of 29 November 1978.

⁵¹ The five remaining seats are to be filled by the Council of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations at its session to be held in the fourth quarter of 1979.