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FINANCIAL REPORTS AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, AND REPORTS OF THE BOARD OF AUDITORS

Report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions

- 1. The Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions met with members of the Audit Operations Committee of the Board of Auditors in September 1988 and discussed with thorn the Board's reports to the General Assembly on the financial reports and accounts of the United Nations, 1/ including the International Trade Centre, 2/ and the United Nations University, 3/ for tho biennium ended 31 December 1987; the United Nationr Development Programme, 4/ the United Nations Children's Fund, 5/ the United Nation, Relief and Works Agency for Palescine Refugees in the Near East, 6/ the United Nations Institute for Training and Research, 7/ the voluntary funds administered by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, 8/ the Fund of the United Nations Environment Programme, 9/ the United Nations Population Fund, 10/ all for the year ended 31 Docember 1987; and the United Nations Habitat and Human Settlementr Foundation 11/ for the biennium ended 31 Decamber 1987, The Advisory Committee 's observations on the report of the Board on the account6 of the United Nations Joint Staff Pension Fund for the year ended 31 December 1987 12/ will be submitted separately to the General Assembly at its forty-third session, in a report that will also include the Committee's recommendations on the report of the United Nations Joint Staff Pension Board.
- 2. In addition, the Advisory Committee examined the Board's report 13/ on its expanded audit of the financial report and accounts of the United Nation. Children's Fund for the year ended 31 December 1986, which ham been submitted pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2 of General Assembly resolution 421206 of 11 December 1987.
- 3. The Advisory Committee also had before it a note by the Secretary-General (A/43/445), transmitting the summary of principal findings and conclusions for remedial action contained in the reports of the Board of Auditors, which was

prepared by the Auditors in accordance with paragraph 8 $_{\mathrm{Of}}$ General Assembly resolution 42/206.

4. In paragraph 3 of it8 report (A/41/632) to the General Assembly at it8 forty-first session, the Advisory Committam stated:

5. The Board of Auditors has since modified the format and presentation of its reports, taking into account the observations and recommendations of the Advirory Committee guetrd in paragraph 4 above. During its consideration of the Board's current reports to the General Assembly at its forty-third ression, the attention of the Advisory Committee was drawn to a tendency on the tof the Administrations to insist on detailed and even verbatim reroductions of their responses to comments contained in the Board's reports. In thir connection, the Committee wishes to stress that it never intended the end-result of its position quoted in paragraph 4 above to involve the inclusion of lengthy administrations in the reports of the Board, The Committee firmly believes that it is the prerogative of the Board, in consultation with the Administrations concerned, to determine the length of its reports.

United Nations

- 6. The Advirory Committee has xominod the financial reportr and resountr for the biennium ended 31 December 1907 and the related report of the Board of Auditors 1/ in respect of regular budget activities, trust fundr and special accounts.
- 7, Varioum aspects of budgetary control are discussed by the board in paragraph 859 to 116 of its report.
- 8. In paragraphs 67 to 79, the Board considers the question of raising and recording unliquidated obligation in accordance with the delivery principle for goods and orviom, including acquisition of squipment, in line with generally accepted accounting principles or with United Nation8 Financial Regulation 4.3, which states:

"Regulation 4.3. Appropriations rhrll remain • vrilrblo for twelve monthr fallowing the rnd of thr finrnoial period to which they relate to the • xtont that they • ro required to discharge obligations in respect of goods supplied and services rendered in the financial period and to liquidate any other outrirnding legal obligation of the finrncirl period. The balance of the appropriations shall be surrendered."

The Board states it8 views that "the application of that regulation ham been inconsistently and less strictly applied in the raising and recording of unliquidated obligations" (para. 68) and that "the criteria for raising and recording unliquidated obligations should be brought in line with the provisions of regulation 4.3 and, specifically, that sections 6 and 8 of the Finance Manual mumt be reconsidered...with a view to requiring the consistent application of the delivery principle for goods and services, including acquisition of equipment, provided for in regulation 4.3" (para. 69). The Committee understands that in so far as the United Nations is concerned, the Board did not consider this matter to be sufficiently material to qualify its opinion; however, this was not the case with UNDP and UNFPA (see paras. 28 and 39 below).

- 9. The Advisory Committee notes that the Board's proposals quoted in paragraph 8 above and the Administration's response (para. 70) involve different interpretations of delivery period and disbursement period. The Committee notes that the Board's interpretation of the delivery principle can best be illustrated as follows: if a mocor car in ordered in 1988 (and funds obligated in 1988) but is delivered and paid for in 1989, such disbursement murt be counted against 1989 expenditure. The Committee observes, however, that much an approach carries with it the potential for complicating the established programme budgeting process, since it would involve decreasing prior year appropriations and increasing appropriations for the next year,
- 10. Thr Advisory Committee notes that a number of the instances cited by the Board relate to the procurement by thr United Nations, UNDP and UNFPA of equipment for tochnicsl co-operation activities, The Advisory Committee points out that long lead times are often involved in such transactions and that the entering into of commitments well in advance of delivery doer not necessarily represent an abuse. In tha circumstances, the Advirory Committee believer that the status quo ante should be maintained, with strict financial control ensured by enforcement of existing procedures for the certification of commitment8 and the monitoring of Obligating funds without a specific and demonstrated need for them should not be seen as a means to retain balances of appropriations that would otherwise be surrendered. In this connection, the Advirory Committee draws attention to its continuing and close involvement with this issue, as evidenced by its observations and recommendation contained in paragraphs 32 to 35 of its first report on the proposed programme budget for the biennium 1988-1989. 14/ The Committee believes that implementation by the United Nations Administration of its recommendations will result, in future years, in better control and significantly lower levels of unliquidated obligations.
- 11. The Advisory Committee notes that the Administration has agreed with the Board's technical recommendation (pars. 79) that unliquidated obligations relating to UNDP-funded projects that have remained valid beyond 12 months rhould be transferred to and reported as accounts payable in the relevant financial statements.
- 12. In paragraphs 86 and 87, the Board comments on a resolution adopted by the Economic and Social Council authorizing the International Narcotics Control Board (INCB) or the Head of its secretariat to transfer credits from one item to another

in the INCB budget, The Board considers this situation to be contrary to the regular provisions regarding budgetary control. In this connection, the Advisory Committee is of the view that implementation of the above Economic and Social Council remolution mhould not in any way contravenr any United Nations financial regulations or rules on budgetary control. In the circumstances, the Committee concurs in the Board's position and tocommendation contained in paragraph 87 of its report that "the wording of the above-mentioned resolution be reconsidered, with a view to bringing thr INCB in line with regular budget acontrol procedure".

- 13, The activities of the five Multinational Programming and Operational Centres (MULPOCs) of the Economic Commission for Africa (ECA) are considered in paragraphs 88 to 92 of thr Board's report, In the light of the findings reported, the Advimory Committee requests that the United Nations Administration carry out without delay the Board's recommendation in paragraph 91 that "the chirvment of the MULPOCs be thoroughly evaluated with a view to deciding whether this expariment mhould be continued or whether the mandate, number and mtructure of there centres mhould be completely reorganised". At the same time, the Committee recommends that the Administration mhould almo urgently reappraise the ECA Pan-African Documentation and Information System (PADIS) in view of its implementation and funding problems identified in paragraphs 177 to 180 of thr Board's report.
- 14, The use of programme support funds is discussed in paragraphs 93 to 95 of the Board's report. The Advimory Committee mtrongly endorses the Board's view in paragraph 94 that "programme mupport resources mhould be used in areas where a domonstrable relationship ximtm between the supporting ctivitiem concerned and the ctivitiem that generated the programme support revenue". The Committee notes that this observation of the Board applier not only to the United Nations but to other organisations much am UNDP and UNFPA am well,
- 15. Payroll and personnel information systems are xemined in paragraphs 117 to 170 of the Board's report,
- 16. The question of loaned posts is discussed in paragraphs 141 to 144 of the Board's report, The Advimory Committee shares the view expressed by the Board in this regard that such loans mhould be for rhort durations only; otherwise it would call into question justifications outputted in the Secretary-General's programme budget documents for the establishment and continuation of those posts.
- 17, The Advimory Committee trusts that the problem8 and weaknesses of the existing personnel information systems identified in paragraphs 145 to 150 of the Board's report will be addressed when the proposed integrated management information system is approved and implemented,
- 18. Paragraphs 159 to 162 of the Board's report contain its review of the dministration of procedures concerning dependency llowancos (in particular, the number of adopted children ntitled to dependency benefits) at officer away from Headquarters. In paragraph 162, the Board submits a broad recommendation that a "review of the xirting regulations and rules on dependency allowance be further pursued to determine the financial implications of the rule on the number of

dependants qualified to receive allowances and other related staff benefits, with due consideration given to clarifying the basis of measuring the financial capabilities of rtaff members in providing main and continuing support to dependants". In its detailed response contained in paragraph 161 of the Board's report, the United Nations Administration, inter alia, states:

"The present provisions concerning definition of deprndanta, i.e. who, and under what conditions, should be recognized as dependants for the purposes of the Staff Regulations and Rules, has been the subject of inter-agency consultation since 1953 and review by the International Civil Service Commission (ICSC). The present provisions reflect the agreement on the matter reached by the organizations participating in the United Nations common system in the Consultative Committee on Administrative Questions in July 1980 and approved by ICSC."

- 19, The Advisory Committee notes that the ICSC continues to be seized with the question of entitlement to dependency benefits. With regard to the broader aspect of overall administration of staff entitlements, the Advisory Committee notes that the f indings and problems reported by the Board on the subject indicate that there is need for the United Nations Administration to exercise more stringent control in determining such entitlements and authorizing expenditure6 in this regard.
- 20. In paragraphs 169 and 170, the Board discloses instances of the routine charging of salaries of permanent staff members discharging functions of a continuing nature to the general temporary aceistance allotments at ECA. The Advisory Committee is concerned by the apparent increase in such incidents reported by the Board and recommends that the United Nations Administration take immediate measures to discourage this practice.
- 21. Procurement and contractual service6 are considered in paragraph6 181 to 215 of the Board's report. The Advisory Committee notes that a number of weaknesses are revealed in the Board's report with regard to the negotiation, bidding and award of contracts in the Organization. The Committee sought additional information from the United Nations Admin'stration with regard to observations raised in paragraphs 196 to 201 by the Board concerning building maintenance problems at the Park Avenue building rented for use as archival storage space. The Committee was informed that all the building maintenance problems identified in the Board's report had since been repaired. In view of the expensive advantages and taking into account space constraints at Headquarters, the United Nations Administration had decided to continue the contract,
- The Board's examination of revenue-producing activities (pares. 233-281), which focused on the operational and financial activities of the United Nations Postal Administration (UNPA), had disclosed a number of significant deficiencies. The Advisory Committee takes note of the United Nations Administration's general agreement with the Board's findings and its stated intention to implement a reorganization plan of UNPA, ad described in paragraph 257 of the Board's report. In this connection, the Committee requests that the Administration reflect the results of such reorganization, as well as the status of implementation of the Board's recommendations, in the praposed programme budget for the biennium 1990-1991.

- 13. The Board's review of control and physical inventory of repondable and non-expendable property (paras. 313-320) revealed a number of control weaknesses in the United Nations peace-keeping operations. The Advisory Committee is concerned at the instances cited by the Board, paraially in view of developments that are xpoat8d to increase significantly the United Nation8 peace-keeping activities.
- 24. In paragraphs 321 to 323, the Board's reports its findings concerning the provision of conference services at thr United Nations Office at Geneva. With regard to difficulties of scheduling meetings, the Advisory Committee observes that the problems cited by thr Board and be conference, the Advisory Committee observes that the problems cited by thr Board and be conference, were legislative bodies to refrain from active involvement in scheduling such meetings. However, in practice, because of political and other considerations, legislative bodies octively participate in dominion-making an to the venues and timing of meetings. With regard to specific co-ordination and related difficulties in the efficient scheduling of meetings and fficient use of conference-servicing resources, the Committee concurm in the Board's recommendation that substantive user-units and user organisations must co-operate closely with the Conference Services Division of the United Nations Office at Geneva in this regard.

International Trade Centre

- The Board's audit. opinion, inter alic, states: "The financial statements were prepared in accordance with the stated accounting principles, which were applied on a basis consistent with that of thr preceding financial period. The transactions were in accordance with the Financial Regulations and legislative authority, except for the drviationr mentioned in paragraphs 24, 26 and 28 of our report." 15/ The Board'8 qualified opinion is attributable to it8 identification and discussion of three instances of departures by ITC from generally accepted accounting principle8 and from the United Nation8 financial regulations, rules and directives, i.e., to certain aspects of it8 policies and practices concorning allotment procedure (paras. 20-25), deferred income (para. 26) and operating reserve (paras. 28 and 29). However, in paragraph 24 of it8 report, 2/tha Board stat88 that it8 mention of such departures in it8 audit opinion "should not be taken as an indication of mismanagement, or oven a lack of prudence on the part of the Administration". In this connection, the Advisory Committee notes from paragraphs 25, 16 and 28 of the Board'8 report that the ITC Administration has agreed to review, in consultation with the United Nations, its policies and practices in the three areas, with a view to addressing the Board's concerns.
- 26. The subject of staff refund by ITC to the United Nations Office at Geneva for services rendered is considered in paragraph 37 of the Board's report. The Committee note8 that in response to the Board's observations, the ITC Administration intends, together with the Administration of the United Nation8 Office at Geneva, to review such services and the modalities of their compensation.

United Nations University

27, Budgetary control is considered in paragraph 872 to 75 of the Board'8 report. 3/ The Board ● □□□M□□□□⁴ its opinion that authority granted to the Rector by the University Council to allocate and utilise any additional funds that may be received by the Univerrity during the biennium 1986-1987 for programme activities and to transfer funds from one item to another without exceeding the grand total of the approved budget "contravenes the very intent of programme budgeting" (para. 73) and recommend8 that "this grant of authority be reconsidered" (para. 75). / n this connection, the Advisory Committee note8 the University Administration's response, contained in paragraphs 76 and 77 of the Board's report, that "the authority of the Rector is not an indefinite authority and that the representatives of the United Nations and of the United Nation8 Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation were present and were involved in the decisions of the Council [and that] the Advirory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions war fully aware of thin authority" (para. 76). Morcovrr, "the adjustments/allocation of additional fund8 were mad8 only for programme activities and not for personnel" (para. 77). The Advirory Committee intends to monitor the situation with a view to ensuring that the Rector's exercise of such authority granted is not indiscriminate and does not prejudice the lecision-making perogatives of the Governing Council of the University.

United Nations Development Programme

- The Advisory Committee notes that the audit opinion submitted by the Board of 28. Auditor8 regarding it8 report on UNDP 4/18 qualified by a number of observations. At the request of the Advirory Committee, members of the Audit Operation8 Committee confirmed that of the observations in question, the main on8 related to the Board'8 view that it could not comment on UNDP programme expenditures executed and reported by United Nation8 executing agencies (paras. 61-63) and on expenditures pertaining to government-executed projects (para.66), pending further changes in certification procedures. Thin has been the Board's position since the 1966 The other observations relate to the Board's views concerning the delivery concept for equipment and unliquidated obligations against budgetary appropriation8 (paras. 52, 71 and 93), thr Board's comments concerning documentation in support of cash-counterpart expenditures (para. 70), the Board's view that the UNDP Administration should fully reflect government contributions to local office costs in statement I (para. 73), the Board's recommendations that UNDP accounting procedures in respect of treatment of interest income and amortisation of construction projects expenditure should be modified (paras. 76 and 80, respectively), and the Board's findings on overruns on allotments (paras. 103-105).
- 29. With regard to the certification of programme expenditures executed and reported by United Nations executing agencies, the Advisory Committee notes from paragraphs 51 and 60 to 65 of the Board's report that discussions with a view to resolving the matter are in. progress between the variour partiec concerned. The Committee trusts that there discussions will lead to an acceptable eolution to the problem for UNDP as well as for UNFPA (see pars, 39 below).

- 30. The Advirory Committee notes thr observations of the Board concerning the troatment and audit of government-executed projects and the related response of the UNDP Administration (paras. 57 and 56, and 59 and 66, respectively). The Committee also notes from paragraph 70 that in response to the Board's comments concerning documentation in support of cash-counterpart xponditure, the UNDP Administration has undertaken to dditter the issue.
- 31. In paragraphs 52, 53, 71 and 93 of it8 rrport, the board discusses the delivery concept for equipment and unliquidated obligations equipment budgetary appropriations. The responses of the UNDP Administration are contained in paragraphs 54 and 72 of the Board's report. The related views of the Advirory Committee concerning this matter are contained in paragraphs 9 and 10 above.
- 32. The UNDP Administration's rorponro to the Board's rocommondation concorning thr treatment in statement I of government contributions to local office costs is contained in paragraph 74 of the Board's report. The Advirory Committee trusts that further consultations will be carried out by the Board and the UNDP Administration with a view to resolving their difference of opinion on this matter,
- 33. The Committee notes from paragraph 76 of the Board's report 'hat in response to the Board's recommendation concerning UNDP accounting procedures in respect of troatment of interest income, the 'NDP Administration has agreed to examine its current practice in this regard. With regard to the Board's recommendation concerning UNDP accounting procedures in respect of amortisation of construction projects of reportion projects or ponditure, the Advirory Committee notes the UNDO Administration's response contained in paragraph 81 of the Board's report.
- 34. In it8 rorponro to the Board'8 findings on overrun8 on allotments, the UNDP Administration describes the ffortr it has undrrtaken and the additional control measures it has introduced, which it expects will n8uro stricter budgotary discipline and thereby keep the overruns to a minimum (para. 106).
- 35, In it8 consideration of the question of redeployment of resources from the field to headquarters (paras. 107 and 108), the Board comments again "on the nearly total flexibility granted to the Administration in the management of the budget" (para. 107) since the UNDP budget is appropriated under a single appropriation line. In this connection, the Advirory Committee reiterates it8 views contained in paragraph 12 Of it8 report to the General Assembly at it8 forty-second session (A/42/579), that "On the basis of the information given to the Advirory Committee regarding the pattern of expenditure, a compelling case has not yet been made to change the appropriation resolution at this time, The Advirory Committee requests the Board to keep this matter under review and to report back to the Advirory Committee and the Governing Council if the situation so warrants."
- 36. The Board examines the liquidity position of UNDP in paragraphs 115 and 116 of it8 report. Taking into account statistical data comparing changes in the liquidity position between 31 December 1966 and 31 December 1987, the Board states in paragraph 115 that "The gap between inflows of contributions and outflows of
- xponditures is thus widening, thereby increasing the xcess of income over
- xponditures and ventually the balance of general resources as well as the

liquidity position." In its report on UNFPA, 10/ the Board also submits a factual statement about a similar increase in the liquidity position of that organisation (see para. 40 below). The Board's reviews of the liquidity positions of UNDP and UNFPA have been carried out pursuant to the request of the General Assembly in its resolution 40/238, paragraph 5, of 18 December 1985,

37. In this connection, the Advirory Committee recalls that in paragraph 11 of its earlier report (A/42/579), thr Committee stated that it "believes that the question of the proper level of the UNDP financial reserve is complex, as it involves both general resources and other funds received by UNDP for specific purposes. The Advirory Committee is of the view that the matter rhould be addressed by the Governing Council, which could provide specific guidance on points of substance as well as presentation." The Committee also notes that measures recently adopted by the UNDP Governing Council as well as currency developments in 1988 will affect the liquidity position of UNDP in the future,

United Nations Population Fund

- 38. In it8 audit opinion, the Board, inter alia, states "The financial statements were prepared in accordance with the stated accounting policies, which were applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding financial period. Also, in our opinion, a8 explained in paragraph8 38 and 62 of our report, thr relevant stated uccounting policy rhould be brought in line with generally accepted accounting principles. Transactions wore in accordance with the Financial Regulations and legislative authority"? 16/
- 39. The Board's qualified opinion is based on two grounds. Firstly, for reasons explained in paragraph 38 of its report, 10/ the Board could not comment on UNFPA programme expenditures executed and reported by United Nations executing agencies. Secondly, as explained in paragraph 62, the present practice of UNFPA with regard to cut-off rules for charging expenditure to the proper financial period war not based on a consistant application of the delivery principle for goods and services, including acquiations \(\text{N} \) \(\text{quipmont}, \) in line with United Nations financial regulation 4.3. The Advirory Committee notes that the Board's observations on expenditure by executing agencies are being addressed (see para. 29 above). As regards the Board's second observation concerning application of the delivery principle, the Committee takes note of the Board's finding that UNFPA rules appear to be more lax than those of the United Nations. The Committee'e views regarding the delivery principle are contained in paragraphs 9 and 10 above.
- 40. In paragraph 64 of it8 report, the Board states that "the liquidity position of UNFPA increased by 35 per cent in 1967 and stood at 46 per cent of total 1987 expendi tures as at year-end". The related observations of the Advisory Committee concerning a similar increase in the liquidity position of UNDP are contained in paragraph 37 above.
- 41, The financial accounting procedure8 and relationships of UNFPA with UNDP are considered in paragraph8 57 to 59 of the Board's report. Following a discussion Of weaknesses detected in the present <u>de facto</u> arrangements, the Board recommend8 in

paragraph 59, that "procedures currently performed by UNFPA and UNDP on a 'verbal understanding basis' should be formalised in a written agreement a8 provided for by rules 103.1 (b), 116.1 and 116.2 of th8 UNFPA Financial Regulations and Rules". UNFPA and UNDP reach'd of qroomont in mid-June 1988 on one (services performed by UNDP on behalf of UNFPA and the basis upon which those services are to be charged) out of three of the praifically identified by the Board in paragraph 59 (a) to (c) of it8 report. The Advirory Committee requests that the Board of Auditor8 review this and other agreements (see para. 42 below) negotiated between UNFPA and UNDP concerning the modalities of their relationship, with a view to verifying whether suchagreementshave of their relationship, with a view to verifying whether

- 42. Cash management rranyrm8ntr in UNFPA are reviewed in paragraph8 66 and 67 of the Board's report. The Advirory Committee notes that this x8mination has led the Board to observe that the delineation of responsibilities with respect to cash and investments between UNFPA, the United Nations Treasury and the UNDP Treasury "is not atiroly clear to all parties concerned" (para. 66) and to suggest, inter alia, that "new and more straightforward rrang8mant8 could be devised within the general agreement currently bring negotiated between UNFPA and UNDP with respect to their accounting and financial relationships" (para. 67) (see para. 41 above).
- 43. Personnel matters are addressed in paragraphs 73 + 576 of the Board's report. In paragraph 74, th8 Board states: "Substantial changes in the approved staffing tables were introduced during thr latter part of 1987 as a result of the reorganization of the organizational units of UNFPA at headquarters, which became ffoctive on 1 September 1987. We noted that such changes were undertaken without the prior approve' _ the [UNDP] Governing Council or ACABQ, which [UNFPA] financial regulation 11.5 would have called for. However, we noted that 8uch approval was sought a8 part of the authorisations requested from the Governing Council in the revised budget estimates for the biennium 1988-1989 submitted to it at it 8 June 1988 session." Thr Advirory Committee dealt with this matter in paragraph8 3 to 9 of its rrport (DP/1984/44) to the thirty-fifth (1968) session of the Governing Council on the Executive Director's reports on the UNFPA revised budget • rimater for the 1988-1989 biennium and on the review of overall staffing requirements in the field and at headquarters. In it8 report (ibid., para. 5), the Committee expressed similar concerns as those • XQrOssOd by the Board and quoted above. At the same time, while not interposing any objection to UNFPA's reorganization at headquarters, thr Committee recommended (ibid., para. 9) that "the Governing Council may wish to seek further reassurance from the UNFPA Administration that the revised functional allocation8 will, inter alia, achieve the objectives of maximizing efficiency and eliminating duplication of work, and that the fragmentation of consistent units will not load to future grade creep and substantial now requests for port reclassifications".
- 44. The use and management of consultancy services by UNFPA is considered in paragraphs 77 to 81 of the Board's report. In this connection, in response to observations raised by the Board, the UNFPA Administration states it8 opinion that "the evaluation of consultants had no bearing on the contractual obligation to pay for services rendered, a8 long as the unit responsible for the ongagement of the consultant issued the 'Certification for Payment to Consultant' form" (para. 80) and that "there is contractual obligation to pay consultants in full, even though

the 'finished **product'** may turn out to be poor" (para. 81). The Advisory Committee disagrees with that opinion and fully supports the Board's recommendation in paragraph 80 that "as provided in article 3 of the special service agreement, consultants performing very poorly should not receive the full compensation agreed upon".

45. The Board discusses programme and administrative expenditure in UNFPA in paragraphs 84 to 88 of its report. In paragraph 87, the Board states that "clear and **precise** guidelines to determine which costs pertain to programmes and which **to** administrative and support services are required and must be consistently applied from one year to the next to ensure a fair representation of the operations of UNFPA in the financial statements". The Advisory Committee shares the views expressed by the Board above and intends to continue to monitor this question in the context of its examination of future administrative and programme support budgets of UNFPA.

Uni N ions Children's Fund

- **46.** The Advisory Committee has no comments regarding the Board's report on the accounts of UNICEF for the year ended 31 December 1987. 5/
- 47. The Committee also considered the Board's report on its expanded audit of the financial report and accounts of the United Nations Children's Fund for the year ended 31 December 1986, 13/ which has been submitted pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2 of General Assembly resolution 42/206. In addition, pursuant to the request contained in paragraph 37 of its report (A/42/579) to the General Assembly at its forty-second session, the Advisory Committee received a report from the Executive Director of UNICEF on the status of implementation by UNICEF of the recommendations contained in the Board of Auditors' report that were not subject to the expanded audit (E/ICEF/1989/AB/L.3).
- 48. As a result of the expanded audit, the Board has now rendered a clean opinion on the UNICEF accounts for 1986. The UNICEF Administration has accepted most of the recommendations contained in this report of the Board. However, as can be seen from paragraphs 71 to 81 of the Board's report, there remains a difference of opinion between UNICEF and the Board concerning the latter's observations and recommendations on the question of temporary allocations by UNICEF from general resources to supplementary-funded projects. In this connection, the Advisory Committee recommends that the UNICEF Administration should clarify the matter and seek the guidance of its Executive Board at its 1989 session in the context of the Executive Director's forthcoming report on full evaluation of supplementary funds policies and procedures as they relate to programme implementation (see E/ICEF/1989/AB/L.3, annex, part B, item 1).
- **49.** Paragraphs 64 to 68 of the Board's report on its expanded audit of the UNICEF accounts for 1986 deal with the fortieth anniversary celebration of UNICEF. In order to facilitate the work of the spring 1988 session of the UNICEF Executive **Board**, which included an agenda item on this **matter**, the Advisory Committee

reviewed, on the basis $\square \mathscr{D}$ • advance text, thr above-mentioned paragraphs of the Board's report, rnd submitted its related comments by • letter dated 20 April 1988 to the Executive Director of UNICEF. These comments are reproduced below:

"The Advirory Committee notes from paragraph 66 of the provisions of [A/42/5/Add.2, vol. II] that 'a total of \$2,561,460.82 of 1966 expenditures were charged against the 1985 budget, contrary to the provisions of financial regulation 4.2'. In addition to the amounts previously identified by the Board additional 1988 XpenditUres of \$243,409.32 were also identified as having been charged against the 1985 budget. In this appropriate the Advirory Committee recalls the statement in paragraph 22 of its report in document E/ICEF/1988/AB/L.12 that it is improper to charge funds to one biennium for commitments riving in the Following biennium.

"The Advirory Committee notes from paragraph 68 of thr xp8nd.d audit [A/42/5/Add.2, vol. II] that, with regard to the Revolving Fund, the Board recommended that 'the xpxnditurer that had been charged to 'the Revolving Fund rhould be charged instead against the 1986 administrative budget of UNICEF, with Executive Board approval'. In this connection the Committee recalls that in its report A/42/5/Add.2, para. 69, the Board of Auditors had recommended that 'As required by financial regulations 6.6 and 6.7, the Administration rhould report to the ACABO the repoller servelving fund with a clear specification of the fund's purposes and limits.'

"In paragraph 24 of it8 report E/ICEF/1988/AB/L.12, the Advisory Committee concurs with the observations of the Board of Auditors and in paragraph 25 of th8 ram8 report the Advisory Committae states that it has reviewed the St8bli8hmont of the special account (revolving fund) and ix not of the view that it should be approved.

"Th: Advirory Committee notes that in paragraph 64 of its report on the expanded audit [A/42/5/Add.2, vol. III. the Board of Auditor8 'verified the amount8 of obligation8 raised and the expenditure8 incurred in 1985, 1906 and 1987 for the celebration of the fortieth anniversary of the ● 8t8bli8hmOnt **of** UNICEF, including the First Earth Run and the Sport Aid campaign'. to paragraph 65 of the XQ8nd.d audit, gross expenditures totalled \$7,673,124.45 while \$4,721,748.72 was recovered from commercial income xpenditure of \$2,951,375.73. The Advirory Committee resulting in not recalls that during the original audit of thr 1986 UNICEF accounts the Board of Auditor8 draw attention '.o the shortfall which had occurred in anticipated incomr from commercial sources which had resulted in an excess of expenditure8 and recommended, inter alia, that 'the Administration rhould submit to the Executive Borrd 8 request for approval, on 8 post factum basis, of the total amount of financial resources • xpondod for the commemoration' (A/42/5/Add.2, para. 65). In paragraph 65 of the xp8nd.d audit [A/42/5/Add.2, vol. II] the Board recommends that 'the gross amount of xpondituro8 8nd the not amount charged to the administrative budget rhould be reported to the Executive Board'. In the same paragraph the Board of Auditor8 indicates that it was informed by the UNICEF Administration that a detailed report on the Fortieth Anniversary celebration would be presented to the 1988 Executive Board for

approval. The Advisory Committee undarrindr that this report wan not available to the Board of Auditors for its review. The Committee regrets this, specially in view of the Committee's observations on that report (as contained in paras. 20-27 of E/ICEF/1988/AB/L.12), which the Committee reiterates at this time.

"Al though the clear, unambiguous information referred to in paragraph 28 of the Committee's report (E/ICEF/1988/AB/L.12) has not boon received, in viaw of the recommendation of thr Board of Auditors in paragraph 65 of the expanded audit [A/42/5/Add.2, vol. II], the Advisory Committee will not interpose any objection to the recommendations made by the Executive Director in paragraph 21 of E/ICEF/1988/AB/L.9 with thr understanding that the expenditures to be \bigcirc \bigcirc by the Executive Board on a post factor basis are those verified by the Board of Auditors which appear in paragraph 65 Of the expanded audit [A/42/5/Add.2, vol. II]."

United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East

- 50. In its audit opinion, tha Board, inter alia, states: "The financial statements were prepared in accordance with the reader accounting principles. Substantial changes in the reatrd accounting policies were introduced in 1987 a8 mentioned in our report. The transactions were in accordance with the Financial Regulation8 and legislative authority, • xcopt for the • ffoctr of tha observations mentioned in paragraph 21 of our report." 17/ The Advisory Committee note8 from paragraphs 20 and 21 of the Board's report 6/ that at the time of closing its 1987 accounts, and without discussion with the external auditors prior to implementation, the UNRWA Administration rerponded to a 1986 recommendation of thr Board by introducing a now accounting policy with respect to contribution8 that providas for the recording both of contribution8 in kind and of contribution8 in cash on the cash basis of accounting. However, the response of UNRWA apparently exceed8 the intended scope of the Board's 1966 rrcommondation, since the Board recalls that, its recommendation "related only to contribution8 in kind" (pars. 21). The Board also ● ⊠□□□□□□□□□□□□ its opinion8 that "such a hasty restatement of the 1987 accounts was not justified" and that "it would have boon more appropriate to modify the financial regulations and ruler [of UNRWA] in compliance with the proper procedures before introducing the new accounting policy rather than the other way around" (ibid.).
- 51. None the less, the Board has not interpored any substantive objection to the new accounting policy of UNRWA and has eubmitted a number of technical recommendations intended to nsure that the financial statem has prepared on the basis of the new policy comply with the Board's recommendations. In this connection, the Advisory Committee notes that the UNRWA Administration has agreed to implement the Board's technical recommendations.

United Nations Institute for Training and Research

52. The Advisory Committee has no comments regarding the Board's report on the caounta of UNITAR. 1/

Voluntary Funds administered by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees

- 53. In paragraph 4 of the Board's report, \$/ it is stated that "the Administration's rffortr to improve the operational d financial management and control yatom of UNHCR, in particular, relating to the ffootivon@88 and fficiency of the operations • d ministration of the organisation, hrvr begun to show positive ffooti", In response to inquiries from the Advisory Committee, members of the Audit Operationa Committee tated that this development, together with improved bookkeeping performance on the part of UNHCR, contributed to the Board's rendering of a clean opinion on the UNHCR acounta for thr year ndod 31 December 1987, despite its recording of a number of other significant management lapses and weaknesses on the part of the UNHCR Administration.
- 54. Of the instances of significant management lapses and weaknesses cited by the Board in its report, the Advisory Committee was particularly concerned by those related to a project to deliver and distribute food and maise in a hoot acuntry (paras. 24-29), procurement of inappropriate of the deliver and expression and exercises and exercises and exercises (paras. 30-39), exclusion of UNHCR from procurement decisions for a multi-assistance project in a host acuntry (paras. 40-48), and improper contract exercises for the sale of food aid (paras. 65-68).
- 55. The Advisory Committee believes that the problems identified above point not only to a continuing need for better oo-ordination between UNHCR headquarters, field staff and their local counterparts, but also to laak of full pproaiation and understanding of the situation in the field. In this connection, the Advisory Committee drawn attention to the Board's observation in paragraph 4 of its report, that "programme planning and implementation, and the monitoring of projects, in particular at the field office level, still require further strengthening to ensure that programme deliveries regarding assistance to refugees vis-à-vis contributions are further maximised". The Committee trusts that with the UNHCR Administration's acknowledgement of the problems identified and its agreement to implement the Board's recommendations, similar management lapses will not recur.
- 56. Outstanding unliquidated obligations are considered in paragraph 62 to 64 of thr Board's report. In response to its inquiries, members of thr Audit Operationa Committee explained that in the case of UNHCR, the Board did not make reference to its broad discussion laowhoro of the criteria for raining and recording unliquidated obligations vis-i-vis the delivery principle for goods and services, including acquisition of equipment, in line with thr generally ocopted accounting principles or with United Nations financial regulation 4.3 (see paras. 8-10 above),

because the Board's observations and rrcommrndationr concerning UNHCR dealt specifically with the need for UNHCR to improve its performance in the liquidation of project funds (by, inter alia, obtaining timely reports from its executing agencies).

- 57. The engaprement of consultants, experts and temporary engage 88iStanoo is considered in paragraphs 78 to 90 of the Board's report. Paragraphs 79 to 82 deal, in particular, with the UNHCR Administration's non-conformity to procedures for calling for bids or proposals in aontracting for consultancy services. In response to the Advirory Committee's inquiries, members of the Audit Operations Committee stated that the Board's observations and recommendations were directed, in particular, at the absence of competitive bidding in the award by UNHCR of a number of large management consultancy controter to institutions. The Advisory Committee fully concurs in the Board's observations and recommendations on this matter and notes the UNHCR Administration's assurance of its intention to take corrective action.
- 58. Pursuant to the request contained in paragraph 63 of its report (A/42/579) to the General Assembly at its forty-rocond session, the Advirory Committee received end took note of a report from thr High Commissioner 12/ on the status of implementation by UNHCR of thr recommendations contained in the Board of Auditors' special programme audit of thr voluntary funds administered by UNHCR, conduated in 1987 (the full text of section I of thr Board's special report was reproduced in document A/42/579, annex I),

Fund of the United Nations Environment Programme

59, The operation and use of the UNEP Revolving Fund (information) is discussed in paragraphs 45 to 48 of the Board's report. 2/ In paragraph 50, in the light of its findings, the Board concludes that "it is therefore clear that the performance of this undertaking as a self-supporting one cannot be fully assessed in the absence of proper matching of costs against revenue" and recommends that "a study be made to assess whether thr undertaking has • ttained self-sufficiency by • nruring that all coots are properly matched against corresponding revenues". The Advirory Committee concurs in the Board's stated position and recommends that the UNEP Administration undertake an urgent review with a virw to determining the status and future of this Revolving Fund.

United Nations Habitat and Human Settlements Foundation

60. The case of a General Service rtaff member who resigned and then was rehired at the Professional level, only to be subsequently • ngagod a8 a consultant, is examined in paragraph8 28 to 35 of the Board's report. 11/ The Advirory Committee fully supports the Board's position and shares the Board's disagreement with the Administration's response. The Committee believes that the actions of the Administration in this case are regrettable, and caution8 the Administration against any recurrence of such improper actions.

Notes

- 1/ Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-third Session, Supplement No. 5 (A/43/5), vol. I.
 - 2/ Ibid., vol. II.
 - 3/ Ibid., vol. III.
 - 4/ Ibid., Supplement 5A (A/43/5/Add. 1).
 - 5/ Ibid., Supplement 5B (A/43/5/Add.2).
 - 6/ Ibid., Supplement SC (A/43/5/Add.3).
 - 7/ Ibid., Supplement 5D (A/43/5/Add.4).
 - B/ Ibid., Supplement 5E (A/43/5/Add. 5).
 - 9/ Ibid., Supplement 5F (A/43/5/Add.6).
 - 10/ Ibid., Supplement 5G (A/43/5/Add.7).
 - 11/ Ibid., Supplement 5H (A/43/5/Add.8).
 - 12/ Ibid., Supplement 9 (A/43/9).
- 13/ Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-second Session, Supplement No. 5B (A/42/5/Add.2), vol. II.
 - 14/ Ibid., Supplement No. 7 (A/42/7).
 - 15/ Ibid., Forty-third Session, Supplement No. 5 (A/43/S), vol. II, sect. III.
 - 16/ Ibid., Supplement No. 5G (A/43/5/Add.7), sect I I I.
 - 17/ Ibid., Supplement No. 5C (A/43/5/Add.3), sect. I I I.
- 18/ This report of the High Commissioner to the Advisory Committee ham also boon submitted to the thirty-ninth (1988) session of the Executive Committee of the High Commissioner's Programme, am document A/AC.96/692/Add.1.

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