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UNITED NATIONS RELIEF AND WORKS AGENCY FOR PALESTINE REFUGEES IN THE NEAREAST

Report of the Working Group on the Financing of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East

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I. INTRODUCTION

A. Origin and background of the Working Group

- 1. The Working Group on the Financing of the United Nations Relief and Work8
 Agency for Palestine Refugee8 in the Near East (UNRWA) was established by the
 General Assembly under rerolution 2656 (XXV) of 7 December 1970 to study all
 aspects of the financing of the Agency. In the resolution, the Assembly requested
 the Working Group to assist the Secretary-General and the Commissioner-General of
 UNRWA in reaching solution8 to the problems posed by the Agency'8 financial crisis.
- 2. At the twonty-fifth and succeeding sessions, the General Assembly connidered the reports submitted to it by the Working Group, 1/ and adopted rerolutionr commending the efforts of the Working Group and requesting it to continue them for a further year, 2/
- 3. The Working Group consists of the representatives of France, Ghana, Japan, Lebanon, Norway, Trinidrd and Tobago, Turkey, thr United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America, The Chairman of the Working Group is Mr, Mustafa Aksin of Turkey,

B. Consideration of the report of the Working Group at the forty-second session of the General Assembly

- 4. The report of the Working Group on it8 activities in 1907 3/ was considered by the General Assembly at it8 forty-second session under agenda item 79, entitled "United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East". At it8 3rd plenary meeting, on 21 September 2987, the Assembly decided to include this item in it8 agenda and to allocate it to the Special Political Committee, which considered it at it8 8th to 15th meetings, between 26 October and 4 November 1987.
- 5. At the 15th meeting of the Committee, on 4 November 1987, the representative of the Netherlands introduced a draft rerolution entitled "Working Group on the Financing of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East" (A/SPC:42/L.7) sponsored by Austria, Bangladesh, Canada, Denmark, Gernany, Federal Republic of, India, Indonesia, Malaysia, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Pakistan, the Philippines, Spain, Sweden and Yugoslavia, subsequently joined by Liberia.
- 6. Under the terms of the draft resolution, the General Assembly would:
- (a) Comment the Working Group for it8 efforts to assist in ensuring the Agency's financial security;
 - (b) Take note with approval of the report of the Working Group;

- (c) Request the Working Group to continue it8 efforts, in an anoperation with the Secretary-General and thr Commissioner-General of UNRWA, for the financing of the Agency for a further period of one year;
- (d) Request the Secretary-General to provide the necessary services and assistance to the Working Group for the conduct of its work,
- 7. At it8 15th mooting, on 4 November 1987, the Committee adopted the draft resolution without a vote.
- 8. At it8 89th plenary meeting, on 2 December 1987, the General Assembly considered the draft resolution regarding the Working Group, which had been recommended by the Special Political Committee together with other draft resolutions under this item, The Assembly adopted the draft resolution without a vote as resolution 42/69 B on 2 December 1987,

II. ACTIVITIES OF THE WORKING GROUP DURING 1988

- 9. Throughout the year, the memberr of the Working Group have followed with concern the difficulties experienced by the Agency and, in particular, the serious financial rituation it continued to face. The Working Group held two meetings, on 14 September and 11 October 1988, to consider the recent developments in the Agency's financial rituation and to prepare its report to the Genrral Assembly. The Working Group adopted its report at its mooting on 11 October 1988,
- 10. At it8 meeting on 14 September 1988, the Working Group heard the Comptroller of UNRWA who submitted an up-to-date report on the financial rituation of the Agency (see sect. III below),

FINANCIAL SITUATION OF THE UNITED NATIONS RELIEF AND WORKS AGENCY

11. In 1987, UNRWA was again able to maintain its regular programme of services without spending more than it received, This was Quo in large measure to the generosity of its traditional donors, many of whom responded to the Commissioner-General's request that the level of their contributions be slightly increased. At the end of 1987, income to the General Fund exceeded expenditure by some \$3 million, thus making it possible to increase the operating reserve to \$25 million, It should be noted, however, that this level is still 1088 than adequate in relation to the size of the Agency's operations, since it covers regular expenditures for Only about six weeks. Any delay in payments by major contributors can easily give rise to cash flow problems, as happened in 1988, when the Commissioner-General was obliged to appeal to some donors to speed up their payments in order to avoid a serious cash crisis. It rhould also be noted that although the Agency's regular services were covered, the construction programme, which is funded separately from earmarked contributions, war again underfunded and much of the construction work had to be postponed yet again.

- 12, Regrettably, the financial situation of the Agency in 1988 promises to be lrss healthy than in 1987. This is due partly to substantial cuts in the contributions from some donors and insufficient increases in other contributions, and partly to increased requirements in the Agency's services. According to present projections, it appears that cash contributions to the General Fund will fall short of the budgeted requirements of \$176.6 million by some \$2 million, Should this projected shortfall materialise, the resultant excess of expenditure over income will have to be net by drawing on the operating reserve. It may therefore be no longer possible to sustain the recent trend towards financial stability or to continue to build up an adequate level of working capital,
- 13, Apart from its regular programme of services to the refugees, the cost of which is net from the General Fund, the Agency is currently operating two special emergency programmes for refugees, one in Lebanon and one in the occupied territories. The programme in Lebanon is being financed from the Lebanon Emergracy Fund, which was established at the beginning of 1987. The balance in that fund, amounting at the beginning of 1988 to some \$7 million, most of which is earmarked to assist refugees in repairing their shelters, is expected to be spent by the end of 1988, The expanded programme in the occupied territories, which became operative in February 1988, is also being financed by special contributions, and funding is assured to the end of 1988,
- 14. The budget for 1989 is still in the process of being prepared; it is therefore too early to state the funding requirements precisely, However, based on early projections, expenditure to maintain the regular programme at current levels, including ongoing projects, is expected to increase in 1989 by about \$11 million from \$207 million to about \$218 million, This increase of about 5 per cent will be necessary to meet the growing requirements for Agency services brought about by growth in the school population, increasing use of Agrncy health services and unavoidable area staff salary increases. A corresponding increase in contributions will therefore have to be sought, Moreover, requirements for construction are likely to be about \$15 million and will call for a substantial increase in actual funding over 1988 levels, as many much-needed construction projects could not be embarked upon in 1988 because of insufficient contributions,
- 15. In considering the Agency's financial needs for 1989, thr two emergency programmes will also have to be taken into account. On present indications, the balance in the Lebanon Emergency Fund will be exhausted by the end of 1988, In due course, and in the light of developments in Lebanon, the Commissioner-General will have to decide whether the programme should be continued. If he decides that it should, additional funding will have to be sought. Similar considerations apply to the programme for the occupied territories, This programme consists partly of emergency measures and partly of longer-term projects, Funds specially pledged for the latter purpose will be available in 1989, but only a limited amount of funding for thr emergency measures will be available beyond the end of 1988.
- 16. In the introduction to his annual rrport for 19874988, the Commissioner-General has expressed his serious concern about the financial prospects for the noxt few years. Given the assumption that UNRWA requires an average yearly increase of about 5 per cent in its funding just to maintain basic

programmes at current levels, and given also the decreased level of contributione obtained eo far for the current year, it may not be realistic at the present time to expect that income over the next few yearn will keep pace with when when when when we required by the programme, in view of this, the Agency will not allow for any growth in administrative cr.ts in its budget for 1989. Considering the growing requirements for services under its regular programme and for the extraordinary programmer in Lebanon and the occupied territories, this restriction will place en increasingly heavy burden on the administrative and operational support staff.

XV. CONCLUDING REMARKS

- 17, The Working Group is pleased to note that UNRWA received sufficient contributions in 1987 to enable it to maintain its regular recurrent programme of education, health and relief eervicoa in general aacordanae with its plane, It expresses its appreciation to donors, especially those who increased their contributions, for making thie result possible. The Working Group also commende the Commicaionor-General for his financial management of the Agency as well as for his rucceeaful efforts to secure additional funding, It also notes that the Agency's operational reserve had boon built up to \$28 million at the end of 1987 which, however, it agrees, still does not provide an adequate outhion againet any delay that might occur in the payment of pleages. The Working Group la also concerned to note the continued chortfall in contributione earmarked for construction and the concequential further postponement of construction of much-needsd facilities.
- 18. The Working Group expresses ite ooncorn that, on present indicationa, income in 1988 may be insufficient to cover the cost of maintaining services. It hopes that, by a combination of additional contributions and continued tight control over expenditure, the projected deficit may be avoided. The Working Group is concerned to hear that some countries have not been able to maintain the level of their contributions in 1988, end expresses the hope that thie dovelopment will prove to be of a temporary nature only,
- 19. The Working Group shares the Cotnmieeionor-General's concern about funding for the Agency in the future, especially in light of the apparent decline in contributions in 1988. It notes that the Commissioner-General envisages an annual growth of 5 per cent in expenditure over the next few years simply in order to maintain its regular programmes at current levels. This will require a corresponding increase in contributions and continued strict control over expenditure if deficits and eventual cute in services are to be avoided. The Working Group notes further that as well as having to secure funding for its regular programmes, the Agency has also mounted special operations in Lebanon and in the occupied territories for which additional funding will be required if they are to be continued beyond 1988.
- 20, The Working Group therefore strongly urger all Government8 to bear in mind these conriderations when deciding upon the level of their contributions for 1989, In particular it urgs that:

- (a) Governments that have not contributed to UNRWA start to contribute;
- (b) Governments that have so far made only relatively small contributions make more generous contributions;
- (c) Governments that have in the part generously made special contributions to UNRWA do eo again;
- (d) Governments that in the part have made generous contribution@ to UNRWA continue to do so and strive to increase them;
- (e) dovernmente should consider making special additions1 contribution8 for construction projects, without affecting their contribution8 to the regular funds
- (f) Governments pay their contributions as early as possible in the calender year \cdot

Notes

- 1/ Official Records of the General Assembly. Twenty-fifth Session. Annexes, agenda item 35, doaumrnt A/8264; ibid., Twenty-sixth Session, Anxent-agenda item 38, document A/8476; ibid., Twenty-seventh Session, Annexec, genda item 40, document A/8849; ibid., Twenty-eighth Session, Annexes, agenda item 43, document A/9231; ibid., Twenty-ninth Session, Annexes, agenda item 38, document A/9815; ibid., Thirtieth Session, Annexes, agenda item 54, docwnente A/10268 and A/10334; ibid., Thirty-first Session, Annexes, agenda item 53, document A/31/279; ibid., Thirty-second Session, Annexes, agenda item 55, document A/32/278; ibid., Thirty-third Session, Annexes, agenda item 50, document A/33/320, ibid., Thirty-fourth Session. Annexes, @ genda item 50, document A/34/567; ibid., Thirty-fifth Session. Annexes, agenda item 53, document A/35/579; ibid., Thirty-sixth Session. Annexes, agenda item 60, document A/36/615; ibid., Thirty-seventh Session, Annexes, agenda item 65, document A/37/591; ibid., Thirty-eighth Session, Annexes, agenda item 73, document A/38/558; ibid., Thirty-ninth Session, Annexes, agenda item 75, document A/39/5751 ibid., Fortieth Session. Annexes, agenda item 79, document A/40/736; and ibid., Forty-first Session, Annexes, agenda item 79, document A/41/702.
- 2/ Resolutions 2791 (XXVI) of 6 December 1971, 2964 (XXVII) of 13 December 1972, 3090 (XXVIII) of 7 December 1973, 3330 (XXIX) of 17 December 1974, 3419 (XXX) of 8 December 1975, 31/15 C of 23 November 1986, 32/90 D of 13 December 1977, 33/112 D of 18 December 1978, 34/52 D of 23 November 1979, 35/13 D of 3 November 1980, 36/146 E of 16 December 1981, 371120 A of 16 December 1982, 38/83 B of 15 December 1983, 39/99 B of 14 December 1984, 40/165 B of 16 December 1985, and 41/69 B of 3 December 1986.
- 3/ Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-second Session, Annexes, agenda Item 79, document A/42/633.